

These are remarkable men—two of them still with us, and one, Mr. Barkley, who will always live in our memory.

I wish Mr. SAM not only a happy birthday this year, but also many more of those, happy birthdays in good health and good spirits, and with all the blessings of a good life. I am sure he will be granted those blessings by a wise and kindly Providence.

I also wish to join the majority leader in commending the Vice President on his remarkable message on the occasion of the counting of the electoral votes. As was indicated in the Vice President's message, this was a historic occasion. I believe the Vice President's message will go down as one of the truly historic messages. It was one filled with humility. It was a gracious and a very thoughtful pronouncement.

In these few moments the American people, particularly our young people, received a lesson in democracy and in responsible representative government from one of the practitioners of representative government, in a very forceful and yet a very considerate and timely manner. It goes without saying that on many occasions I have sharply disagreed with some of the utterances of the Vice President. I only say that because it is a matter of record. But I surely admire and respect him for the manner in which he has conducted himself during the recent months, during the campaign, and more directly and more precisely in this ceremony of today when the electoral vote was counted. He proved himself to be a fine American and, indeed, a great public servant.

DEATH OF REPRESENTATIVE EDITH NOURSE ROGERS

Mr. SALTONSTALL. Mr. President, I ask that the Chair lay before the Senate a resolution coming over from the House regarding the death of the Honorable Edith Nourse Rogers, a Representative from the State of Massachusetts.

The Chair laid before the Senate a resolution (H. Res. 18), which was read, as follows:

Resolved, That the House has heard with profound sorrow of the death of the Honorable Edith Nourse Rogers, a Representative from the State of Massachusetts.

Resolved, That the Clerk communicate these resolutions to the Senate and transmit a copy thereof to the family of the deceased.

Resolved, That as a further mark of respect the House do now adjourn.

Mr. SALTONSTALL. Mr. President, I submit a resolution, and ask for its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The resolution will be read.

The resolution (S. Res. 23) was read, considered by unanimous consent, and unanimously agreed to, as follows:

Resolved, That the Senate has heard with profound sorrow the announcement of the death of the Honorable Edith Nourse Rogers, late a Representative from the State of Massachusetts.

Resolved, That the Secretary communicate these resolutions to the House of Representatives and transmit a copy thereof to the family of the deceased.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. SALTONSTALL. Mr. President, as a further mark of respect to the memory of the late Representative from Massachusetts, I move that the Senate, under the order previously entered, adjourn.

The motion was unanimously agreed to; and (at 3 o'clock and 51 minutes p.m.) the Senate adjourned, under the order previously entered, until Monday, January 9, 1961, at 12 o'clock meridian.

NOMINATIONS

Messages received from the Government of the District of Columbia January 6, 1961:

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA REDEVELOPMENT LAND AGENCY

Pursuant to the provisions of section 4(a) of Public Law 592, 79th Congress, approved August 2, 1946, Neville Miller as a member of the District of Columbia Redevelopment Land Agency, to fill the unexpired term of James E. Colliflower, resigned, whose term expires March 3, 1961.

Pursuant to the provisions of section 4(a) of Public Law 592, 79th Congress, approved August 2, 1946, Neville Miller as a member of the District of Columbia Redevelopment Land Agency, to succeed himself for a term of 5 years, effective on and after March 4, 1961.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FRIDAY, JANUARY 6, 1961

The House met at 12 o'clock noon.

The Chaplain, Rev. Bernard Braskamp, D.D., offered the following prayer:

The tribute to Job, the patriarch, by one of his friends (Job 4: 3-4): *Behold, you have instructed many and your words have kept men on their feet.*

O Thou who art the supreme source of all good gifts, we rejoice that in these strange days, when confused cries are echoing throughout the world, we have among us men and women whom Thou hast blessed with a vision of the durable and eternal values and who never fear the loneliness of following and pursuing that which is noblest and best.

On this his birthday we thank Thee for the life and character of our beloved Speaker who holds such a regal place in our affections, not only because of his conspicuous achievements in the realm of politics and the affairs of state but, that, in the high and holy privilege of daily walking and working with him, we have found ourselves strengthened and encouraged by his words of counsel and the companionship of his kind and gracious heart.

We pray that Thou wilt continue to endow him richly with the gifts of leadership, the leadership of aspiration and adventure, of wisdom and understanding, of faith and fortitude, and may his own heart be filled with gladness and receive the benediction of Thy grace as he gives himself wholeheartedly and patriotically to the arduous task of finding ways and means for the building of a better world.

Hear us in the name of the Prince of Peace. Amen.

THE JOURNAL

The Journal of the proceedings of Wednesday, January 4, 1961, was read and approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Mr. Carrell, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate had passed, without amendment, a concurrent resolution of the House of the following title:

H. Con. Res. 1. Concurrent resolution that effective January 3, 1961, the joint committee created by Senate Concurrent Resolution 92, 86th Congress, continue and have same powers as conferred by said resolution.

ANNOUNCEMENT

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to announce that, pursuant to the authority conferred upon him by House Resolution 11 and House Resolution 12, 87th Congress, he did, on Wednesday, January 4, 1961, administer the oath of office to the Honorable JAMES B. UTT and the Honorable GEORGE M. GRANT at Bethesda, Md.

GEORGE M. GRANT

Mr. ELLIOTT. Mr. Speaker, I offer a privileged resolution and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read as follows:

H. RES. 82

Whereas GEORGE M. GRANT, a Representative from the State of Alabama, has been unable from sickness to appear in person to be sworn as a Member of this House, but has sworn to and subscribed to the oath of office before the Speaker, authorized by resolution of this House to administer the oath, and the said oath of office has been presented in his behalf to the House, and there being no contest or question as to his election: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That said oath be accepted and received by the House as the oath of office of the said GEORGE M. GRANT as a Member of this House.

The resolution was agreed to.

HON. JAMES B. UTT

Mr. ELLIOTT. Mr. Speaker, I offer a privileged resolution and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read as follows:

H. RES. 83

Whereas JAMES B. UTT, a Representative from the State of California, has been unable from sickness to appear in person to be sworn as a Member of this House, but has sworn to and subscribed to the oath of office before the Speaker, authorized by resolution of this House to administer the oath, and the said oath of office has been presented in his behalf to the House, and there being no contest or question as to his election: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That said oath be accepted and received by the House as the oath of office of the said JAMES B. UTT as a Member of this House.

The resolution was agreed to.

SWEARING IN OF MEMBER

The SPEAKER. Will any Member who has not been sworn come to the well of the House and take the oath of office.

Mr. ADAIR appeared at the bar of the House and took the oath of office.

STATE OF HAWAII

The SPEAKER laid before the House the following communication, which was read and, with accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on House Administration:

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION,
Washington, D. C., January 6, 1961.

HON. SAM RAYBURN,
Speaker of the House of Representatives,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: Transmitted herewith is a copy of the certificate of ascertainment received today from the State of Hawaii, in conformity with the final clause of section 6, title 3, United States Code.

Sincerely yours,

FRANKLIN FLOETE,
Administrator.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the certificate.

The Clerk read as follows:

STATE OF HAWAII.

TO THE ADMINISTRATOR OF GENERAL SERVICES,
PURSUANT TO THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

I, William F. Quinn, Governor of the State of Hawaii, do hereby certify that the returns of votes cast for electors of President and Vice President of the United States of America, for the State of Hawaii, at an election held therein for that purpose, on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, in the year of our Lord 1960, agreeably to the provisions of the laws of the said State, and in conformity with the Constitution and laws of the United States, for the purpose of giving in their votes for President and Vice President of the United States, for the respective terms prescribed by the Constitution of the United States, to begin on the 20th day of January in the year of our Lord 1961, were, ascertained by judgment of the circuit court of the first judicial circuit, State of Hawaii, in proceedings entitled *Herman T. F. Lum et al., v. Gavien A. Bush et al.* (Civil No. 7029), entered on the 30th day of December A.D. 1960, and that the list of persons voted for and the number of votes cast for each, pursuant to said judgment, respectively, is as follows:

Republican Party: Gavien A. Bush, 92,295; J. Howard Worrall, 92,295; O. P. Soares, 92,295.

Democratic Party: William H. Heen, 92,410; Delbert E. Metzger, 92,410; Jeannie Wilson, 92,410.

And I further certify that: William H. Heen, Delbert E. Metzger, and Jennie Wilson were appointed electors of President and Vice President of the United States of America, for the State of Hawaii, at said election.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, this 4th day of January, in the year of our Lord 1961.

WILLIAM F. QUINN,
Governor of Hawaii.

BIRTHDAY ANNIVERSARY OF THE HONORABLE SAM RAYBURN

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I desire recognition at this time.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Massachusetts is recognized.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, the people of America, and particularly our colleagues in the House and Senate, know as we sit here today that one of the great figures of American history is

our distinguished and beloved Speaker, the gentleman from Texas [Mr. RAYBURN].

We will not be here two or three generations from now, but we do not have to wait for the historians of tomorrow to write about the life of this great man and his outstanding contribution to the preservation and the progress of our country.

As we sit here today we know that SAM RAYBURN when he was born was to be a man of destiny, we know that SAM RAYBURN today is one of the great figures of American history. Strong and determined in his views, tolerant in his associations with his fellow men, possessed of a mind of understanding that is not only a symbol but an inspiration to all persons to follow, SAM RAYBURN has dedicated his life to the public service of the people of the State of Texas and to the people of the United States of America.

To adequately discuss this outstanding American and fine gentleman would take a long period of time. While he may be a citizen of Texas, so far as the State of Texas is concerned, in the minds of all Americans he is a citizen of every State of the Union. That impression exists in the minds of our people as the result of the man himself: His dedicated mind to God, to country, and to mankind. As the result of the election to Congress by the people of my district, one of the great pleasures of my life has been to meet and to know SAM RAYBURN. Throughout the years as a young legislator in this body and as the years have gone by, he has always been a constant inspiration to me as well as to other people. On various occasions I have referred to him as the man with a "heart of gold." You and I have the honor today of sitting in the presence of a man who very shortly will have presided over this body twice as long as any other Speaker in the history of our country and who has served longer in this body than any other man in the entire history of the National House of Representatives. We also have the honor of sitting in the presence of an humble man; yes, and all the greater because of his humility, who is a man of destiny and a man of history. We know today that SAM RAYBURN's place in American history will be outstanding.

So, without any further remarks on my part, I know I speak the sentiments of all of my colleagues, both in the House and in the Senate, and beyond that the people of the 50 States of the Union, in extending to him our very hearty and sincere congratulations on his birthday anniversary and that God, in His infinite wisdom, will continue for countless of years to come to bestow upon SAM RAYBURN the man, SAM RAYBURN the legislator, SAM RAYBURN the Speaker, an abundance of His choicest blessings.

Happy birthday, SAM RAYBURN, on this occasion.

BIRTHDAY ANNIVERSARY OF THE HONORABLE SAM RAYBURN

Mr. ARENDS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 1 minute.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Illinois?

There was no objection.

Mr. ARENDS. Mr. Speaker, I wish to express what I know to be the feelings of the membership on this side of the aisle, shared with the feelings of the entire membership of this House: Our best wishes, our hearty congratulations and good luck to the distinguished Speaker of the House of Representatives. The gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. McCORMACK] well said most everything in the hearts and minds of all of us. I want our Speaker to know how heartily we agree and to congratulate him and to wish him well in all the days ahead.

Mr. PATMAN. Mr. Speaker, it is a great pleasure to pay tribute to the fairest bluebonnet of Texas, or the fairest marigold of the United States, as the case may be.

Much is being said these days, in the newspapers and elsewhere, about the tender age of those who are about to lead the executive branch of the Government and the rather ancient age of those we have just chosen to guide the ship of state in Congress.

Cicero, whom history has proved a wise scholar on matters of state, had this to say:

Intelligence, and reflection, and judgment reside in old men, and if there had been none of them, no states could exist at all.

But in the same passages Cicero qualified what he meant by old men in whom intelligence, reflection, and judgment reside. He said this:

For as I like a young man in whom there is something of the old, so I like an old man in whom there is something of the young; and he who follows this maxim, in body will possibly be an old man, but he will never be an old man in mind.

The truth is, then, that there is really no conflict or disparity in ages, such as the commentators suggest, in the judgment, reflection, and intelligence of our leaders. Certainly if there was ever a man who remains young in mind it is our beloved Speaker, SAM RAYBURN. He will never be an old man in mind.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. The House will stand in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

Accordingly (at 12 o'clock and 15 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired at 12 o'clock and 55 minutes p.m. the House was called to order by the Speaker.

COUNTING THE ELECTORAL VOTES; JOINT SESSION OF THE HOUSE AND SENATE HELD PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 1

At 12 o'clock and 55 minutes p.m., the Doorkeeper, Mr. William M. Miller, an-

nounced the Vice President and the Senate of the United States.

The Senate entered the Hall, headed by the Vice President and the Secretary of the Senate, the Members and officers of the House rising to receive them.

The Vice President took his seat as the presiding officer of the joint convention of the two Houses, the Speaker of the House occupying the chair on his left.

The joint session was called to order by the Vice President.

THE VICE PRESIDENT. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the Congress, the Senate and the House of Representatives, pursuant to the requirements of the Constitution and laws of the United States, have met in joint session for the purpose of opening the certificates and ascertaining and counting the votes of the electors of the several States for President and Vice President.

The Vice President of the United States would like to make an expression on behalf of the Members of the Senate who are here meeting with the House of Representatives, extending our congratulations to the Speaker on his 79th birthday, which he celebrates today.

Under well-established precedent, unless a motion shall be made in any case, the reading of the formal portions of the certificates will be dispensed with. After ascertainment has been made that the certificates are authentic and correct in form, the tellers will count and make a list of the votes cast by the electors of the several States.

The tellers on the part of the two Houses will take their place at the Clerk's desk.

The tellers, Mr. HAYDEN and Mr. CURTIS, on the part of the Senate, and Mrs. BOLTON and Mrs. KELLY on the part of the House, took their places at the desk.

THE VICE PRESIDENT. The Chair hands to the tellers the certificates of the electors for President and Vice President of the State of Alabama, and they will count and make a list of the votes cast by that State.

Senator HAYDEN (one of the tellers). Mr. President, the certificate of the electoral vote of the State of Alabama seems to be regular in form and authentic and it appears therefrom that John F. Kennedy received five votes for President, and HARRY F. BYRD of the State of Virginia received six votes for President; that LYNDON B. JOHNSON of the State of Texas received five votes for Vice President, and STROM THURMOND of the State of South Carolina received six votes for Vice President.

THE VICE PRESIDENT. If there be no objection, the Chair will omit in further procedure the formal statement just made and will open in alphabetical order and pass to the tellers the certificates showing the votes of the electors of each State. The tellers will read, count, and announce the result in each State as was done in the State of Alabama.

Is there objection?

There was no objection.

The tellers then proceeded to read, count, and announce, as was done in the case of Alabama, the electoral votes of the several States in alphabetical order.

When the State of Hawaii was reached, the Vice President made the following statement.

THE VICE PRESIDENT. The Chair desires to make a statement. The Chair has received three certificates from persons claiming to be the duly appointed electors from the State of Hawaii. The Chair will hand these certificates one at a time to the tellers who will read the certificates and the attached papers in full. After the first certificate has been read the Chair will then hand the second certificate to the tellers, and then the third.

The Chair hands to the tellers the first of the three certificates for the State of Hawaii.

The first certificate is as follows:

STATE OF HAWAII

We, the undersigned, electors of President and Vice President of the United States of America, for the respective terms beginning on the 20th day of January, in the year of our Lord 1961, being electors duly and legally appointed and qualified by and for the State of Hawaii, as appears by the annexed list of electors, made, certified, and delivered to us by the executive of the State, having met and convened at the capitol, in Honolulu, in said State, in pursuance of the Constitution and laws of the United States, and in the manner provided by the laws of the State of Hawaii, on the first Monday after the second Wednesday, being the 19th day of December, in the year of our Lord 1960.

Do hereby certify, that being so assembled and duly organized, we proceeded to vote by ballot, and balloted first for such President and then for such Vice President, by distinct ballots.

And we further certify, that the following are two distinct lists; one, of the votes for President, and the other, of the votes for Vice President, so cast as aforesaid:

LIST OF ALL PERSONS VOTED FOR AS PRESIDENT, WITH THE NUMBER OF VOTES FOR EACH

Name of person voted for: RICHARD M. NIXON, of California. Number of votes: Three.

LIST OF ALL PERSONS VOTED FOR AS VICE PRESIDENT, WITH THE NUMBER OF VOTES FOR EACH

Name of person voted for: Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts. Number of votes: Three.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands.

Done at the Capitol, in the city of Honolulu, and State of Hawaii, on the first Monday after the second Wednesday, being the 19th day of December, in the year of our Lord 1960.

O. P. SOARES,
GAVIEN A. BUSH,
J. HOWARD WORRALL,
Electors.

STATE OF HAWAII

To the ADMINISTRATOR OF GENERAL SERVICES, PURSUANT TO THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES

I, James K. Kealoha, Acting Governor of the State of Hawaii, do hereby certify that the returns of votes cast for electors of President and Vice President of the United States of America, for the State of Hawaii, at an election held therein for that purpose, on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, in the year of our Lord 1960 agreeably to the provisions of the laws of the said State, and in conformity with the Constitution and laws of the United States, for the purpose of giving in their votes for President and Vice President of the United States, for the respective terms prescribed by

the Constitution of the United States, to begin on the 20th day of January in the year of our Lord 1961, were, ascertained on the 16th day of November A.D. 1960, and that the list of persons voted for and the number of votes cast for each, respectively, is as follows:

Republican Party: Gavien A. Bush, 92,505; J. Howard Worrall, 92,505; O. P. Soares, 92,505.

Democratic Party: William H. Heen, 92,364; Delbert E. Metzger, 92,364; Jennie Wilson, 92,364.

And I further certify that Gavien A. Bush, J. Howard Worrall, and O. P. Soares were appointed electors of President and Vice President of the United States of America, for the State of Hawaii, at said election.

Given under my hand and seal of the State, this 28th day of November, in the year of our Lord, 1960.

JAMES K. KEALOHA,
Acting Governor.

The Chair then handed the second certificate to the tellers.

The certificate is as follows:

STATE OF HAWAII

We, the undersigned, electors of President and Vice President of the United States of America, for the respective terms beginning on the 20th day of January, in the year of our Lord 1961, being electors duly and legally appointed and qualified by and for the State of Hawaii, as appears by the annexed list of electors, made, certified, and delivered to us by the executive of the State, having met and convened at the capitol, in Honolulu, in said State, in pursuance of the Constitution and laws of the United States, and in the manner provided by the laws of the State of Hawaii, on the first Monday after the second Wednesday, being the 19th day of December, in the year of our Lord 1960.

Do hereby certify, That being so assembled and duly organized, we proceeded to vote by ballot, and balloted first for such President and then for such Vice President, by distinct ballots.

And we further certify, That the following are two distinct lists; one, of the votes for President, and the other, of the votes for Vice President, so cast as aforesaid:

List of all persons voted for as President, with the number of votes for each:

Name of person voted for: John F. Kennedy, of Massachusetts. Number of votes: Three.

List of all persons voted for as Vice President, with the number of votes for each:

Name of person voted for: LYNDON B. JOHNSON, of Texas. Number of votes: Three.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands.

Done at the capitol, in the city of Honolulu, and State of Hawaii, on the first Monday after the second Wednesday, being the 19th day of December, in the year of our Lord 1960.

JENNIE K. WILSON,
WILLIAM H. HEEN,
DELBERT E. METZGER,
Electors.

The Chair handed the third certificate to the tellers.

The certificate is as follows:

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION,
NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS SERVICE.
To All To Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greetings:

I certify that the annexed copy, or each of the specified number of annexed copies, of each document listed below is a true copy of a document in the official custody of the Archivist of the United States.

Certificate of ascertainment of electors of the State of Hawaii, dated January 4, 1961, received by the Administrator of General

Services in accordance with section 6, title 3, United States Code.

In testimony whereof, I, Wayne C. Grover, Archivist of the United States, have hereunto caused the seal of the National Archives to be affixed and my name subscribed by the Director of the Office of the Federal Register of the National Archives, in the District of Columbia, this 6th day of January, 1961.

WAYNE C. GROVER,
Archivist of the United States.
By DAVID C. EBERHART.

STATE OF HAWAII

TO THE ADMINISTRATOR OF GENERAL SERVICES
PURSUANT TO THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES:

I, William F. Quinn, Governor of the State of Hawaii, do hereby certify that the returns of votes cast for electors of President and Vice President of the United States of America, for the State of Hawaii, at an election held therein for that purpose, on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, in the year of our Lord 1960 agreeably to the provisions of the laws of the said State, and in conformity with the Constitution and laws of the United States, for the purpose of giving in their votes for President and Vice President of the United States, for the respective terms prescribed by the Constitution of the United States, to begin on the 20th day of January in the year of our Lord 1961, were, ascertained by judgment of the Circuit Court of the First Judicial District, State of Hawaii, in proceedings entitled *Herman T. F. Lum et al. v. Gavien A. Bush et al.* (Civil No. 7029), entered on the 30th day of December A.D. 1960, and that the list of persons voted for and the number of votes cast for each, pursuant to said judgment, respectively, is as follows:

Republican Party: Gavien A. Bush, 92,295; J. Howard Worrall, 95,295; O. P. Soares, 92,295.
Democratic Party: William H. Heen, 92,410; Delbert E. Metzger, 92,410; Jennie Wilson, 92,410.

And I further certify that William H. Heen, Delbert E. Metzger, and Jennie Wilson were appointed electors of President and Vice President of the United States of America, for the State of Hawaii, at said election.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, this 4th day of January, in the year of our Lord 1961.

WILLIAM F. QUINN,
Governor of Hawaii.

STATE OF HAWAII,
EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS,
Honolulu, January 4, 1961.

Mr. FRANKLIN FLOETE,
Administrator of General Services,
Washington, D.C.

DEAR SIR: I have enclosed herewith the certificate of election of the three Democrat electors of the State of Hawaii; namely, Mr. William H. Heen, Mr. Delbert E. Metzger, and Mrs. Jennie Wilson.

These electors were adjudged by the Circuit Court of the First Judicial District, State of Hawaii, to have received a majority of the votes cast in the general election on November 8, 1960, for presidential electors of the State of Hawaii and to be the duly elected presidential electors of the State. A certified copy of the judgment is enclosed.

Under the Hawaii elections contest statutes, an appeal may be taken to the supreme court of the State from the judgment of the circuit court. The appeal must be made within 10 days after the decision of the circuit court is entered, in this case by January 9, 1961.

The attorney general has advised me that he will not appeal the decision of the circuit court, and he has further advised me that the possibility of an appeal in this case by any defendant not represented by him is remote.

As required by the State election contest statutes, State certificates of election have

also been issued to the Democrat electors.

Very truly yours,

WILLIAM F. QUINN,
Governor of Hawaii.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, STATE OF HAWAII, CIVIL NO. 7029

Herman T. F. Lum, Ernest I. Murai, Dolores Martin, William R. Norwood, Hung Leong Ching, Edith DeMatta, James H. Kamo, H. Tucker Gratz, Jean Sharpless, T. S. Goo, Tadao Beppu, Robert C. Gilkey, Mitsuyuki Kido, Richard Kageyama, Duke Kawasaki, Revocato Medina, Walter M. Heen, Mildred Curley, Kaipo Kauhane, Denise Chu, Joshua Chu, Shizue Kashima, Joe Mottl, Bertram Kanbara, Harry G. Albright, Sam Tanna, Hiroshi Kato, and Thomas P. Gill, complainants, v. Gavien A. Bush, O. P. Soares and J. Howard Worrall, presidential electors; Mrs. James Beatty, Chris Holt, David Kahokele, Arthur Kau, Tetsuichi Kurata and Henry Yamashita, alternate presidential electors; and James K. Kealoha as Lieutenant Governor of the State of Hawaii, defendants.

JUDGMENT

Pursuant to the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law heretofore filed herein,

It is hereby ordered, adjudged and decreed that William Heen, Delbert Metzger, and Jennie Wilson, the nominees of the Democratic Party for presidential electors of the State of Hawaii, received a majority of the votes in the general election on November 8, 1960, in the State of Hawaii, for the election of presidential electors and alternate presidential electors of the State of Hawaii and in said general election were duly elected as the presidential electors of the State of Hawaii to elect a President of the United States of America to hold office for a term of 4 years from January 20, 1961; that John Silva and Sam David, the nominees of the Democratic Party for alternate presidential electors of the State of Hawaii for William Heen, received a majority of the votes in the general election on November 8, 1960, in the State of Hawaii for the election of presidential electors and alternate presidential electors of the State of Hawaii and in said general election were duly elected as the alternate presidential electors of the State of Hawaii for William Heen to elect a President of the United States of America to hold office for a term of 4 years from January 20, 1961; that Ernest Uu and Charles Thompson, the nominees of the Democratic Party for alternate presidential electors of the State of Hawaii for Delbert Metzger, received a majority of the votes in the general election on November 8, 1960, in the State of Hawaii for the election of presidential electors and alternate presidential electors of the State of Hawaii and in said general election were duly elected as alternate presidential electors of the State of Hawaii for Delbert Metzger to elect a President of the United States of America to hold office for a term of 4 years from January 20, 1961; that John Fernandes and George Watase, the nominees of the Democratic Party for alternate presidential electors for Jennie Wilson, received a majority of the votes in the general election on November 8, 1960, in the State of Hawaii for the election of presidential electors and alternate presidential electors of the State of Hawaii and in said general election were duly elected as alternate presidential electors of the State of Hawaii for Jennie Wilson to elect a President of the United States of America to hold office for a term of 4 years from January 20, 1961; and that in the general election on November 8, 1960, in the State of Hawaii for the election of presidential electors and alternate presidential electors of the State of Hawaii, no other person received a majority of the votes for any such office or was elected to any such office.

It is hereby further ordered, adjudged and decreed that in said general election on No-

vember 8, 1960, in the State of Hawaii, the total number of valid votes for the nominees of the Democratic Party for presidential electors and alternate presidential electors was 92,410 valid votes and the total number of valid votes for the nominees of the Republican Party for the presidential electors and alternate presidential electors was 92,295; and that in said general election no other person received a valid vote for presidential elector or alternate presidential elector.

Dated: Honolulu, Hawaii, this 30th day of December 1960.

RONALD B. JAMIESON,
Judge of the Above Entitled Court.

The VICE PRESIDENT (after consideration of the aforementioned documents by the tellers). The Chair has knowledge, and is convinced that he is supported by the facts, that the certificate from the Honorable William F. Quinn, Governor of the State of Hawaii, dated January 4, 1961, received by the Administrator of General Services on January 6, 1961, and transmitted to the Senate and the House of Representatives on January 6, 1961, being Executive Communication Number 215 of the House of Representatives, properly and legally portrays the facts with respect to the electors chosen by the people of Hawaii at the election for President and Vice President held on November 8, 1960. As read from the certificates, William H. Heen, Delbert E. Metzger, and Jennie Wilson were appointed as electors of President and Vice President on November 8, 1960, and did on the first Monday after the second Wednesday of December, 1960, cast their votes for John F. Kennedy of Massachusetts for President and LYNDON B. JOHNSON of Texas for Vice President.

In order not to delay the further count of the electoral vote here, the Chair, without the intent of establishing a precedent, suggests that the electors named in the certificate of the Governor of Hawaii dated January 4, 1961, be considered as the lawful electors from the State of Hawaii.

If there be no objection in this joint convention, the Chair will instruct the tellers—and he now does—to count the votes of those electors named in the certificate of the Governor of Hawaii dated January 4, 1961—those votes having been cast for John F. Kennedy, of Massachusetts, for President and LYNDON B. JOHNSON, of Texas, for Vice President.

Without objection the tellers will accordingly count the votes of those electors named in the certificate of the Governor of Hawaii dated January 4, 1961.

There was no objection.

The tellers then proceeded to read, count and announce the electoral votes of the remaining States in alphabetical order.

The VICE PRESIDENT. Gentlemen of the Congress, the certificates of all of the States have now been opened and read, and the tellers will make final ascertainment of the result and deliver the same to the Vice President.

The tellers delivered to the Vice President the following statement of the results:

The undersigned, CARL HAYDEN and CARL T. CURTIS, tellers on the part of the Senate, EDNA F. KELLY and FRANCES P. BOLTON,

tellers on the part of the House of Representatives, report the following as the result of the ascertainment and counting of the

electoral vote for President and Vice President of the United States for the term beginning on the 20th day of January 1961.

States	Electoral votes of each State	For President			For Vice President			
		John F. Kennedy, of Massachusetts	Richard M. Nixon, of California	Harry F. Byrd, of Virginia	Lyndon B. Johnson, of Texas	Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts	Strom Thurmond, of South Carolina	Barry Goldwater, of Arizona
Alabama	11	5		6	5		6	
Alaska	3		3			3		
Arizona	4		4			4		
Arkansas	8	8			8			
California	32		32			32		
Colorado	6		6			6		
Connecticut	8	8			8			
Delaware	3	3			3			
Florida	10		10			10		
Georgia	12	12			12			
Hawaii	3	3			3			
Idaho	4		4			4		
Illinois	27	27			27			
Indiana	13		13			13		
Iowa	10		10			10		
Kansas	8		8			8		
Kentucky	10		10			10		
Louisiana	10	10			10			
Maine	5		5			5		
Maryland	9	9			9			
Massachusetts	16	16			16			
Michigan	20	20			20			
Minnesota	11	11			11			
Mississippi	8			8			8	
Missouri	13	13			13			
Montana	4		4			4		
Nebraska	6		6			6		
Nevada	3	3			3			
New Hampshire	4		4			4		
New Jersey	16	16			16			
New Mexico	4	4			4			
New York	45	45			45			
North Carolina	14		14			14		
North Dakota	4		4			4		
Ohio	25		25			25		
Oklahoma	8		7	1		7		1
Oregon	6		6			6		
Pennsylvania	32	32			32			
Rhode Island	4	4			4			
South Carolina	8	8			8			
South Dakota	4		4			4		
Tennessee	11		11			11		
Texas	24	24			24			
Utah	4		4			4		
Vermont	3		3			3		
Virginia	12		12			12		
Washington	9		9			9		
West Virginia	8	8			8			
Wisconsin	12		12			12		
Wyoming	3		3			3		
Total	537	303	219	15	303	219	14	1

CARL HAYDEN,
CARL T. CURTIS,
Tellers on the Part of the Senate.
EDNA F. KELLY,
FRANCES P. BOLTON,
Tellers on the Part of the House of Representatives.

The state of the vote for President of the United States, as delivered to the President of the Senate, is as follows:

The whole number of electors appointed to vote for President of the United States is 537, of which a majority is 269.

John F. Kennedy, of the State of Massachusetts, has received for President of the United States 303 votes; Richard M. Nixon, of the State of California, has received 219 votes; Harry F. Byrd, of the State of Virginia, has received 15 votes.

The state of the vote for Vice President of the United States, delivered to the President of the Senate, is as follows:

The whole number of the electors appointed to vote for Vice President of the United States is 537, of which a majority is 269.

Lyndon B. Johnson, of the State of Texas, has received for Vice President of the United States 303 votes; Henry Cabot Lodge, of the State of Massachusetts, has received 219 votes; Strom Thurmond, of the State of South Carolina, has received 14 votes; Barry Goldwater, of the State of Arizona, has received 1 vote.

This announcement of the state of the vote by the President of the Senate shall be deemed a sufficient declaration of the persons elected President and Vice President of the United States, each for the term beginning on the 20th day of January 1961, and shall be entered, together with a list of the votes, on the Journals of the Senate and House of Representatives.

The VICE PRESIDENT. Mr. Speaker, since this is an unprecedented situation, I would like to ask permission to impose upon the time of the Members of this Congress to make a statement which in itself is somewhat unprecedented.

I promise to be brief. I shall be guided by the 1-minute rule of the House rather than the unlimited time rule that prevails in the Senate.

This is the first time in 100 years that a candidate for the Presidency announced the result of an election in which he was defeated and announced the victory of his opponent. I do not think we could have a more striking and eloquent example of the stability of our constitutional system and of the proud tradition of the American people of developing, respecting, and honoring institutions of self-government.

In our campaigns, no matter how hard fought they may be, no matter how close the election may turn out to be, those who lose accept the verdict, and support those who win. And I would like to add that, having served now in Government for 14 years, a period which began in the House just 14 years ago, almost to the day, which continued with 2 years in the Senate and 8 years as Vice President, as I complete that 14-year period it is indeed a very great honor to me to extend to my colleagues in the House and Senate on both sides of the aisle who have been elected; to extend to John F. Kennedy and LYNDON JOHNSON, who have been elected President and Vice President of the United States, my heartfelt best wishes, as all of you work in a cause that is bigger than any man's ambition, greater than any party. It is the cause of freedom, of justice, and peace for all mankind.

It is in that spirit that I now declare that John F. Kennedy has been elected President of the United States, and LYNDON B. JOHNSON Vice President of the United States.

Members of the Congress, the purpose for which the joint session of the two Houses of Congress has been called pursuant to Senate Concurrent Resolution 1, having been accomplished, the Chair declares the joint session dissolved.

(Thereupon, at 1 o'clock and 48 minutes post meridian, the joint session of the two Houses of Congress was dissolved.)

The SPEAKER. Pursuant to Senate Concurrent Resolution 1, the Chair directs that the electoral vote be spread at large upon the Journal.

THE SPEAKER'S BIRTHDAY

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members who may desire to do so may extend their remarks at this point in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD for 5 days in relation to the birthday of our beloved Speaker, the gentleman from Texas [Mr. RAYBURN], and that in connection with my request the gentleman from Texas [Mr. PATMAN] may have permission to extend his remarks in the body of the RECORD immediately following those of the gentleman from Illinois [Mr. ARENDS].

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

Mr. ALBERT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to join the distinguished majority leader in wishing you a happy birthday with many happy returns. Your distinguished service in this House surpasses that of all others and places your name in history beside the greatest of those ever to have served this country.

Your many kindnesses to me have given you a perpetual place in my heart, set apart from all other men whom I have had the honor to know. I am proud that my congressional district borders yours. I am proud that the people in every section of my State look upon you affectionately as Oklahoma's great Congressman at Large. The people of Oklahoma really feel this way about you.

They adore you and appreciate, beyond the power of words to express, the helping hand you have given us on so many occasions.

We wish you many long years of health and happiness and many long years of distinguished and irreplaceable service in this House.

Mr. ULLMAN. Mr. Speaker, it is a genuine pleasure to join the majority leader in extending to our beloved Speaker best wishes for a happy birthday and many more to come. The Members of this body have no finer or truer friend than SAM RAYBURN. His qualities of greatness are worn easily. He has never lost the common touch. His love for people is second only to his love for his country. His door is always open for his fellow Members of this great body. Although he is the busiest man here, he is the most accessible. His advice, counsel, and judgment have been an invaluable staff to me since the day I arrived here. America is fortunate to have this man of the people, this great Democrat, as one of its foremost leaders. His impression on history extends beyond the borders of his congressional district in Texas and beyond the borders of his beloved country. All the world is better for having SAM RAYBURN. His footprints extend from this position of great responsibility to every corner of the world. I extend my sincerest congratulations and best wishes to Speaker RAYBURN on this, his 79th birthday.

Mr. THORNBERRY. Mr. Speaker, I want to join the majority leader and my colleagues in wishing the distinguished Speaker a happy birthday.

It is a great privilege for all of us to have had the opportunity to be associated with him in the House of Representatives. One of the most satisfying experiences I have ever had is my association with him and the generous friendship he has afforded me.

Throughout this Nation and the world I know there are men and women who rejoice in his splendid service to humanity everywhere.

Mr. EVINS. Mr. Speaker, I should like to join with our distinguished majority leader, the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. McCORMACK] and others in extending birthday congratulations to Speaker RAYBURN on the occasion of his 79th birthday anniversary.

Speaker RAYBURN, as we all know, is recognized as a great Texan and a great American, but I would like to remind my colleagues that he is also a great Tennessean. Tennessee claims him as a native son and shares with Texas great pride in his noble achievements and distinguished record of service to our beloved country.

During the adjournment of Congress Mr. SAM returned to Tennessee and to his birthplace in Roane County, Tenn., which is adjacent to the district I have the honor to represent in the Congress. During this latest visit to his native State, I had the pleasure and privilege of being among the party that received Mr. SAM and welcomed him back to Tennessee. That was a great day for our State and today is also a great occasion as Tennesseans, Texans and all Ameri-

cans congratulate Speaker RAYBURN on another milestone in his distinguished career.

The illustrious career and record of Speaker RAYBURN is unsurpassed and unequalled in the history of our Nation. The influence and leadership of Speaker RAYBURN is felt around the world and as we move into the sixties I am most happy to join with others in wishing for our friend, Speaker RAYBURN, many years of good health, good luck, success, and happiness.

Mr. MARSHALL. Mr. Speaker, I am sure that this House has never been more unanimous than it is in extending good wishes to the Speaker on his birthday.

No man has occupied the Speaker's chair longer than its present occupant and few have enjoyed the great measure of respect and affection that is his. He has shared his pride in the House of Representatives and his love for the Congress with all of us and has made us proud to serve with him.

He has freely given of his 50 years of experience and all of us have benefited by it. He is a good friend and a just leader who gives dignity and honor to the House.

Despite the heavy duties of the speakership, he remains a ready friend and a valued counselor. In the finest sense, he is a true leader of men.

Speaker RAYBURN has won the respect and earned the admiration of thousands of men and women who have served with him. There is no better testimony to his integrity and his talents. No man has given more generously of his efforts through a half century of dedicated service to his fellow citizens.

Our words do not add to his stature but we hope he will accept them in the spirit of affection in which they are offered—our best wishes for good health and happiness to a great American.

Mr. O'HARA of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, on the 79th natal anniversary of the distinguished and beloved presiding officer of this body, it is interesting to note that the transcending American who served as President of the United States longer than any President in the history of the Republic, Franklin Delano Roosevelt, and the mighty American who served as Speaker of the House, a position second only to the Presidency, longer than any Speaker in our history, both were born in January in the year 1882. The name of SAM RAYBURN, as that of Franklin Delano Roosevelt, is imperishably interwoven in the story of our country and of the world in great and crucial periods. To us who here serve with him in the House is the rare privilege of association with a statesman history will write one of the outstanding legislators of all times. With admiration and affection we salute Mr. SAM on his birthday.

Mr. LIBONATI. Mr. Speaker, the murmuring of joyful voices in the distance are measured in tones of happiness. We are glad to have with us in our work, with God's blessings, a great American.

Your fine sense of balanced sagacity in international and national questions serves as our guidance on political policy.

Many of us, in times of great stress and confused attitudes of mind, look to you for strong leadership.

Your level-headed thinking on important measures has pointed the way from indecision.

You are a great statesman, who lives by the rule of the common man—"make up your mind, using commonsense, and then do it."

As a patriotic leader, dedicated to the great American principle of devotion to the Nation's common good, you have always reflected such interest in the type of laws passed by the Congress for the protection, welfare, and prosperity of its people.

We, your Democratic colleagues from the great State of Illinois, greet you with heartfelt embrace on this, your 77th birthday. And pray to God in His omnipotent wisdom, to safeguard your health. May we, by our loyalty to your great leadership, add to your happiness and insure to the people of this Nation the protection which they have so richly received through your good offices.

We pray that your birthdays be many—so that the security of the liberty-loving nations be preserved. May God bless you, and may we have you with us again and again.

Mr. BOYKIN. Mr. Speaker, I refer to the talk that our great Majority Leader JOHN McCORMACK, of Boston, made about our beloved Speaker. Of course JOHN McCORMACK is known to be one of the great orators, not only of the Congress, but of this Nation or any other place, and while he did, Mr. Speaker, say some fabulous and wonderful things, there is no way in the English language, or any other language I know, to properly describe the love and respect that the men in this House, on both sides of the aisle, and they represent every human being in America, love and regard our own Speaker SAM RAYBURN. They know SAM RAYBURN, of Bonham, Tex., to be a real man, a great man, a good friend, and above all an outstanding, true statesman and an American.

Mr. Speaker, I have worked with you day in and day out, weekends, nights, Sundays, and in conventions all over this Nation for over a quarter of a century; and your whole life and your heart and JOHN McCORMACK said you had a heart of gold; I think you have a heart of gold and silver too, a brilliant brain and an understanding heart too.

Mr. Speaker, I do not know whether you know it or not but you do not know how the people down home, in that Mobile Bay country, love and respect you. They just want to take you away from Bonham, Tex., and bring you over there. The time you spent with us there in the last Democratic campaign for President-elect John F. Kennedy and Vice-President-elect LYNDON B. JOHNSON will always be remembered by the men, the women, the boys, and the girls. It was a great experience for these people and one night when you, the Governor of Alabama, the great senior Senator from Alabama, LISTER HILL, all of the Democratic leaders and I were speaking for our party and congratulating you, Mr. Speaker, on the great speech you made

that night over the radio and television hookup, we estimated several hundred thousands of people heard your speech and we had never heard a better one. The great BOB SIKES, of Crestview, Fla., and his wonderful wife, Inez, phoned when we finished and told us how much they enjoyed your wonderful talks and the talks that were made by all of the great men that were there to help us in our campaign. The same thing from down in the great State of Mississippi, there on the gulf coast, then up at York, Ala., on all over that part of the country; and, Mr. Speaker, I had several telephone calls from Butler, Choctaw County, Ala. I was born there and I understand that it is less than 100 miles from where you were born. You were born up there in that great country, the Horseshoe Bend country, and that was a battle where your people and my people fought with the Indians that really caused us to have that peace treaty with England. Had it not been for those great people there in the battles there, and then in Mobile at Fort Bowyer, which is Fort Morgan now, the battle at Pensacola, and the battle at New Orleans against the British, I believe, and many many people believe, we would still be a colony.

The great Tom Martin, chairman of the board of the Alabama Power Co., has spent thousands and thousands of hours of time; he sent people all the way to England to search for the records and found them; the English decided to make peace after we down in Alabama, in Tennessee, in Mississippi, and Florida, won those battles from the English. The record is clear, and your folks and my folks were there fighting side by side. Then the great Sam Houston was there, too. You and he, Sam Houston of the Alamo fame, come from the same part of the country that we all come from, and our own Sam Houston was badly wounded in the Battle of Horseshoe Bend, Ala. There is a book out on this, and I have sent it to you. I have also sent it to many other people. I sent it to you to put in your wonderful library; if you have not read it, I want you to read it. But anyway, today, when you were sitting there in the chair as Speaker of the House of the Congress of the United States, JOHN McCORMACK told his great audience, not only on the floor of the House, but the galleries were full from every State in the Union and many other lands, that you had been Speaker longer than any man on earth and almost twice as long as the great Henry Clay.

You did so much good on your trip to our beloved Alabama. You took a lot of time out of Texas to help Alabama, Tennessee, Georgia, Mississippi, and Florida. While we were disappointed in losing Montgomery and Birmingham, Ala., we carried Mobile and all of that part of Alabama by a beautiful majority for Jack Kennedy and LYNDON JOHNSON, who have now been certified as President and Vice President of these United States.

All of the people all over that part of our land will always remember and never forget the days and nights you spent there with us inspecting beautiful Brook-

ley Field that has made the greatest record that we have in this Nation for the Air Force, where you inspected our great State docks at Mobile and all of the many plants up and down the river where they are bringing in iron ore from Venezuela to make steel there in Alabama, where the great aluminum plant is running day and night; the largest paper mill in the world that has over 40 acres of plant and machinery under one roof; then the great Scott Paper Co.; then the Stone Container Co.; and then as we were cruising along showing you the great waterways of Alabama, you will recall, that we inspected the largest rayon plant in the world, the Courtaulds Co. of England; then a little further along, the Stauffer Chemical Co. of France; and then on up to Mount Vernon where the great Indian Chief Geronimo was in captivity for so long before we sent him to Oklahoma, but we still have one of his grandsons who is one of our game wardens at our hunting preserve on the Tombigbee River at McIntosh; then we showed you the spot where Aaron Burr was captured after he killed Alexander Hamilton. Last, but not least, the plant of the great Olin Mathieson Co. which produces trainloads and bargeloads of chlorine, caustic soda, and many other chemicals. This great plant, to give you an idea of the size, uses over \$2 million worth of electricity in 1 year. You saw the pipelines that lead to the Tombigbee River from their plant; you saw the loading of barges with chemicals that go all over this Nation everywhere that water runs. Then we went on up to the Geigy Chemical Co. These are the people, Mr. Speaker, who invented DDT and these people are now building seven new plants and, by the way, a great Texas company is building these plants for the Geigy Chemical Co. Brown & Root, of Texas, are the contractors.

Then we went on up the river to Jackson, Ala., where you saw the great sawmills, the Vanity Fair silk mills, their new golf course, and then last, but not least, the great Jackson lock and dam at Coffeerville, Ala., which will be completed this spring when we hope you will return and be there with us to rejoice and celebrate the dedication of this great dam which will throw the water 80 miles farther up the Tombigbee River. The Army Engineers, as you know, Mr. Speaker, are spending over \$500,000 a month completing this great project.

So your trip and your speeches over the radio and your appearance with our Senators Lister Hill and John Sparkman, our great Governor, John Patterson, Congressman George Grant, and all of us will be a memory that will linger with the people of the First Congressional District of Alabama for many long years to come. They just want you to return again and again.

Well, our prayer is, Mr. Speaker, that Speaker SAM RAYBURN, of Texas and Tennessee, will be with us for many, many years to come, and I wish you could have heard all of the fine things said about you on your 79th birthday yesterday. You looked so fine when Vice President Nixon was sitting by you there on the Speaker's rostrum, and I thought

Vice President Nixon gave you a great compliment. The moment your name was mentioned, every man sprang from his seat, not only Democrats but Republicans, to applaud you and the great work you have done and have been doing.

ADJOURNMENT UNTIL MONDAY, JANUARY 9, 1961

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns today it adjourn to meet on Monday next.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

NEW INTERNATIONAL NEGOTIATIONS FOR CUTS IN U.S. TARIFFS

Mr. HEMPHILL. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks at this point in the RECORD and include extraneous matter.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from South Carolina?

There was no objection.

Mr. HEMPHILL. Mr. Speaker, under leave to extend my remarks in the RECORD, I wish to insert the substance of an advertisement that the Trade Relations Council of the United States recently ran in both the Wall Street Journal and the Washington Post and Times Herald dealing with the subject of new international negotiations for more cuts in U.S. tariffs. The Trade Relations Council is a vigorous coalition of American industry and agriculture dedicated to the concepts of equal opportunity and fairplay in world trade. The membership of the Trade Relations Council is composed of hundreds of manufacturers, manufacturing trade associations and agricultural cooperatives. Through the trade associations and agricultural cooperatives, this organization represents tens of thousands of domestic business firms and agricultural producers.

The matter follows:

There's trouble ahead for many American industries. And that means trouble for the people who depend on these industries for jobs. It is trouble in the form of new international negotiations for more cuts in U.S. tariffs.

The U.S. Government has just published a list of American products which may be placed on the official bargaining list when we and 36 other countries, all members of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT), get together at Geneva, Switzerland, early next year for another round of bargaining over tariffs and other trade matters.

You know conditions and trends and prospects in your own industry better than any outsider does, and you know whether your industry can afford to give tariff concessions in today's struggle for markets. But here are a few points you may want to keep in mind if you agree that this is a good time to make haste slowly in tariff bargaining.

OUR TARIFFS ARE ALREADY AMONG THE LOWEST
IN THE WORLD

Only a few countries have lower customs duties than we do. Most of our biggest trading partners, just as highly industrialized as we are (thanks in large measure to the

generosity of the American taxpayer via foreign aid), maintain higher tariffs than we do—and lots of other trade restrictions as well.

In fact, one recent study identified 36 different ways—not counting tariffs—that countries can discourage foreign trade and block unwelcome imports. According to that study, no less than 62 countries require import licenses; 46 require export licenses; 28 restrict incoming capital and 36 restrict outgoing capital; 23 have multiple rates of exchange; and 21 engage in preferential trading systems.

WE GIVE A LOT—AND GET SHORTCHANGED IN RETURN

Often the United States has reduced its tariffs if other countries simply agree not to increase theirs. Sometimes other countries lower their tariffs on a so-called reciprocal basis—but continue using other types of restrictions against our goods. Here is how this inequality works:

In 1959 Great Britain shipped 210,494 passenger cars to this country, but took only 301 from us. West Germany sent us 205,799 cars, and took only 417 of ours. France shipped us 171,285 cars, and accepted 666 in return. We imported 46,629 cars from Italy, and sent 643 over there. Adding up, it turns out these countries sent us 634,207 cars—and took 2,027 U.S. cars.

WE ARE ALREADY SPENDING OVERSEAS \$3-\$4 BILLION A YEAR MORE THAN WE TAKE IN

In 1959 the United States spent \$3.7 billion more abroad than it earned. In 1958 the deficit amounted to \$3.4 billion. This has upset what the economists call our balance of payments, drained over \$3 billion out of our gold reserves in the last 2 years, and raised doubts around the free world about the soundness of the American dollar. Even our foreign friends agree we cannot continue running up losses like this indefinitely.

WE STILL DON'T KNOW HOW THE NEW TRADING BLOCS IN EUROPE WILL AFFECT US

The free nations of West Europe are split into two rival trading camps—the Common Market and the Free Trade Association. Both give favored treatment to their members. Both are still working out internal kinks, and will be for a long time. Both are composed largely of GATT member nations—but the tariff advantages they extend to each other discriminate against other GATT nations, including the United States.

The question is: How best can the United States deal with these rival blocs?

One thing is clear. We cannot bargain effectively with them until we know exactly how their tariff policies and procedures will affect us.

And obviously we cannot be expected to make a lot of tariff concessions at GATT's bargaining table, simply on promises that we will get concessions in return at some vague point in the future, after the new trade alliances have ironed out all their internal differences.

In short, the only sensible course open to us is to wait until the other parties decide how they are going to play the game. Then—and only then—will the United States be able to bargain realistically on a give-and-take basis.

Look what's happened to imports of some of the products on the tariff barter list. Are American companies and workers who make these products expendable?

Value of imports, 1959 over 1954—from U.S. Government statistics.

	Percent
Automobiles.....	up 1,537
Carbon tetrachloride.....	up 2,305
Cash registers and parts.....	up 318
Cotton yarn.....	up 42
Ethers and esters.....	up 505

	Percent
Eyeglasses and goggles.....	up 477
Files and raps.....	up 152
Fishing tackle.....	up 333
Floor and wall tiles.....	up 1,513
Fountain pens.....	up 672
Hi-fi equipment.....	up 1,085
Linoleum.....	up 1,964
Machine tools (metal cutting and forming).....	up 97
Needles.....	up 376
Paper box machines.....	up 250
Plate glass.....	up 270
Rayon staple.....	up 75
Rivets.....	up 120
Selected sporting equipment.....	up 8,498
Shotguns.....	up 118
Steel beams and girders.....	up 91
Surgical instruments.....	up 69
Synthetic iron oxide and pigments.....	up 90
Wire rods.....	up 120

PANAMA CANAL: PRIME TARGET FOR SUBVERSIVES

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks at this point in the RECORD and include extraneous matter.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, in the last session of the Congress much was said on the floor of the House and before committees about the status of the Panama Canal and the strip of U.S. sovereign domain known as the Canal Zone.

The leader in what has been a campaign of enlightenment on Isthmian Canal policy questions is my distinguished colleague from Pennsylvania [Mr. Flood]. His many years of steady, extensive travels, and keen awareness of the dangers in the evolving situation to the south, have enabled him not only to speak with authority but also to predict events with a remarkable degree of accuracy.

Notable among his predictions was his warning of the Congress on August 31, 1960, that after adjournment the President, on recommendation of the Secretary of State, would authorize the formal display of the Panama flag over the Canal Zone. As foretold, this occurred on September 17, 1960—the day known as Constitution Day.

Among recent published statements on the Panama Canal sovereignty question is the October 1960 leaflet of the Patrick Henry League, Box 383, Main Post Office, Yonkers, N.Y., which I quote as part of these remarks:

PANAMA CANAL ITS HISTORY

The Isthmus of Panama is a tongue of land between the Pacific Ocean and the Caribbean Sea. This narrow strip became important as long ago as 1453 when Constantinople fell to the Turks and Christian Europe found itself cut off from India. Columbus sailed west to find a route to the East. Balboa followed and explored the Isthmus of Panama in search of a mythical waterway. Hernando Cortes, Spanish conqueror of Mexico, proposed construction of the needed water route. He was the first of many to hope for this water link. During six centuries, men planned, fought, and died in the cause of constructing a canal.

In 1883, a French company started excavation under Count de Lesseps. The company eventually found it needed 10 times the estimated funds and the project folded in 1889. Ferdinand Marie de Lesseps was condemned to imprisonment, but the sentence was not carried out. Thus, the genius responsible for the Suez Canal failed in Panama. The dream of Columbus remained but the dream of many at the birth of the 20th century.

The Spooner Act of 1902 authorized President Theodore Roosevelt to start a U.S. canal. Colombia owned Panama, however, and the Colombian Government would not do business. Panama revolted in 1903 and we recognized the provisional government immediately. The Hay-Bunau-Varilla Treaty of 1903 between the United States and Panama established the Canal Zone, comprised generally of a strip of land extending 5 miles on either side of the present canal. We paid the Republic of Panama \$10 million in 1903 and \$250,000 annually beginning in 1913. (We raised payments to \$430,000 per year in 1936 and to \$1,930,000 per year in 1955.) In 1921, the United States gave Colombia \$25 million and special shipping rights across the Isthmus because of damages she suffered in the Panamanian revolt.

Building of the Panama Canal was prosecuted vigorously from 1907 to completion in 1914. Because of malaria and yellow fever, the United States drained and oiled the marshes of Panama and built sewerage and water supply systems for whole cities under the medical direction of Col. William C. Gorgas. Chief Engineers George W. Goethals and J. F. Stevens led military and Government workers. Vast expenditures in human lives and national assets brought about the opening of the Panama Canal on August 15, 1914.

From opening until today, the American flag has flown over the Panama Canal as testimony to the fact that the blood, sweat, and tears of our Nation called to life the dream of centuries. The Panama Canal is not international, is not the property of any other country. It is ours, just as much ours as the Capitol dome and the national anthem.

ITS INFILTRATION

The campaign to oust the United States from control of the Panama Canal was started by Communists and supported by leftwing university students and volatile nationalists in Panama.

Following the fall of Madrid to Franco at the end of the Spanish civil war in 1936, many of Spain's Loyalists (Communists) migrated to the Americas. One group cleared a crooked path to Panama and organized the political party called the Partido del Pueblo. Ever since, the population of Panama has been stirred up with demands for Panamanian sovereignty and American concessions of power. The idea is to lead the people to revolt by appealing to their national pride. Once the disturbance is great enough, the subject of Panama can be brought up in the U.N. Perhaps it can even be brought before the World Court. (No problem at all after repeal of the Connally reservation.) Mexico is on the World Court and her chief political party is pro-Castro; and, presumably, pronationalism anywhere in the Americas. Egypt is on the World Court and Nasser's position on sovereign rights in Suez would determine Egypt's vote in favor of independence for the Panama Canal. Russia and Poland are on the World Court. That adds up to four of the five votes necessary for a World Court quorum—majority against the United States in Panama. Unlikely? Yes, but so were the Red takeovers in parts of Africa, in China, in Cuba. We had better learn to protect ourselves against the improbable. Again, the

Red plan has been to stir up national feeling in Panama against the United States so as to create a crisis of worldwide interest. The Partido del Pueblo in Panama has demanded many things. Among them: a 50-50 division of gross toll receipts from the Canal; liquidation of our Panama Canal Company; prohibition of the use of the English language in the zone; flying of the flag of the Republic of Panama over the canal.

Now, what would you say if we told you that the United States is on the verge of giving in on at least one of these demands? Well, go ahead and say it, because the U.S. State Department has a strong body of advisers drawing up a recommendation that Panama be allowed to fly its flag over the Canal Zone. That sight should lead Panamanian nationalists to riot until we get out altogether. Representative DANIEL J. FLOOD, Pennsylvania Democrat, has promised to press for the impeachment of the Secretary of State if the flag of Panama should ever be displayed over the canal with our consent.

The Reds love to use meaningless words. The Chinese and Cuban Communists were "Agrarian Reformers" when they were coming to power. And the flag of Panama over our canal is being described as a proposed symbol of Panama's "Titular Sovereignty." Why not a hammer and sickle over Alaska since Russia once owned Alaska? Or a French flag over the Louisiana Territory? Or a British flag over the Original Colonies? Those favoring the flying of Panama's flag in the Canal Zone should be required to view the famous flag-raising picture from Iwo Jima. Old Glory is a symbol not to be taken lightly, not to be replaced on any flagstaff without consequence.

The Canal Zone was lawfully purchased and the canal itself was built by the United States. To date, the U.S. taxpayers have spent more than a billion and a half dollars on construction and maintenance and they have collected from canal tolls only \$966 million. Yet, we find America's rights at stake.

First, there will be the nationalization of the Panama Canal and the rise to power of an absolute, leftwing power in the Republic. Then, there will be the internationalizing of the canal when the Republic proves incapable of running it. It will be the turning over of the canal by a group of Communist nationals to a group of Communist internationals.

ASSORTED FACTS

A U.S. Communist, John Reed, who went to Russia in 1917 and now lies buried in Red Square, once said that "internationalization of the Panama Canal" was one of the aims of the Bolshevik revolution.

If Castro gets the Dominican Republic, he will lead a drive against the Panama Canal. Trujillo of the Dominican Republic is an anti-Communist. The State Department experts seem much more concerned over getting rid of Trujillo than over squashing Castro. If Trujillo goes, who comes in his place? And, if the answer is: "Another Castro," what becomes of the canal?

This year, our State Department removed some of the security provisions from jobs in the Canal Zone, and Red agitation and espionage were thereby accommodated.

The canal is the sole means of shifting war vessels from one ocean to the other quickly. Also, it is an essential supply line. Without our complete control, it is of little use to us in time of emergency.

Last year, Under Secretary of State Livingston T. Merchant went to Panama to investigate anti-American riots. Panamanian authorities now insist he promised them that their flag would fly in the Canal Zone. Any statement to correct their impression, Mr. Merchant?

The Partido del Pueblo of Panama was one of the first Communist parties in the Caribbean. The Republic of Panama has two other parties, the National Liberal Party and the National Patriotic Coalition, both liberal; the Conservative Party is no longer in existence.

Panama imports over four times as much as she exports. This is because the canal brings a continuous stream of buyers into the country who buy imported goods from Panamanian middlemen. This is one example of the many ways in which the United States has been a benefactor of Panama. In return, we ask only that Panama keep her word, given in 1903, that the United States would always have rights to the Canal Zone "to the entire exclusion of the exercise by the Republic of Panama of any such sovereign rights, power, or authority."

There is an enormous streamer on the campus of Panama's National University right now which reads, "The canal is ours."

OUR PROGRAM

1. Make the history of the canal known to others by way of fighting Red propaganda which says that America has been unfair in her dealings. The truth is that we have been more than generous with Panama and we have brought prosperity and sanitation to the people of the Republic without interfering with their freedom, government, and way of life. No other major power in history has ever treated its smaller neighbors so justly.

2. Write to Hon. Christian A. Herter, Department of State, Washington, D.C., and ask him to declare that the United States shall not permit the Panama flag to fly in the Canal Zone.

3. Write to your Senators and Representatives requesting a joint congressional resolution reaffirming our historic policy of exclusive sovereign control over the Canal Zone.

4. Sound out candidates for Congress and the Presidency on their position. If you get a reply from either major presidential candidate favoring our sovereign rights, return the letter with an inquiry as to how this can be done without the Connally reservation. (See our August leaflet.)

5. Repeat the entire truth and alert others to the danger we are facing in Panama. With our knowledge and consent, Panama's nationalistic efforts are gradually undermining our rights and obligations. Things may move to a head swiftly. A year before Castro organized the revolt in Cuba, few Americans had ever heard of him. The complete usurpation of our rights in the Canal Zone could come about just as suddenly—and soon. Our best defense is an informed and active America.

INAUGURATION OF THE GOVERNOR OF NORTH CAROLINA

Mr. BONNER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks at this point in the RECORD and include extraneous matter.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from North Carolina?

There was no objection.

Mr. BONNER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to call to the attention of my colleagues a very important event in the history of my beloved State of North Carolina. Yesterday I witnessed this event—the inauguration of Terry Sanford as Governor.

I was impressed with the ceremony and parade for Governor and Mrs. Sanford and with the military honors rendered for the new Governor and his

wife. Former Gov. Luther Hodges and Mrs. Hodges were also honored by the military.

Most of all, however, I was impressed with the individual personalities and talents engaged in the ceremonies.

I would like to point out that Governor Hodges has had the longest tenure as Governor since North Carolina became a State in 1776. Governor Hodges has made us proud. We are proud of his success as a businessman, of his greatness as Governor, and of his integrity as a human being. It was no surprise to North Carolina that Governor Hodges was appointed as Secretary of Commerce for the Cabinet of President-elect John F. Kennedy.

Youthful, but mature, Terry Sanford is also capable of great leadership. He has the firm backing of the North Carolina citizenry and by the North Carolina congressional delegation that accompanied me yesterday. Our interest and presence at the inauguration is witness to our support and sincere best wishes for Governor Sanford's tenure in office.

I would also like to extend my best wishes to the new Lieutenant Governor, Harvey C. Philpott, who, as Governor Hodges, has been successful in business. With Governor Sanford's ability as an attorney and Lieutenant Governor Philpott's knowledge of the business world in North Carolina, our new gubernatorial team cannot be matched. The two Senators from North Carolina [SAM J. ERVIN, JR., and B. EVERETT JORDAN] had intended to be present at the inauguration, but at the last minute, were forced to change their plans because of senatorial obligations.

All of the Members of the House delegation in Congress were in attendance. They were: 1st District, HERBERT C. BONNER; 2d District, L. H. FOUNTAIN; 3d District, DAVID N. HENDERSON; 4th District, HAROLD D. COOLEY; 5th District, RALPH J. SCOTT; 6th District, HORACE R. KORNEGAY; 7th District, ALTON LENNON; 8th District, A. PAUL KITCHIN; 9th District, HUGH Q. ALEXANDER; 10th District, CHARLES RAPER JONAS; 11th District, BASIL L. WHITENER; and 12th District, ROY A. TAYLOR.

There follows the schedule of events on inauguration day:

CALENDAR OF EVENTS

THURSDAY, JANUARY 5, 1961

10:30 a.m.:

Military honors rendered for Governor and Mrs. Hodges at the executive mansion, 200 North Blount Street.

10:35-11:50 a.m.:

Military escort of Governor and Mrs. Hodges, Governor-elect and Mrs. Sanford, Lieutenant Governor and Mrs. Barnhardt, Lieutenant Governor-elect and Mrs. Philpott, and the inaugural party from the executive mansion to the Raleigh Memorial Auditorium. (Route: Blount Street to Edenton Street around Capitol Square and down Fayetteville Street.)

12:00 noon:

The inauguration, Raleigh Memorial Auditorium.

The inaugural proceedings called to order. Processional by University of North Carolina Concert Band, Herbert W. Fred, conductor. The Governor, the Lieutenant Governor, the Governor-elect, the Lieutenant Governor-elect, the supreme court, and members

of the Council of State are escorted to the stage.

The invocation by Dr. Charles Lynnwood Brown, pastor, White Memorial Presbyterian Church, Raleigh.

The national anthem by the entire assemblage led by Mrs. Willis Casey.

Administration of oaths of office to Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and members of the Council of State.

The inaugural address by Governor Sanford.

Festive finale "God of Our Fathers" (Warren-Maddy). The University of North Carolina combined choruses accompanied by the concert band. (Woman's College Choir, Richard Cox, director; Woman's College Chorus, William C. DeVeney, director; North Carolina State College Glee Club, J. Perry Watson, director; University of North Carolina Men's Glee Club, Joel Carter, director.)

The audience is invited to join in singing the final stanza.

The benediction by the Reverend Graham S. Eubank, district superintendent, the Methodist Church.

1:00 p.m.:

Military honors, including 19-gun salute, rendered for Governor and Mrs. Sanford in front of Raleigh Memorial Auditorium.

1:10 p.m.:

The inaugural parade passes in review on Fayetteville Street before Governor and Mrs. Sanford, Lieutenant Governor and Mrs. Philpott, the inaugural party, and distinguished guests.

2:30 p.m.:

Buffet luncheon at the executive mansion for Governor and Mrs. Sanford, Lieutenant Governor and Mrs. Philpott, the inaugural party, and distinguished guests.

8:00-10:00 p.m.:

Public reception at the executive mansion, 200 North Blount Street.

TAX ADJUSTMENT FOR SMALL BUSINESS

Mr. IKARD of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks at this point in the RECORD and include extraneous matter.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

There was no objection.

Mr. IKARD of Texas. Mr. Speaker, this new Congress meets today with many problems facing our Nation in both domestic and international areas. Some of the problems are of recent origin and will require intense study and analysis prior to the enactment of legislation or the formulation of policies for their solution. However, there are certain specific, long-recognized problems of vital importance to our domestic economy for which solutions have been devised after lengthy and critical studies and painstaking analysis—and which now require only action by the Congress to reap their beneficial effects.

Foremost on this list is H.R. 2, which I have introduced today, which provides for a tax adjustment based upon the reinvestment-of-earnings principle. The bill is designed to assist small and growing business to obtain much needed business capital by authorizing a deduction from taxable net income, an amount equal to the aggregate addition to capital represented by reinvestment in depreciable assets, inventory, and accounts receivable. The maximum deduction would be 20 percent of net income or \$30,000, whichever is the lesser.

Mr. Speaker, the provisions of H.R. 2 are not new. The Honorable THOMAS B. CURTIS, of Missouri, and I introduced identical bills in the 86th Congress containing these provisions and they were also contained in several companion bills which were before the last two Congresses. The proposal has the recommendation of the House Select Committee on Small Business, the Senate Select Committee on Small Business, as well as the active support and sponsorship of many Members of Congress. The Committee on Ways and Means, after extensive hearings, recognized the desirability of this legislation in meeting one of the greatest problems of small business. In its Report No. 2198, dated July 16, 1958, the committee stated:

Your committee is convinced that one of the greatest problems confronting small and medium sized business is the acquisition of sufficient capital to modernize and maintain a rate of expansion experienced by their larger competitors. In this regard your committee is aware of the fact that small and medium sized businesses must rely to a very large extent upon retained earnings for modernization and expansion. Thus, there is a need to allow such businesses to retain more earnings after taxes to provide the funds necessary for growth. To aid in achieving this end your committee has investigated thoroughly various proposals to postpone, or to reduce, taxes based upon reinvestment in inventory and depreciable property, and would have liked to have included a provision along these lines in this bill. However, it has been forced to the conclusion that the budgetary limitations under which all tax relief must now be considered are such that any tax reduction which now could be granted under a reinvestment formula is so small as not to represent any meaningful tax relief to small business.

Mr. Speaker, the endorsements of these committees were the results of lengthy hearings held throughout the country as well as in Washington. The action of these committees represents a considered judgment based upon the analysis of survival and growth problems affecting millions of small- and medium-size businesses. The proposals were backed by 60 national trade associations in 1958. An additional 31 national associations have since endorsed the legislation and the list is growing.

Action now is more vital than ever before. We are all well aware of the current depressing economic news which forebodes unemployment nearing or exceeding 6 million by the end of February. We know of the tremendous unused capacity of the Nation's steel plants, and the excess capacity of untold numbers of manufacturing establishments. We are cognizant of the inventory depletion of the distributive pipelines while consumer savings reach an all-time high. We are conscious of the demanding need of economic stimulants that will counteract the depressing effects of unemployment and unused productive capacity. Seldom is the opportunity presented to blend in one measure economic benefits providing immediate stimulants to our economy, as well as long overdue legislative recognition that the historical method of financing small business through reinvestment of retained earnings is absolutely vital to the growth and

expansion of small- and medium-size businesses employing the bulk of American wage earners.

We have long taken pride in our dynamic economy which has placed our country on the productivity pinnacle of the world, thus enabling Americans to enjoy the highest standard of living. Serious unemployment, idle productive capacity, and the discouragement of investment remove the dynamo from dynamism. They shackle the efforts of our enterprising small businessman in his struggle to survive, let alone contribute to an ever-growing, ever-expanding economy. The tax adjustment contained in H.R. 2 offers a sensible, simple, practical, and immediate solution to the pressing problem of millions of small businesses in their efforts to obtain and retain an economic role in our manufacturing, distributive, and service systems. It uses the time-tested, time-honored, and tradition-steeped method of capital acquisition—retained earnings—to finance plant modernization, other depreciable assets, and the purchase of inventories.

Opportunities for securing necessary equity capital by small business are based upon the demand for the available supply of capital and the prospects of after-tax earnings sufficient to pay dividends or repay borrowed money. Small businesses have found it almost impossible to secure the required funds from the capital markets, and the voluminous record of the 1957 hearings held by the Senate Select Committee on Small Business in 14 major metropolitan business areas on this very problem is replete with case history after case history of small- and medium-size business firms unable to secure funds on any basis, equity or debt, because their retained earnings prospects after taxes were disproportionately lower than larger firms seeking the same funds. Added to this chronic credit problem is the fact that in 4 of the last 5 years, the monetary authorities have followed active policies of credit restraint designed to make credit more expensive. These policies have had only one effect on small business: Credit which was difficult to obtain normally became increasingly more so, and equity investment, dependent upon prospects or growth through retained earnings, almost disappeared from the scene.

Mr. Speaker, capital and credit availability to enable small- and medium-size businesses to realize their growth potential, can be effectively realized through the early enactment of this tax adjustment measure, and at the same time provide a powerful stimulant to the specific areas of our economy most in need of bolstering. Less than 3 weeks ago, the staff report to the Select Committee on Small Business of the House on the Status of Small Business in Retail Trade, dated December 16, 1960, in cautioning against a complacent attitude toward the problems of small business, had this to say in its conclusions:

The fact that business failures from 1948 to 1959 involved firms with current assets of over \$1.5 billion, suggests the magnitude of the losses and hardships experienced by those involved. This justifies continuation of efforts aimed at providing small businesses

with a competitive atmosphere and a tax, financial, and general economic environment in which individual initiative and efficiency, rather than large financial resources and market power, determine survival and growth.

The cornerstone of the reinvestment of earnings principle contained in the bill is that the tax credit is only available to those businesses who increase their expenditures for depreciable assets and stock in trade. A business must take affirmative action in increasing investments in expansion, modernization, increased inventories and accounts receivable to be eligible for the tax credit. Revenue loss, if any, would be minimal. Moreover, the stimulus to employment and production resulting from the reinvestment incentives would precede by at least 1 year whatever tax impact there might be, if any.

I have long been impressed with the basic simplicity and soundness of the reinvestment of retained earnings approach as the solution to the capital funds required so urgently to finance the growth of these smaller concerns. The current state of the economy reemphasizes the benefits obtainable to the entire business structure, through increased employment and renewed productivity of idle plant capacity, by early enactment of the measure by this Congress. In view of the overwhelming evidence supporting the necessity for the affirmative relief, which the measure would grant, contained in the hearings of several committees of both Houses of the Congress, and reaffirmed in committee reports, it is my earnest hope that favorable consideration of the bill will be one of the first actions taken by this Congress.

Mr. Speaker, I include H.R. 2 in the RECORD at this point:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. DEDUCTION FOR ADDITIONAL INVESTMENT IN DEPRECIABLE ASSETS, INVENTORY, AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE.

(a) ALLOWANCE.—Part VI of subchapter B of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"Sec. 181. ADDITIONAL INVESTMENT IN DEPRECIABLE ASSETS, INVENTORY, AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE.

"(a) GENERAL RULE.—In the case of any person engaged in a trade or business, there shall be allowed as a deduction for the taxable year an amount measured by the additional investment in such trade or business for the taxable year.

"(b) LIMITATION.—The deduction under this section for any taxable year shall not exceed whichever of the following is the lesser:

- "(1) \$30,000, or
- "(2) an amount equal to 20 percent of the taxable income (computed without regard to this section) from such trade or business for the taxable year.

"(c) ADDITIONAL INVESTMENT DEFINED.—For purpose of this section, the additional investment in a trade or business for a taxable year means the amount (if any) by which—

- "(1) the aggregate, computed as of the close of the taxable year, of the adjusted bases of—

"(A) all property used in the trade or business of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation provided in section 167.

"(B) all stock in trade and property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the trade or business, and

"(C) all accounts receivable attributable to sales to customers in the ordinary course of the trade or business, exceeds

"(2) a similar aggregate, computed as of the beginning of such taxable year.

"(c) SPECIAL RULES.—LIMITATION ON AFFILIATED GROUP.—For the purposes of this section:

"(1) All members of an affiliated group shall be treated as one taxpayer, and

"(2) The Secretary or his delegate shall apportion the limitation contained in subsection (b) of this section among the members of such affiliated group in such manner as he shall by regulations provide.

"(3) AFFILIATED GROUP DEFINED.—For the purposes of this section, the term 'affiliated group' has the meaning assigned to it by section 1504, except that, for such purposes, the phrase 'more than 50 percent' shall be substituted for the phrase 'at least 80 percent' each place it occurs in section 1504(a)."

(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—The table of sections for such part VI is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"Sec. 181. Additional investment in depreciable assets, inventory, and accounts receivable."

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1960.

TWO NECESSARY PIECES OF ECONOMIC LEGISLATION: THE DEPRESSED AREAS BILL AND A BILL TO EXTEND TAX CONCESSIONS TO FIRMS EXPANDING OR MOVING INTO UNEMPLOYMENT AREAS

Mr. STRATTON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks at this point in the RECORD.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

Mr. STRATTON. Mr. Speaker, on Tuesday I introduced for appropriate reference two pieces of legislation which I believe to be urgently needed in meeting the most serious economic problem that faces this Nation today, the problem of unemployment.

My first bill is the familiar depressed area bill which was passed by the 86th Congress, subsequently vetoed by President Eisenhower, and which featured so prominently in the recent election campaign. I have introduced this measure in the precise form in which it passed the Congress last year. While some changes might be desirable, last year's bill would at least seem to offer the formula by which most rapid agreement can be achieved in the 87th Congress, and certainly we must act quickly.

My second bill I also had the honor of introducing in the 86th Congress, and, in my judgment, it is an important and necessary adjunct to any depressed area bill. The depressed area bill proposes to entice new industries into unemployment areas by making low-cost loan funds readily available to them. But the absence of such funds is not in every case the major reason why unemployment areas find it difficult to attract new in-

dustry. There are also the incentives, usually offered in the form of lower real property tax, currently being extended to new business by some of our sister States in the South. Concessions of this kind, together with apparent advantages in lower wage costs and lower social protective legislation, have played their part, too, in luring industries into moving from the North to the South, leaving unemployment distress in their wake.

So I believe we must find some means of eliminating this disparity and provide certain counter concessions to those manufacturers who are willing either to move into an unemployment area or who are prepared to resist the lure of moving and who decide instead to remain in a distressed area and expand their manufacturing facilities there.

My bill would enable such businesses to depreciate their construction costs at a faster rate. Rapid amortization is not, of course, any forgiveness in taxes. It is only a temporary deferral of tax returns to the Government. Yet experience has shown that this type of tax treatment can be helpful as a business stimulant. We must make it more attractive for industry to stay where it is, or even to move back into unemployment areas, and I believe this legislation will help to do the job.

On Monday the special task force on economic distressed areas appointed by President-elect Kennedy and presided over by the distinguished senior Senator from Illinois [Mr. DOUGLAS], submitted its recommendations for dealing with this problem. I was most pleased to see included in these recommendations one proposing precisely the kind of special tax amortization provided for in my legislation. The report's recommendation is as follows:

As additional encouragement to private industry to locate branch plants in chronic and persistent labor surplus areas and to expand existing enterprises in these areas, consideration should be given to the question of whether special tax amortization providing for accelerated writeoff of plant and equipment would help to encourage industries to locate or expand production facilities in such areas.

Mr. Speaker, I urge speedy action on my two bills. The hour is late and the needs in my district and of other districts throughout our country press for the swiftest and most effective type of remedial action. Very likely in meeting the needs of these unemployment areas we will also succeed in providing the added push that will succeed in getting our overall economy out of its current doldrums and moving ahead once again.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA HOME RULE CHARTER

Mrs. GREEN of Oregon. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks at this point in the RECORD.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from Oregon?

There was no objection.

Mrs. GREEN of Oregon. Mr. Speaker, it is my pleasure and privilege today to introduce a bill providing for a home

rule charter for the District of Columbia. This bill, which is being simultaneously introduced in the Senate by the distinguished senior Senator from Oregon, Senator MORSE, and by the able chairman of the Senate District Committee, Senator BIBLE, provides for an elective mayor, council, and nonvoting Delegate to this House.

Under leave to extend my remarks, Mr. Speaker, I ask that the following joint statement by myself and my distinguished colleague and friend, the senior Senator from Oregon, be printed in full at this point in my remarks:

JOINT STATEMENT BY SENATOR WAYNE MORSE
AND CONGRESSWOMAN EDITH GREEN OF
OREGON

We have today introduced in the Senate and House, respectively, a bill providing for a meaningful and democratic home rule charter for the District of Columbia. The bill which we have submitted to the Congress for what we hope will be early and favorable action, provides for an elective mayor, council, and nonvoting Delegate to the U.S. House of Representatives. This measure, together with the constitutional amendment which the Congress last year submitted to the States, providing for a presidential vote for the people of the Nation's Capital, will bring the reality of democracy to the people of that city which ought to stand as a symbol of democracy throughout the world.

Contrary to the intent of the Founding Fathers, and certainly contrary to the practice of the past, the residents of Washington have for many years been denied any voice in their own government. The affairs of this great American city have been in the hands of appointed officials of the District Commission, and the Members of the Congress, not one of whom could be held responsible in any way by the people of the District. This has been a simple and indefensible denial of the basic principle of democracy. It is not enough to say that the Commissioners have been good men. Most have been. It is not enough to say that the Members of the Congress have dealt generously with the people of the District, which has often been the case. The question of home rule is the question of the right of three-quarters of a million Americans to govern their own destinies, for good or ill.

We look forward with high hopes to the enactment of this legislation, and to the ratification of the proposed constitutional amendment by the State legislatures.

THE SPEAKER'S BIRTHDAY

Mr. FULTON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks at this point in the RECORD.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

Mr. FULTON. Mr. Speaker, I should like at this time to congratulate the Speaker both as Speaker and as a friend on his birthday.

The following is a transcript of the tribute paid to the Honorable SAM RAYBURN, Speaker of the House of Representatives, just reelected Speaker for the ninth time. This tribute was broadcast by Ray Henley on the Three Star Extra program, Thursday evening, January 5, 1961, on the National Broadcasting Co. The following is the text of that nationwide broadcast:

The grand old man of the Democratic Party will be widely feted as another mil-

stone comes round. The daddy leader will be 79 tomorrow. No man in the party receives so much affection from his followers. Mr. SAM is tough and often sharp of tongue, but Democrats, especially the Democratic Members of the House of Representatives know him as a man of his word and they hold him in highest esteem. A Republican Member has joined the parade of well-wishers. Representative JAMES FULTON, of Pennsylvania, has introduced his bill to have one of three House Office Buildings named for Mr. SAM.

Three Star Extra hopes this measure goes through, as of course it will if Speaker RAYBURN permits it to come up for action. The bill would name each of the buildings for a Speaker; one for Old Joe Cannon of long ago, one for Nick Longworth who died as Speaker in Republican days. He was the husband of Princess Alice, daughter of Teddy Roosevelt. The third building would be named the Rayburn Building, fully justified recognition for three outstanding Speakers of the House.

HOUSING FOR THE ELDERLY BY THE PLYWOOD INDUSTRY

Mr. TOLLEFSON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks in the body of the RECORD.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Washington?

There was no objection.

Mr. TOLLEFSON. Mr. Speaker, two of the pressing problems this Congress must face this year involve help for depressed areas and some action in providing for the needs of this country's senior citizens. An organization that has its headquarters in my district in Washington is doing something about both of these problems in a way I think should prove interesting to you and to some of the country's business leaders.

Plywood made from Douglas-fir and other trees that grow in the rain forests of the Northwest is familiar to everybody. I do not think it will come as a surprise to you that nearly two 4-by-8-foot panels are produced every year for every man, woman, and child in this country.

But an industry with this kind of production capacity is obviously in trouble when its markets fail. Housing has dropped seriously in the last year and this is the biggest market for the western plywood industry.

This has meant falling prices, production curtailment, unemployment, and depression-like conditions for a lot of areas in Washington, Oregon, and California. The Plywood Belt has some depressed areas that would compare with any in the country. These areas are dependent on plywood and lumber, both of which are in a depressed state.

Despite these conditions, plywood production is higher than it was in 1959. This is because many mills expanded in hopes market conditions would be good. Housing experts predicted—falsely, it turned out—a good year in 1960. This increased production was sold, and used, because the industry has been working on expanding its markets for more than 20 years. The industry could have produced much more than it did, but at least it was not forced to retreat.

The promotional arm of the industry is the Douglas-Fir Plywood Association. More than 130 western plywood mills are members. This association provides quality control for its members to keep their production up to high, voluntary standards, and also administers a promotional program underwritten last year in the amount of \$5.5 million. Part of the association's job is research. It operates three laboratories to do it. Another part is to find new markets and help sell them.

Because of some circumstances I will not go into here, the association began studying the field of retirement housing more than 2 years ago. W. E. Difford, executive vice president of the Douglas-Fir Plywood Association, was convinced there was something wrong with the stereotype we have of the retired person. Mr. Difford doubted if the majority were poor and he was even more doubtful that very many were handicapped and needed institutional care. Yet, so far as the association could discover, these groups, and the small group wealthy enough to afford expensive housing, were the only ones getting any attention from government or private industry.

After looking over the results of its own study, the plywood association organized a conference on retirement housing in Tacoma, where its headquarters are located. Mr. Difford invited the most knowledgeable people he could find: builders who were active in the field, architects, editors of influential building magazines, officials of national groups involved with retired people, and a representative of a Government agency active in the field of housing the elderly.

These experts sat down for 2 days and discussed possible ways to reach a market they are convinced has a potential of a quarter of a million housing units per year.

They reached this figure through a number of surveys that were presented and from the experience builders have had who aimed their developments directly at persons 60 years old and over. The surveys also prove that most of the couples who have reached retirement age can afford to supply their own needs. It also was pretty obvious that a lot of the things they need are not available. One of these things was comfortable housing at reasonable cost.

Here is what the plywood industry, working through its association, is doing to help itself and to help satisfy some of the needs of our senior citizens.

A house has been built, on a corner of 17th and M Streets, here in Washington, that the plywood association has had designed specifically for Americans over 60. It is completely furnished and landscaped. It was built there for display to delegates to the White House Conference on Aging and is well worth your time to see. The house is cosponsored by the National Retired Teachers Association and the American Association of Retired Persons whose 500,000 members certainly would know something about the value of the project.

It is a small, compact home that has all the features anyone could want. It

is easy to maintain, comfortable, and, perhaps best of all, can be built for about \$9,000. It has two bedrooms, a separate dining room, a modern kitchen—even a special room where the homeowner can install woodworking equipment or work on a hobby.

In addition to this, the plywood association is providing everything a builder needs to offer this house in his area. Plans, financing information, data on the market, methods of selling—these things are all available. These houses should sell everywhere in the country, everywhere people live and want to live their retirement years. And the house can be built by itself, as part of a duplex or four-plex, or as a unit in row or tract housing.

As a result of its own efforts, and using its own money, here is what the plywood industry has done:

It has provided a much-needed solution to some pressing housing needs for elderly people who are living in houses too big or too inconvenient for their needs, and for others unnecessarily living in institutions.

The housing industry, in desperate need of something to help it get on its feet, has everything it needs to appeal to a new and immense market.

For itself, the plywood industry has created a market that will allow it to go back to full employment and cure the depressed conditions in the areas so dependent on it.

The plywood industry believes that this is certainly a much healthier way to solve these problems than to call on the Federal Government for aid to depressed areas and subsidized housing for the elderly. Certainly, Government programs can help, particularly in the field of mortgage insurance. But by doing something about these things itself, the plywood industry has saved the taxpayer a lot of money and saved a lot of Americans from hardship and inconvenience.

This house is open now for the inspection of White House Conference delegates. Invitations also have been sent to the Members of Congress. I earnestly urge you to take time from your busy schedule to see for yourself what this dynamic industry has done to help itself and to help this country.

TAX ADJUSTMENT BILL

Mr. NELSON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. CURTIS] may extend his remarks in the body of the Record.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Minnesota?

There was no objection.

Mr. CURTIS of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I have introduced a tax adjustment bill primarily designed to aid small- and medium-size businesses utilizing the reinvestment of earnings principle. It is identical with the bill which my colleague, the Honorable FRANK IKARD, of Texas, introduced in the last Congress.

The bill is a simple straightforward measure to encourage the growth of small- and medium-size concerns by enabling them to use some of their net

earnings to finance growth through expansion and modernization. It would permit millions of businesses located in every city, town, or hamlet to use the historical method of financing business in the American economy—by plowing back into the productive wealth stream some of their business earnings. Specifically, the bill would permit all business to deduct from taxable net income an amount equal to the aggregate addition to capital represented by reinvestment in depreciable assets, inventory, and accounts receivable, provided that the maximum deductions would be 20 percent of earnings or \$30,000, whichever is the lesser.

The bill has been aptly characterized as implementing the seed corn philosophy upon which the productive might of America has been nourished. That philosophy is likewise simple, sound, and straightforward. We plant 1 acre of corn, but we retain enough seed from the harvest to plant 2 acres next year. For new and small businesses, there is no other avenue of growth except through retained earnings, because capital from bank borrowings, new equity, or other sources is not generally available to them.

The bill will provide the favorable climate necessary for growth. Growth and expansion will continue to be the rewards of ingenious, enterprising, and competent management. But such management cannot have superimposed on it growth tax deterrents which effectively prevent the increase in next year's plantings. The bill is not special privilege legislation because it applies to all businesses, large or small, incorporated or unincorporated, but it is recognized that it will have the most beneficial effect on the smaller businesses.

Adequate capital for the attraction of additional entrepreneurs, for the survival as well as the growth of existing small businesses, has long been recognized as a widespread real problem. While the capital problems of small business have been recognized and extensively documented by a multitude of case histories and congressional committee conclusions in recent years, no relief has been granted and the problem has become increasingly acute. The extent of the problem is mirrored in the increase in business failures as well as the dramatic increase in mergers and acquisition of smaller units by larger concerns.

Today, the country is faced with mounting unemployment and increasing idle productive capacity resulting principally from deferral of capital expenditures and contraction of inventories. These economic depressants can receive a vital counterstimulant by the enactment of this measure which will increase expenditures by business in depreciable capital assets as well as the stock in trade end products of our manufacturing and processing industries. In other words the tax adjustment is not available unless the business increases its investment through modernization or additions to facilities or inventories.

America is in the beginning years of a decade labeled by some as the soaring

sixties in which the economic horizons have been painted with glowing promises of uninterrupted new peak achievements in all lines of endeavor. Quite recently, concern has been expressed lest the idle plant capacity, the number of unemployed plus the foreseeable additions to the labor force during this decade—which will be half again as large as the new workers during the fifties—should warrant the reference to be the sobering sixties. While reappraisals must constantly be made none is required to reassure ourselves that America must grow during the sixties to provide job opportunities for the some 14 million who will be seeking employment. We know we must have economic growth as the base for an adequate national security program. We cannot afford to be blind to the methods by which new and enterprising businesses are fostered and nourished. We cannot let the vigor and benefits of new ideas, expanding programs, and energetic approaches to the creation of new wealth be sacrificed on the altar of blind adherence to a tax policy which everyone readily admits is stifling small businesses which must rely on the seed corn of retained earnings to grow and prosper.

I am sure that it is now generally recognized that this adjustment will not result in any revenue loss to the Federal Treasury, but rather the adjustment will result in additional Federal revenues. The time has just about expired when the Federal Treasury can afford not to have this legislation enacted. The smaller concerns in all lines of business must be able to retain a larger part of their earnings to meet their working capital requirements if we are to give more than lip service to the necessity of maintaining a climate favorable to the economic growth of these millions of businesses.

This bill provides for the relief so sorely needed. It will provide additional employment not only in the smaller concerns but to all producers and suppliers of capital goods and their end products. It will reactivate existing idle plant capacity. It is a perfect example of the seed corn philosophy at work. I earnestly hope that the Ways and Means Committee will schedule the small business tax adjustment bills for early consideration since it has previously approved the reinvestment of earnings principle and recognized the necessity for its adoption to afford effective relief to small business.

REELECTION OF WILLIAM E. MILLER OF NEW YORK AS CHAIRMAN OF NATIONAL REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE

Mr. NELSEN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the gentleman from Iowa [Mr. HOEVEN] may extend his remarks in the body of the Record.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Minnesota?

There was no objection.

Mr. HOEVEN. Mr. Speaker I rise today to pay tribute to the gentleman from

New York [Mr. MILLER] and to congratulate him on his reelection as chairman of the National Republican Congressional Committee.

Everyone who has served in this body during the past 10 years and those new Republican members who Tuesday were seated for the first time know BILL MILLER as a capable and devoted legislator, and indefatigable worker and a campaign director without peer.

During the five terms he already has served in the Congress, he has established himself as a true statesman and a valued colleague. He has never deviated from principle, regardless of the tremendous pressures which often have been brought to bear on him. His judgment and counsel on all legislative matters have been invaluable to his colleagues, his constituency, and his Nation as a whole.

BILL MILLER first was elected chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee on January 21, 1960, to succeed our late and beloved colleague from Pennsylvania, Richard M. Simpson. In less than a year, he has distinguished himself in a most remarkable way.

Because of his leadership and his willingness to help Republican candidates anywhere and at all times, last November our party was able to recapture 21 of the seats we had lost in the preceding election.

The victory was particularly significant because it came during a year when the Nation was electing a member of the opposite party to the Presidency.

In addition, BILL MILLER has breathed new fire into the committee he heads. Under his chairmanship, a vigorous, efficient, and effective organization has been developed. I am confident that because of this, the minority in this body again will become the majority when the people go to the polls in 1962.

CHIEF FORESTER OF UNITED STATES HONORED

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the gentleman from Florida [Mr. SIKES] may extend his remarks in the body of the RECORD and include extraneous matter.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

Mr. SIKES. Mr. Speaker, the Department of Agriculture's Forest Service rates high in the esteem of Congress. The efforts and accomplishments of the U.S. Forest Service in the multiple-use management of our great Federal forest properties and in the administration of the cooperative programs with our State and private forestry agencies are outstanding. This bureau is represented by a dedicated group of Federal employees who have an enviable esprit de corps and a reputation for hard work. It is also a bureau that returns large sums of money to the Federal Treasury and to the States from the sale of timber and other forest resources which it harvests on a sustained yield basis.

It is fitting therefore that Chief Forester Richard E. McArdle is one of the

five career men of the Federal Government to go to the White House on January 11 to receive the President's Award for Distinguished Federal Civilian Service.

The President based his selections on recommendations of an awards board headed by Hon. James P. Mitchell, Secretary of Labor.

To be selected from the 2.4 million U.S. civil servants as one of the 5 employees to receive this significant citation is, indeed, an honor of which Chief McArdle is deserving.

Mr. Speaker, I am submitting for the record excerpts from the Washington Post's January 4 account of this award:

"Through these awards," said the President in a special memorandum, "a grateful Nation honors these men who have dedicated their highest abilities to serving the best interests of this great country."

"I take this opportunity to express my faith in the skill and devotion to duty that characterize the Federal work force. These characteristics provide a firm basis for the Nation's continued progress in the future."

McArdle, a Government forester for 36 years, has served in all major forest regions of the United States and, the President said, his "imagination, vision, and inspiring leadership have brought exceptional progress in the development and protection of vital forest resources for the American people now and for generations to follow." McArdle, a native of Kentucky, received a Ph. D. degree from the University of Michigan and devoted his early career to research in forestry.

TEN-YEAR PROGRAM OF GRANTS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF MEDICAL, DENTAL, AND PUBLIC EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the gentleman from Rhode Island [Mr. FOGARTY] may extend his remarks in the body of the RECORD and include extraneous matter.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

Mr. FOGARTY. Mr. Speaker, on May 6, 1959, I introduced in the first session of the 86th Congress a bill to authorize a 10-year program of grants for the construction of medical, dental, and public health education facilities. I did so because we as a nation are sorely lagging in developing our schools of medicine, dentistry, public health, and other centers for education and research in the health field. We are not equipped to meet the needs of today and even less prepared to face the challenges of tomorrow.

My proposal received no support whatever from the Eisenhower administration and no action was taken by that session of the Congress. Hearings were held in June of 1960, and the proposed legislation to provide Federal funds for the construction and expansion of health teaching facilities received wide support from eminent medical, dental, and public health educational authorities throughout the country. Nonetheless, the bill was never reported out of committee.

Today, I ask this Congress to move quickly in authorizing a program for the construction of medical, dental, and

public health training facilities. We have lost more ground than we can afford during the past 18 months, and we dare not lose more.

One of the more sobering realities of American life today is that we are rapidly developing a shortage of physicians and other health workers. We are facing a shortage which will reach 15,000 physicians and 15,000 dentists by 1975. The prospect imperils the maintenance of our present health standards and precludes the expansion demanded by our growing and aging population. Unless some positive steps are taken now, this shortage will be reflected in a lower level of quality and in maldistribution of the Nation's health and medical services.

We simply cannot let this situation continue. It is perfectly clear what must be done, and done quickly, for every month's delay simply intensifies the problem. We need facilities for educating greater numbers of medical, dental, and public health students each year, and these facilities will become possible only with the assistance of the Federal Government.

The facts are set down clearly in a broad-scale study of medical education, conducted for the Surgeon General of the Public Health Service by a group of national leaders in medicine, education, and public affairs, and published some 15 months ago. While the data contained in the report have been well known for a long time to those of us who have been concerned with the problems of education in the health professions, the conclusions give added urgency to our conviction that immediate action is required. I am sure that many of you are familiar with this report, entitled "Physicians for a Growing America," which brings together in one place all of the circumstances and conditions which surround medical education today. To those of you who are not, I recommend it as required reading at an early date.

Specifically, among its recommendations, the report states:

To increase the supply of physicians and to safeguard and protect the Nation's investment in research and medical care facilities, Federal support should be given to the construction of medical school facilities.

Bear in mind that this was a unanimous recommendation of 22 non-Federal leaders in medicine, medical education, and related fields.

We Americans speak proudly of our progress in the health field. It is true that we have made tremendous strides in many areas. We can be proud of what has been accomplished in the construction of hospital and other health facilities, in the improvements of medical and public health services, in medical research and the assurance of its future development. We can be pleased with the advances associated with the pharmaceutical and chemical industry, with the contributions of voluntary health agencies and foundations, and with the health consciousness of the American people which finds expression in organization and action. We can be proud of these things, and pleased, but we cannot be content.

As I pointed out in this House 18 months ago, one of the great gaps in our present programs is in the absence of broad support for the health institutions as contrasted with the support of some of their separate functions. Medical teaching institutions now receive grants from the Federal Government to assist in the support of teaching in specific branches of medical science. Through the provisions of the Health Research Facilities Act, Federal funds also are available for the establishment of laboratories and other research facilities. But, to date, the necessary assistance has not been forthcoming to enable these teaching institutions quantitatively to keep up with our population growth and with the demands engendered by the rapid changes in medicine and public health.

This longtime concern of mine has been shared by many people who are influential leaders in medicine and science today. Numerous proposals have come from the Members of the Congress, from the executive branch, and from interests outside the Federal Government devising ways to meet at least part of the all-too-evident need. There has been a great deal of discussion but almost nothing in the way of action.

Today I ask the Congress once more to consider legislation to give greater Federal assistance in the renovation and modernization of our present medical and related schools, and to give encouragement and stimulus to the construction of new schools. The legislation I am introducing would build upon and extend into a parallel field the highly productive present program of matching grants to assist in the construction of health research facilities. As I told the House a year and a half ago, this procedure would set no new precedents. Nor would it pose any philosophical problems, even among those who persist in the archaic belief that the use of Federal funds for the partial support of medical school activities would be a threat of Federal control and socialized medicine.

This legislation gives clear recognition to three things: First, that in a medical school research and education are interrelated parts of a single process; second, that adequate facilities are a basic requirement for medical, dental, and related research and education; and third, that the Federal Government shares in the responsibility to see that such facilities are abreast of the national need.

My proposals are completely in step with other construction programs, where matching funds from Federal sources—such as the Hill-Burton hospital construction program and the health research facilities construction program—have proved highly successful in helping the States, communities, and institutions raise money from non-Federal sources. Such matching grants foster and encourage the putting of State and private money to effective use. Without the stimulus of Federal funds, the other funds might never be raised and the needed facilities probably never would be built.

I urgently recommend, therefore, that the Congress enact legislation to modify

and extend the Public Health Service Act in the following major respects:

First. Add a new title to the Public Health Service Act to provide funds for the construction of health educational facilities for our public and nonprofit medical, dental, and public health schools to insure the continued production of an adequate number of properly qualified and trained physicians, dentists, teachers, and research scientists.

Second. Authorize appropriations of \$50 million for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1961, and each of the 4 succeeding fiscal years for grants for the expansion and improvement of existing schools of medicine, dentistry, and public health.

Third. Authorize appropriations of \$100 million for the period beginning July 1, 1961, and ending June 30, 1971, for grants for the construction of new schools of medicine, dentistry, and public health.

Fourth. Establish in the Public Health Service a National Advisory Council on Health Educational Facilities to advise and assist the Surgeon General in the preparation of general regulations and to consider all applicants for health educational facilities grants. This Council would consist of the Surgeon General, as Chairman, and the Commissioner of Education as ex officio members, and of 10 members appointed by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare from the fields of health sciences, education, and public affairs.

I repeat, there is great need for the rapid enactment of such legislation.

I have already referred to the population changes that will occur during the next decade. Our total population will grow from the present 180 million to 220 million by 1970. Nearly three-quarters of this increase will be among persons over 65 and under 20 years of age, when requirements for medical care—which means primarily more physicians—are most frequent.

The report of the Surgeon General's consultant group of medical education—to which I referred earlier—states that to maintain the present ratio of 141 physicians to 100,000 population will require a total of 330,000 physicians in 1975. If the schools must graduate 11,000 medical students a year by that time—or 3,600 more a year than are presently being graduated—this means almost a 50-percent increase in output.

Moreover, the estimate that 330,000 physicians will be required by 1975 includes the more than 1,500 physicians trained in foreign medical schools who are now licensed in this country each year. Obviously, we welcome all qualified physicians trained abroad to practice medicine in the United States if they wish to do so. At the same time, it is disquieting that a great and wealthy Nation such as ours should be dependent on other countries of the world for an adequate flow of medical manpower. This situation exists in no other circumstance in our country and highlights, I believe, the really acute state in our health and medical field.

The consultants' report also makes the very important point that to meet the 1975 figure, present schools must be ex-

panded and a number of new schools established. Since the establishment of a new medical school usually takes about 10 years from the first planning to graduation of the first class, planning must begin right now. The report also applies the same urgency both as to need for increased numbers and to additional teaching facilities to dentists as to physicians.

An additional important consideration I would bring to your attention is the increasing responsibility carried by the medical schools in pioneering in the provision of medical and community health services. These schools carry out the largest component of the Nation's research effort in the health field. In addition, they produce an important segment of the Nation's total manpower for research in the health sciences.

As I told this body in May of 1959, the medical schools need for assistance in the construction of new and the renovation of existing facilities has been amply demonstrated and often reiterated in studies and reports by such eminent groups as the Association of American Medical Colleges, the Council on Medical Education of the American Medical Association, the Surgeon General's consultant group, this House itself, along with many others whose interest, insight, and integrity are beyond question. They do not pretend, nor do I, that matching grants for construction purposes will meet all of the future needs of the medical schools. I intend to recommend further steps in the direction of additional assistance at an early date.

Right now, existing health educational institutions are inadequately housed and we need new schools to provide for the years ahead. It is futile to pretend that any other segment of American economy will meet this need without some Federal assistance.

To paraphrase the words of the Surgeon General's consultant group:

As a nation we have come to value and expect first-class medical service for all our people. But the provision of such service will require more physicians, dentists, and other health personnel. Without them, the amount and quality of care must suffer. We have here a national health problem, the need of the whole people. The provision of the needed support is without question a national responsibility.

BILL TO PERMIT CERTAIN VETERANS TO REINSTATE THEIR NATIONAL SERVICE LIFE INSURANCE

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the gentleman from New York [Mr. DULSKI] may extend his remarks in the body of the Record and include extraneous matter.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

Mr. DULSKI. Mr. Speaker, I am today introducing a bill which will permit certain veterans to reinstate their national service life insurance. I feel this is a long needed correction of an injustice that was done in 1951.

World War II veterans, as well as Korean war veterans, were not properly

warned, and reopening the right for them to reinstate their national service life insurance is no more than fair. At the time of discharge, many of these veterans were relatively young and they were not aware of the values of this insurance. Some cases have come to my attention where veterans were even advised to drop their Government life insurance by service personnel who were uninformed.

I strongly urge the speedy enactment of this legislation to rectify this harsh treatment of our veterans.

SPECIAL ORDER

The SPEAKER. Under previous order of the House, the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. Flood] is recognized for 30 minutes.

SUBVERSION IN STATE DEPARTMENT

Mr. FLOOD. Mr. Speaker, in numerous statements to the House and in press releases, I have emphasized the treasonable influences in the Department of State as related to the conduct of our Caribbean and Isthmian Canal policies.

The strength of these influences was boldly exhibited on September 17, 1960, officially designated as Constitution Day, when the President shocked the Nation with his order striking the flag of the United States over the Canal Zone territory.

Less dramatic but equally serious in its implications has been the failure of our Cuban policy, resulting in the loss of vast properties of U.S. citizens, the setting up of a Soviet satellite in the West Indies, and invasions of other countries by revolutionaries from Cuba.

So far the press of our Nation has not treated these questions as they should be, with the result that the influences responsible for these dangerous developments are still with us.

Fortunately, one distinguished scholar and author, George E. Sokolsky, of New York, has pointed directly to the source of the trouble-subversion in the Department of State.

In a recent series of illuminating articles, which I commend for reading by every Member of the Congress, he urges public investigation of these subversive influences in the Department of State.

The articles follow:

[From the Washington Post, Dec. 17, 1960]

THE ORGANIZATION OF STATE

(By George E. Sokolsky)

The foreign affairs of this country have assumed a primacy in the public eye that is considerably exaggerated for unless this country's currency is sound, unless its workers are employed and its social conditions are stable, it cannot maintain the role of leadership.

The State Department needs reorganization in all departments. A new Secretary of State is handicapped by leftovers who have tenure under Civil Service and Foreign Service regulations. The Cuban situation is evidence that there are still hidden Communists in this critical Department and they should be expelled because it is impossible to serve the United States and the Kremlin simultaneously. There ought to be a congressional investigation of the operations

of the desks having to do with Latin America. The investigation should be public with nothing hidden away to save anyone's face. This country would be shocked at what would be discovered. The Alger Hiss case would take second place.

The trouble with the intramural investigations is that the American people, who are most concerned, are never given the information which they should have. No newspaper can make public what it could not prove in a court to be true and to prove "what everybody knows" would require a subpoena and the power to cross-examine witnesses under oath.

A new Secretary of State can so reorganize his Department that those who can be harmful are put in places where they can do no harm. He has the opportunity of a new approach and of reorganization, particularly if his President means to clean house.

[From the Washington Post, Dec. 22, 1960]

WHO IS HE?

(By George E. Sokolsky)

The anti-Castro Cubans have been telling me for more than 6 months that an official of the State Department, William Arthur Montenegro, is responsible for the success of Fidel Castro.

But the State Department records do not show the employment of a William Arthur Montenegro. Is this a personality with two names? Does a person who has an effective voice in determining American policy in Latin America go by two names? Latin American Communists know of two men by the name of Montenegro, one who is actually a Communist Party member, another who was very sympathetic to the party. Both were journalists.

This is a case for Robert Kennedy, the oncoming Attorney General, a very tough "Mick" who is not likely to look on a cover-up very kindly. His book, "The Enemy Within," establishes that he regards the Department of Justice with a jaundiced eye because it has lost too many cases in the courts which adequate preparation should have won. Searching for Montenegro ought not to be difficult. No matter what name he employs, the record of how things were made easy for Castro by the Government of the United States will lead directly to a case which, if properly prepared, will make previous cases look very mild, indeed.

William Arthur Montenegro, under that name and under another name, wrote for the Havana Post from 1933 to 1937. That is a good place to start if anyone needs a tip. There are articles in that paper which were contributed by such a person.

The State Department has a technique for covering up and for evading scandals. When a State Department official goes wrong or is caught with bloody hands, the trick is to send him to other parts of the world, far from news centers, until those who are interested forget about him, get interested in something else, or die. Then the career official who went awry may return to Washington.

But the Cuban story will not die down. Too many Cubans have been robbed of their homes. Too many Americans have lost their businesses. Too many Latin Americans fear the Communist menace.

They are after William Arthur Montenegro by whatever name he has gone in the State Department. They know who he is, and they will not rest, no matter to what embassy in Europe the State Department sends him.

Were there such a committee as Senator McCarran or Senator Joseph McCarthy headed, there would be an investigation of major magnitude, and it would be out in the open. Senator Fulbright is insistent that the State Department depend upon especially trained men, career men, those who prepare themselves for the Foreign Service and stay in it

as a life work. Therefore, it is up to Senator Fulbright to investigate William Arthur Montenegro by whatever name he has gone in the State Department for nearly two decades. Also, they would want to know precisely what incomplete educational preparation this person had for a State Department career.

How is it possible for a person to enter upon a State Department career without training, with a record of only 1 year in college and an incomplete premedical course? What goes on in that very choice department of Government?

On this subject, there ought to be a public hearing and the first three men who ought to testify in public should be Robert Hill, American Ambassador to Mexico; Arthur Gardner, American Ambassador to Cuba; Earl E. T. Smith, American Ambassador to Cuba. These men should be required to tell publicly, under oath, what their personal experience has been in the Castro matter and what their experience has been with the State Department, and what reports they sent to the Department warning of the perils in Latin America and how their warnings were ignored. It would be interesting to know if such reports reached higher officials, particularly President Eisenhower. Also, such an open, public hearing might ask Herbert Matthews of the New York Times to identify William Arthur Montenegro. Anti-Castro Cubans insist that to understand the State Department attitude toward Castro, it is essential to have Matthews identify Montenegro. Also, Ambassador Earl E. T. Smith told me that when he was appointed ambassador, he was instructed by the State Department to be briefed by Herbert Matthews. Smith also testified to this effect before a congressional committee.

[From the Washington Post, Dec. 30, 1960]

EACH YEAR ITS OWN

(By George E. Sokolsky)

The year 1961 brings in a new President, with some new faces in his administration and some very old ones. Some of the new faces give hope of a rationalization of the structure and policy of government. Some of the old faces are not a little frightening because they were among the authors of the errors which have brought upon us many of our present difficulties. But men do grow older and they do mature and those who blundered may have learned that doctrinaire assumptions are neither facts nor policies.

What is necessary is not so much a reformulation of policy as a total reorganization of the personnel of the State Department.

And this brings me to the question of what will be done about William Arthur Montenegro, by whatever name he goes in the State Department.

I have been told that the Eastland committee has been investigating William Arthur Montenegro, by whatever name he goes, for many months, and that this committee possesses more information concerning him and his activities than I possess, although I doubt that, for I have the entire story. However, if the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee possesses such data, what is it waiting for?

The new President will need to face many reorganizations of departments, but none is as important as the restudy of the personnel of the State Department and of other departments which deal with foreign relations. For some reason, these departments have been infiltrated and infested with unsatisfactory personnel. It is not so much a matter of the "ugly American," as it is that the information which comes to a President is too often inadequate or even incorrect and that the day-by-day actions and decisions which cumulatively become policy before a President can act, are not always beneficial to the United States.

Some Presidents have taken the view that because these departments affect international relations, they must be protected from the vulgar eyes of the people through the action of a congressional committee. Thus great mischief can be done by small people. The William Arthur Montenegro case—by whatever name he goes—opens the door wide. No Secretary of State and no President can have any excuse for protecting this case from congressional investigation, and this one case will open many windows to shocking conditions.

The new President will have to clean house anyhow and he might as well start in the State Department which is the showcase of the Nation and a very sloppy showcase it is, indeed.

CUBA AND GUANTANAMO

Mr. FLOOD. Mr. Speaker, the breaking of diplomatic relations by the United States with the Communist-dominated Government of Cuba on January 3, 1960, as the result of a Cuban ultimatum to the United States to reduce its diplomatic mission in that country, again dramatizes the serious situation in the Caribbean about which I have addressed the Congress on many occasions and corresponded with the Department of State.

Promptly after learning of the President's action, I telegraphed commending him and promising my full support. Later, on January 4, I again telegraphed him urging that he reassert our determination to remain in the Guantanamo Naval Base and to defend it, and that he reactivate immediately the Caribbean Naval squadron on a permanent basis with a squadron commander reporting directly to the Chief of Naval Operations.

In this general connection, we should not overlook the fact that the Guantanamo and Cuban situations have a long background.

During the September 1960 sessions of the General Assembly of the United Nations, the question of continued U.S. control over the Guantanamo Naval Base arose and received wide attention.

Because of the open threats of pro-Communist Cuban leaders against our position under the current treaty, I wrote two letters to the Secretary of State, on September 22 and October 3, 1960.

In its reply on October 5, the Department of State took an unequivocal stand, which for emphasis, I shall quote:

The United States maintains the Guantanamo naval establishment under the terms of a valid and binding international agreement which can be abrogated only by agreement of both parties. I can assure you that the Department has no intention of agreeing to the abrogation of the agreement or to the abandonment of the base.

The entire exchange of letters and telegrams follows:

SEPTEMBER 22, 1960.

HON. CHRISTIAN A. HERTER,
Secretary of State,
Washington, D.C.

DEAR MR. SECRETARY: The Acting Prime Minister of Cuba, Raul Castro, in an Associated Press Havana dispatch on September 20, 1960, is quoted as stating: "It is within our possibilities in a determined moment to reclaim that piece of our national territory (Guantanamo)." This statement, made only three days after the President's order that the Panama flag be flown over the Canal

Zone, assumes a gravity that cannot be ignored.

I respectfully request to be advised as to what the policy of the United States will be in event of such possession by Cuba.

The location of Guantanamo on the northern flank of the Atlantic approaches to the Panama Canal, its function as an element in the strategic triangle of the Caribbean (Guantanamo, Panama, and Trinidad), proximity to north-south ore-oil shipping routes, nearness to the Cape Canaveral missile range, and value as a submarine and air base to any enemy attacking the United States are factors that combine to make continued U.S. possession of Guantanamo a matter of the highest importance to our security.

In answering my query, I respectfully request you not to reply in the evasive manner that featured your correspondence with me concerning the flying of the Panama flag over the Canal Zone, but to give a clear-cut statement of the policy to be recommended by your department.

In addition, please do not advise me that the question presented is hypothetical and will be met when the problem arises. My position is that the problem has arisen.

An early reply is requested.

Sincerely yours,

DANIEL J. FLOOD,
Member of Congress.

OCTOBER 3, 1960.

HON. CHRISTIAN A. HERTER,
Secretary of State,
Department of State,
Washington, D.C.

DEAR MR. SECRETARY: On September 22, 1960, following a published threat by Acting Prime Minister Raul Castro of Cuba to secure control of the U.S. naval base at Guantanamo, I wrote you inquiring what would be the policy of the United States to meet this situation. To date no reply has been received.

News dispatches on September 27 from the United Nations were to the effect that Prime Minister Fidel Castro made a stronger and more specific threat before the General Assembly of that international organization.

Because this latest development emphasizes the necessity for a policy that will safeguard our unimpaired possession of that base, many of our people have become concerned lest subversive influences in the State Department recommend actions that may result in the loss of Guantanamo.

Accordingly, I repeat my request of September 22 for a clear-cut statement from you of the policy to be recommended by the State Department.

In answering my letter, I also respectfully repeat my previous requests that you do not reply in the evasive manner that characterized your correspondence with me about the ill advised order directing the display of the Panama flag over the Canal Zone and that you do not reply that the situation in Cuba is hypothetical. It is here now and our people have a right to know what our policy is.

In addition, I respectfully request that you do not have some subordinate write me, for this is a matter of crucial importance despite the focusing of publicity on far-away Congo. I ask your personal consideration.

A prompt reply is requested.

Sincerely yours,

DANIEL J. FLOOD,
Member of Congress.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, October 5, 1960.

DEAR MR. FLOOD: I have received your letter of September 22, 1960, addressed to Secretary Herter, concerning the position of the Department with respect to the Guantanamo naval base.

As you mentioned in your letter, Raul Castro on September 19, 1960, made reference to the Guantanamo base. Subsequent to this remark, Fidel Castro in his address on September 26 to the General Assembly of the United Nations and again on his return to Cuba stated that the Cuban Government is considering asking for the withdrawal, through the process of international law, of U.S. military forces from Guantanamo. Cuban officials have made a number of statements to the effect that they do not intend to attack the base.

The United States maintains the Guantanamo naval establishment under the terms of a valid and binding international agreement which can be abrogated only by the agreement of both parties. I can assure you that the Department has no intention of agreeing to the abrogation of the agreement or to the abandonment of the base.

Please call on me if I may be of further assistance.

Sincerely yours,

WILLIAM B. MACOMBER, JR.,
Assistant Secretary.

JANUARY 3, 1961.

PRESIDENT DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER,
The White House,
Washington, D.C.

My compliments on your decision to break diplomatic relations with Cuba. Be assured of my complete support of this action in best interests of our country and world peace. Let us hope your decision will be followed by all nations which believe in God and freedom. Let us pray that stricken Cuba will once again be returned and soon to her freedom-loving God-fearing people who are the traditional friends of United States of America.

DANIEL J. FLOOD,
Member of Congress.

JANUARY 4, 1961.

PRESIDENT DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER,
The White House,
Washington, D.C.

Respectfully urge you reassert determination of United States to remain in and defend Guantanamo Naval Base in Cuba and that you order reactivate immediately Caribbean naval squadron of one carrier, one cruiser, and necessary destroyer escort with commanding officer of squadron reporting directly to Chief of Naval Operations and that this squadron be made permanent. That you call for a diplomatic quarantine of Castro's Cuba by all Western Hemisphere nations and that you urge immediate convening of the Organization of American States to that end.

DANIEL J. FLOOD,
Member of Congress.

MONROE DOCTRINE AND SELF-DEFENSE

Mr. FLOOD. Mr. Speaker, ever since the establishment of a Communist beachhead in Cuba in January 1959, the question of the Monroe Doctrine as an expression of the principles of international law in dealing with the protection of the Western Hemisphere has been increasingly discussed in the press of the Nation.

Among the recent contributions to the cumulating literature on that vital policy question is a thoughtful article by Dr. Charles Callan Tansill in the December 1960 issue of American Mercury.

As a life student of American diplomatic history, author of many books on that subject, and former adviser of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations,

Dr. Tansill is one of the leading authorities of the country in his field whose views command respect.

The indicated article follows:

THE MONROE DOCTRINE AND THE RIGHT OF SELF-DEFENSE

(By Charles Callan Tansill)

In one of his hysterical tirades against the United States, Nikita Khrushchev boldly announced that the Monroe Doctrine is out of date and no longer has any validity in international relations. In Cuba, Premier Castro accepted this declaration at face value, and has continued to thunder against any application of the doctrine.

To any student of American foreign policy it is evident that in 1823 President Monroe sent his famous message to Congress as a warning to European powers that America would seriously object to any intervention in Latin America. This warning was unilateral and was based upon the principles of international law dealing with the doctrine of self-defense. Every nation has a Monroe Doctrine that is designed to protect its national security and it can never be out of date.

Since 1808 the Caribbean has been an American danger zone and our Presidents have been deeply concerned about any type of European intervention. After the war for southern independence, the Department of State has watched with anxious eyes for an indirect intervention in the Caribbean through the transfer of sovereignty of island possessions. We were particularly fearful that Germany might attempt to secure from Denmark the control of the Danish West Indies, and in August, 1916, President Wilson exerted such pressure upon Denmark that she sold the islands to the United States for \$25 million.

The attitude of President Theodore Roosevelt toward European intervention in Venezuela in 1902 is a twicetold tale that does not need repetition here. But it is important to note that on December 6, 1904, he proclaimed his corollary to the Monroe Doctrine. If any nation in Latin America engaged in chronic wrongdoing the Monroe Doctrine would "force the United States . . . to the exercise of an international police power." We would compel Latin American Nations to behave themselves.

In 1911 another corollary was added to the Monroe Doctrine. When rumors were circulated that a Japanese company was negotiating for the purchase of a tract of land on Magdalena Bay, Mexico, the Senate of the United States immediately adopted a resolution that strongly condemned the transfer of strategic spots in the Americas to non-American private companies that might be agents for a foreign power. The infiltration of foreign powers into the Caribbean area through indirect means was said to be a breach of the Monroe Doctrine.

In June 1940, when Nazi armies had overrun both France and Holland, the American Congress, fearful that Hitler had his eyes upon the Dutch and French islands in the Caribbean, adopted a resolution strongly reaffirming the nontransfer principle of the Monroe Doctrine. German refusal to accept this principle led to the convening of the Havana Conference on July 21, 1940. Under the terms of the Act of Havana, July 30, any territory of a European power in danger of falling into the hands of an unfriendly power, might be taken over and jointly administered by the American Republics pending a final disposition of the areas in question. Multilateral action was coming into vogue.

In the meantime, in December 1936, a Special Inter-American Conference for the Maintenance of Peace, meeting in Buenos Aires, adopted an important protocol relative to nonintervention: "The high contracting parties declare inadmissible the intervention of any one of them, directly or indirectly, and

for whatever reason, in the internal or external affairs of any other of the parties."

But this ambitious peace structure of the Roosevelt administration does not mean that the Monroe Doctrine is out of date or that a system of collective security can take the place of any individual action on the part of the United States if its national security is seriously imperiled. The Monroe Doctrine, and the important series of treaties that implement it, are merely expressions of the principles of international law dealing with the right of self-defense. This right is basic to national sovereignty and can never be abandoned by the United States.

PANAMA INTRIGUE: CONGRESS MUST INVESTIGATE SEQUEL

Mr. FLOOD. Mr. Speaker, in an address to the House on September 1960, under the title of "Panama Intrigue: Congress Must Investigate," I included an exchange of correspondence between the Department of State and myself on the question of subversive activities in that Department. Also published with that assembly of letters was one to the chairman of the House Committee on Government Operations in which I urged an immediate investigation by this committee to determine the identity of these influences.

In November 1959, it will be recalled, the isthmus was the scene of the worst border violence in Panama Canal Zone history, with radical-led mobs endeavoring to enter the zone to plant the Panama flag over that territory and to that end employing physical violence.

A year later, in October 1960, when news stories indicated the imminence of a repetition of the 1959 Canal Zone border disorders, I wrote the Secretary of State on October 13, protesting the failure of that Department to comment on what was developing.

Replying on November 2, the Department of State commented that the "motivation and arrangement for the flag day parade are compatible with the consideration which led to the decision to display the flag of the Republic of Panama in the Canal Zone."

Here, Mr. Speaker, is an official admission of the willingness of the Department of State to compromise on the fundamental principle of Canal Zone sovereignty to placate radical-led mobs in Panama.

In order that the Congress, especially committees concerned with the investigation of subversive influences in the Department of State, may be fully informed, I quote the two indicated letters:

OCTOBER 13, 1960.

HON. CHRISTIAN HERTER,
Secretary of State,
Department of State,
Washington, D.C.

DEAR MR. SECRETARY: I would appreciate knowing what action is proposed, concerning the parade into the Canal Zone on November 4, since no permit has been requested and Panama is again forcing the issue now that they have been given a foot in the door by flying the flag.

Do I understand the State Department will not comment on the rapidly developing parade of thousands of Panamanians with their flag from one end of the zone to the other?

Sincerely yours,

DANIEL J. FLOOD,
Member of Congress.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,

Washington, November 2, 1960.

DEAR MR. FLOOD: Your letter of October 13, addressed to the Secretary, regarding preparations for a parade in the Canal Zone on November 4 has been referred to me for reply.

The municipal council in Panama City recently requested the Foreign Minister to make arrangements with Canal Zone authorities, through diplomatic channels, for a parade through a part of the zone on Panama's flag day, November 4. A similar parade is being planned in Colon for November 5, Colon's independence day celebration. Subject to certain limitations as to the parade route, the Acting Governor of the Canal Zone has acquiesced to the request for the parade at Balboa; details are not yet available on the arrangements at Cristobal.

A leading Panamanian newspaper in commenting editorially on the November 4 parade stated that the "ceremony would be the best recourse against the occurrence of any disturbing and disorderly event during the national holidays." The article went on to say that "the misguided or irresponsible groups who plan to provoke violent encounters with the neighbors on the other side of the Fourth of July Avenue will, with this patriotic parade organized by the municipal council, remain completely frustrated in their extremist demonstrations."

Information available to the Department and the Embassy to date indicates that the motivation and arrangements for the flag day parade are compatible with the considerations which led to the decision to display of the flag of the Republic of Panama in the Canal Zone.

If I can be of further assistance to you, please do not hesitate to call on me.

Sincerely yours,

WILLIAM B. MACOMBER, JR.,
Assistant Secretary.

SPECIAL ORDERS GRANTED

By unanimous consent, permission to address the House, following the legislative program and any special orders heretofore entered, was granted to:

Mr. SCHERER (at the request of Mr. NELSEN), for 15 minutes, on January 9.

Mr. FLOOD (at the request of Mr. McCORMACK), for 30 minutes, today, and to revise and extend his remarks and to include extraneous matter.

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

By unanimous consent, at the request of Mr. NELSEN, the following Members were granted permission to extend their remarks and include extraneous matter in the RECORD:

Mr. FULTON.

Mr. VAN ZANDT in four instances.

Mr. SCHERER.

Mr. CHAMBERLAIN.

At the request of Mr. McCORMACK, the following Members were granted permission to extend their remarks in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD and to include extraneous matter:

Mr. BUCKLEY.

Mr. FLOOD.

Mr. RYAN in two instances.

Mr. EVINS.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn. The motion was agreed to; accordingly (at 1 o'clock and 58 minutes p.m.), under

its previous order, the House adjourned until Monday, January 9, 1961, at 12 o'clock noon.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XXIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

215. A letter from the Administrator, General Services Administration, transmitting a copy of the certificate of ascertainment of electors of the State of Hawaii, dated January 4, 1961, pursuant to section 6, title 3, United States Code; to the Committee on House Administration.

216. A letter from the Chairman, National Advisory Council on International Monetary and Financial Problems, transmitting the Seventh Special Report of the Council on the operations and policies of the international financial institutions of which the United States is a member, for the 2-year period April 1, 1958 through March 31, 1960, pursuant to section 4(b)(6) of the Bretton Woods Agreements Act, as amended (H. Doc. No. 42); to the Committee on Banking and Currency and ordered to be printed.

217. A letter from the Administrative Assistant Secretary of the Interior, transmitting a report for the special helium-production fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1960, pursuant to (50 Stat. 885, 50 U.S.C. 164); to the Committee on Armed Services.

218. A letter from the President of the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia, transmitting a report of the official operations of the government of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1960, pursuant to an act approved June 11, 1878 (20 Stat. 108); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

219. A letter from the Comptroller General of the United States, transmitting a report on examination of the prices negotiated for J-71-A-11 aircraft engines under Department of the Air Force contract AF 33 (600)-23143 with Allison Division, General Motors Corp., Indianapolis, Ind.; to the Committee on Government Operations.

220. A letter from the Comptroller General of the United States, transmitting a report on examination of conversion from a cost-plus-a-fixed-fee basis to a fixed-price basis of certain portions of Department of the Navy contract N0y-83333 with Brown-Raymond-Walsh (a joint venture) for the Spanish base construction program; to the Committee on Government Operations.

221. A letter from the Comptroller General of the United States, transmitting a report on a general review of current automatic data processing developments in the Federal Government; to the Committee on Government Operations.

222. A letter from the Secretary of the Army, transmitting a letter from the Chief of Engineers, Department of the Army, dated November 3, 1960, submitting a report, together with accompanying papers and illustrations, on a review of reports on Sitka Harbor, Alaska, requested by resolutions of the Committees on Public Works, U.S. Senate and House of Representatives, adopted June 21, 1957 and July 31, 1957; to the Committee on Public Works.

223. A letter from the Secretary of the Army, transmitting a letter from the Chief of Engineers, Department of the Army, dated September 29, 1960, submitting a report, together with accompanying papers and illustrations, on a survey of Powells Bay, Va., authorized by the River and Harbor Act approved June 30, 1948; to the Committee on Public Works.

224. A letter from the Comptroller General of the United States, transmitting a report on our fiscal year 1959 review of the education and training programs adminis-

tered by the Veterans' Administration for the benefit of veterans of the Korean conflict and of children of persons who died from injury or disease resulting from service during the Spanish-American War, World War I, World War II, or the Korean conflict; to the Committee on Government Operations.

PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 4 of rule XXII, public bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. BARING:

H.R. 1921. A bill to protect the right of the blind to self-expression through organizations of the blind; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

H.R. 1922. A bill to provide for a Veterans' Administration general medical and surgical hospital of 200 beds at Clark County, Nev., to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. BOGGS:

H.R. 1923. A bill to amend section 37 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to equalize for all taxpayers the amount which may be taken into account in computing the retirement credit thereunder; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. BROOKS of Louisiana:

H.R. 1924. A bill to provide for the designation of parts of U.S. Highways Nos. 61 and 71 as a part of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways; to the Committee on Public Works.

By Mr. COHELAN:

H.R. 1925. A bill to establish a National Wilderness Preservation System for the permanent good of the whole people, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

H.R. 1926. A bill to provide for unemployment reinsurance grants to the States, to revise, extend, and improve the unemployment insurance program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. JAMES C. DAVIS:

H.R. 1927. A bill to provide for certain survivors' annuities in additional cases under the Civil Service Retirement Act of May 29, 1930; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. DULSKI:

H.R. 1928. A bill to amend the Veterans' Benefits Code with respect to the payment of compensation and pension to widows of veterans; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

H.R. 1929. A bill to amend section 703(b) of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, relating to longevity step increases; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

H.R. 1930. A bill to amend the Civil Service Retirement Act to increase by an additional one-half of 1 percent of the annuity computation formula for determining annuities for certain Federal employees; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. ICHORD of Missouri:

H.R. 1931. A bill to establish an effective program to alleviate conditions of substantial and persistent unemployment and underemployment in certain economically depressed areas; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

By Mr. BOYKIN:

H.R. 1932. A bill to amend title 38 so as to provide a uniform effective date for the award of compensation payments not previously authorized by law; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. BRAY:

H.R. 1933. A bill to amend the Federal Coal Mine Safety Act so as to provide further for the prevention of accidents in coal mines; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. DADDARIO:

H.R. 1934. A bill to amend the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958, and for

other purposes; to the Committee on Science and Astronautics.

By Mr. DOYLE:

H.R. 1935. A bill to amend chapter 79 of title 10, United States Code, to provide that certain boards established thereunder shall give consideration to satisfactory evidence relating to good character and exemplary conduct in civilian life after discharge or dismissal in determining whether or not to correct certain discharges and dismissals; to authorize the award of an exemplary rehabilitation certificate, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. FLOOD:

H.R. 1936. A bill to amend the Federal Coal Mine Safety Act so as to provide further for the prevention of accidents in coal mines; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mrs. GRIFFITHS:

H.R. 1937. A bill to provide for the humane treatment of animals used in experiments and tests by recipients of grants from the United States and by agencies and instrumentalities of the U.S. Government and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. HALL:

H.R. 1938. A bill to authorize the Secretary of the Army to convey approximately 27 acres of land at Fort Crowder Military Reservation to the city of Neosho, Mo.; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. HECHLER:

H.R. 1939. A bill to amend the Federal Coal Mine Safety Act so as to provide further for the prevention of accidents in coal mines; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. HOLLAND:

H.R. 1940. A bill to reduce the maximum workweek under the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 as amended, to 32 hours, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

H.R. 1941. A bill to amend the Federal Coal Mine Safety Act so as to provide further for the prevention of accidents in coal mines; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. KEARNS:

H.R. 1942. A bill to establish a program of grants to States for the development of programs and projects in the arts, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. KEOGH:

H.R. 1943. A bill relating to duty-free imports of Philippine tobacco; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MARTIN of Nebraska:

H.R. 1944. A bill to extend the provisions of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. MERROW:

H.R. 1945. A bill to appropriate \$238,000 to the Secretary of the Army to carry out certain works of improvement at Rye Harbor, N.H.; to the Committee on Appropriations.

H.R. 1946. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to provide for the payment of pensions to veterans of World War I; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. MOSS:

H.R. 1947. A bill to amend section 6 of the act of August 24, 1912, as amended, with respect to the recognition of organizations of postal and Federal employees; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

H.R. 1948. A bill to establish a plan and appropriate procedure for the promotion of employees of the Government on the basis of merit; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. MOULDER:

H.R. 1949. A bill to protect consumers and others against misbranding and false advertising of decorative hardwood or simulated hardwood products; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

H.R. 1950. A bill to strengthen the domestic and foreign commerce of the United States by providing for the establishment of an Office of International Travel within the Department of Commerce and a Travel Advisory Board; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. O'KONSKI:

H.R. 1951. A bill to provide for a national cemetery at Bong Air Force Base, in Wisconsin; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

H.R. 1952. A bill to amend title 38 of the United States Code to provide that in determining eligibility of a veteran to disability pension the income of a spouse shall not be counted in computing the veteran's annual income; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

H.R. 1953. A bill to provide a basis for payment of death pension by the Veterans' Administration to a widow or child of a person who served in World War I, World War II, or the Korean conflict, and who died while on active duty under circumstances which are held not to be a basis for an award of death compensation or dependency and indemnity compensation; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

H.R. 1954. A bill to provide that amounts equal to amounts paid by a veteran for expenses of the last illness and burial of a wife or child shall not be included in the computation of his annual income for pension purposes; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

H.R. 1955. A bill to amend section 333 of title 38, United States Code, to provide that veterans who serve 2 or more years in peacetime shall be entitled to a presumption that chronic diseases becoming manifest within 1 year from the date of separation from service are service connected; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

H.R. 1956. A bill to amend section 12(b) of Public Law 85-857 to provide for payment of the World War I bonus to certain individuals discharged on account of alienage, except pursuant to their own application or solicitation; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

H.R. 1957. A bill to eliminate the prohibition contained in section 1613 of title 38, United States Code, against affording education or training to an eligible veteran of the Korean conflict beyond 8 years after his discharge; and, to make January 31, 1965, the uniform deadline beyond which such education or training may not be afforded; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

H.R. 1958. A bill to amend chapter 15 of title 38, United States Code, to provide pension for the widows and children of veterans disabled 30 percent or more while engaged in armed conflict or in extrahazardous service, including such service under conditions simulating war; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

H.R. 1959. A bill to provide that where the entitlement of a veteran, widow, or child to a pension from the Veterans' Administration is based upon the veteran's having served in World War I, the beneficiary shall, if otherwise eligible, have the right to elect payment of pension under either the provisions of title 38 as in effect on June 30, 1960, or as amended by the Veterans' Pension Act of 1959, whichever provides the greater benefit; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. POFF:

H.R. 1960. A bill to amend chapter 85 of title 28 of the United States Code relating to the jurisdiction of the U.S. district courts, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1961. A bill to amend sections 1, 17a, 57j, 64a(5), 67b, 67c, and 70c of the Bankruptcy Act, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. RHODES of Pennsylvania:

H.R. 1962. A bill to amend title II of the Social Security Act so as to increase the minimum amount of the monthly insurance benefits payable thereunder to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. SAYLOR:

H.R. 1963. A bill to amend section 110 of title 38, United States Code, to provide for the preservation of total disability ratings under laws administered by the Veterans' Administration where such ratings have been in force for 15 years or more; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

H.R. 1964. A bill to provide that the Veterans' Administration hospital at Altoona, Pa., shall have 500 beds for the furnishing of intermediate care, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mrs. SULLIVAN:

H.R. 1965. A bill to amend section 491 of title 18, United States Code, prohibiting certain acts involving the use of tokens, slugs, disks, devices, papers, or other things; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. TEAGUE of Texas:

H.R. 1966. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to provide vocational rehabilitation, education, and training, and loan guarantee benefits for veterans of service after January 31, 1955, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. TEAGUE of Texas (by request):

H.R. 1967. A bill to amend section 410 of title 38, United States Code, to provide for paying dependency and indemnity compensation to the survivors of certain deceased veterans having serious service-connected disabilities; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. ULLMAN:

H.R. 1968. A bill to amend the Employment Act of 1946 to establish policies with respect to productive capital investments of the Government; to the Committee on Government Operations.

By Mr. UTT:

H.R. 1969. A bill to authorize the revestment of certain interests in land at the U.S. Naval Ammunition and Net Depot, Seal Beach, Calif.; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

H.R. 1970. A bill for the establishment of a Resources Planning Commission for the Lower Colorado River Basin, to study the multipurpose resources of public lands and other land and water areas in and near the Colorado River between Hoover Dam and the Mexican boundary, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

H.R. 1971. A bill to authorize certain beach erosion control of the shore in San Diego County, Calif.; to the Committee on Public Works.

H.R. 1972. A bill to amend the Tariff Act of 1930 to provide for the free importation of wild animals and wild birds which are intended for exhibition in the United States; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1973. A bill to amend section 1371 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to permit stock of a small business corporation which is owned by a husband and wife to be treated as owned by a single shareholder for purposes of determining the number of shareholders of such corporation; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1974. A bill to encourage equity investment in new and small businesses, to relieve unemployment, and provide additional revenue to the Federal Government to be applied to debt reduction, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1975. A bill to repeal the excise tax on amounts paid for communication service or facilities; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1976. A bill to amend section 4242 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to exempt from the club-dues tax certain charges made by nonprofit clubs for the use of facilities; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1977. A bill to provide for adjusting conditions of competition between certain domestic industries and foreign industries with respect to the level of wages and the working conditions in the production of articles imported into the United States; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1978. A bill to amend the Veterans' Benefits Act of 1957 to permit permanent plan U.S. Government life (converted) insurance policies and national service life insurance policies to be assigned as collateral for certain loans; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

H.R. 1979. A bill to increase the annual income limitations governing the payment of pension to certain veterans and their dependents; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

H.R. 1980. A bill to provide for the construction, operation, and maintenance of a land boundary fence project, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

H.R. 1981. A bill relating to the interest rates on loans made by the Treasury to the Department of Agriculture to carry out the programs authorized by the Rural Electrification Act of 1936; to the Committee on Agriculture.

H.R. 1982. A bill to provide for an increase in the amount of clerk hire available to Members of the House of Representatives whose constituencies contain a population of 800,000 or more; to the Committee on House Administration.

H.R. 1983. A bill to cancel reimbursable charges against Mission Indian lands in California; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

H.R. 1984. A bill to authorize payment of the claims of certain former owners of property vested by the United States, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

H.R. 1985. A bill to prescribe the oath of office of justices and judges of the United States; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. ALFORD:

H.R. 1986. A bill to repeal the provisions of section 5 of the act of July 28, 1916, as amended, relating to the furnishing of information to the Postmaster General by the Interstate Commerce Commission with respect to revenue received by railroads from express companies for the transportation of express matter; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. BAILEY:

H.R. 1987. A bill to establish an effective program to alleviate conditions of substantial and persistent unemployment and underemployment in certain economically depressed areas; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

H.R. 1988. A bill to provide for the designation of that portion of U.S. Highway No. 19 which is located in the State of West Virginia as a part of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways; to the Committee on Public Works.

H.R. 1989. A bill to amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to provide for the sealing off of certain abandoned coal mines so as to prevent the pollution of waterways, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Public Works.

By Mr. BARING:

H.R. 1990. A bill giving the consent of Congress to a compact between the State of Arizona and the State of Nevada establishing a boundary between those States; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1991. A bill to permit the free marketing of gold, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

H.R. 1992. A bill to authorize the classification, segregation, and disposal of public lands chiefly valuable for urban and business purposes; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

H.R. 1993. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to provide the payment of pensions to veterans of World War I; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. BUCKLEY:

H.R. 1994. A bill to establish an effective program to alleviate conditions of substantial and persistent unemployment and underemployment in certain economically depressed areas; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

By Mr. BURKE of Kentucky:

H.R. 1995. A bill to establish a commission to study the adequacy of compensation for real property acquired by the United States; to the Committee on Public Works.

By Mr. BYRNES of Wisconsin:

H.R. 1996. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to make certain technical revisions in the income and administrative provisions; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1997. A bill to repeal the interest rate limitations on obligations of the United States issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. CHELF:

H.R. 1998. A bill to provide that the House of Representatives shall be composed of 450 Members, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. COHELAN:

H.R. 1999. A bill to provide for Federal grants and contracts to carry out projects with respect to techniques and practices for the prevention, diminution, and control of juvenile delinquency, and for the training of personnel; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

H.R. 2000. A bill to establish a Federal Recreation Service in the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

H.R. 2001. A bill to prohibit the discharge of members of the Armed Forces under conditions other than honorable except pursuant to the sentence of a court-martial; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. CUNNINGHAM:

H.R. 2002. A bill to amend the Postal Field Service Compensation Act of 1955 with respect to the position descriptions and salary levels of mail handlers, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. CURTIS of Missouri:

H.R. 2003. A bill to provide a program of tax adjustment for small business and for persons engaged in small business; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. DOMINICK:

H.R. 2004. A bill to extend the provisions of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. DULSKI:

H.R. 2005. A bill to provide a 1-year period during which certain veterans may be granted national service life insurance; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. FARBERSTEIN:

H.R. 2006. A bill to amend the U.S. Housing Act of 1937, as amended, with respect to the definition of the term "low-rent housing"; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

By Mr. FINO:

H.R. 2007. A bill to provide for Federal lotteries to raise funds to provide for a reduction in the national debt and a reduction in the Federal individual income taxes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. FULTON:

H.R. 2008. A bill to establish a National Wilderness Preservation System for the permanent good of the whole people, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

H.R. 2009. A bill to amend the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 to provide that benefits payable under such act or the Railroad Retirement Act of 1935 shall not be considered as income in determining eligibility of individuals for benefits from the Veterans' Administration; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. GATHINGS:

H.R. 2010. A bill to amend title V of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

H.R. 2011. A bill to amend Public Law 85-278; to the Committee on Agriculture.

H.R. 2012. A bill to amend the Agricultural Act of 1949 to provide for the increased use of milled or enriched rice by the Armed Forces, Federal penal and correctional institutions, and in certain federally operated hospitals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. GREEN of Pennsylvania:

H.R. 2013. A bill to amend section 701 of the Housing Act of 1954 (relating to urban planning grants), and title II of the Housing Amendments of 1955 (relating to public facility loans), to assist State and local governments and their public instrumentalities in improving mass transportation services in metropolitan areas; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

H.R. 2014. A bill to establish an effective program to alleviate conditions of substantial and persistent unemployment and underemployment in certain economically depressed areas; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

H.R. 2015. A bill to amend the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, to provide a formula for guaranteeing a minimum increase when an employee is promoted from one grade to another; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

H.R. 2016. A bill to provide that States and political subdivisions which operate liquor stores shall not be required to pay more than one tax as a retail dealer in liquor; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 2017. A bill relating to withholding, for purposes of the income tax imposed by certain cities, on the compensation of Federal employees; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 2018. A bill to amend title II of the Social Security Act so as to remove the limitation upon the amount of outside income which may be received by an individual while receiving benefits thereunder; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 2019. A bill to increase from \$600 to \$800 the personal income tax exemptions of a taxpayer (including the exemption for a spouse, the exemption for a dependent, and the additional exemption for old age or blindness); to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HALEY:

H.R. 2020. A bill to fix midnight as the effective time of discharges from the Armed Forces prior to January 1, 1957, for the purposes of title 38, United States Code; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. HALPERN:

H.R. 2021. A bill making unlawful the requirement for the payment of a poll tax as a prerequisite to voting in a primary or other election for national officers; to the Committee on House Administration.

H.R. 2022. A bill to prohibit discrimination in employment because of race, religion, color, national origin, or ancestry; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

H.R. 2023. A bill to amend part III of the Civil Rights Act of 1957; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2024. A bill to make the Civil Rights Commission a permanent agency; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2025. A bill to establish a Commission on Equal Job Opportunity Under Government Contracts; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2026. A bill for the better assurance of the protection of citizens of the United States and other persons within the several States from mob violence and lynching, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2027. A bill to provide a program of technical and financial assistance to communities to help effectuate desegregation of schools; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

H.R. 2028. A bill to create a community relations service; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. HEMPHILL:

H.R. 2029. A bill to reimburse producers of cottonseed in certain areas for losses sustained by them on their 1959 crop; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. HERLONG:

H.R. 2030. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 so as to provide for scheduled personal and corporate income tax reductions, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. BAKER:

H.R. 2031. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 so as to provide for scheduled personal and corporate income tax reductions, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HIESTAND:

H.R. 2032. A bill to amend title 13 of the United States Code to provide for the collection and publication of foreign commerce and trade statistics and for other purposes; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. HOFFMAN of Illinois:

H.R. 2033. A bill vesting in the American Battle Monuments Commission the care and maintenance of the original Iwo Jima Memorial on Mount Surabachi, Iwo Jima Volcanic Islands, Pacific Ocean area; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. INOUE:

H.R. 2034. A bill to authorize each Member of the House of Representatives to employ an administrative assistant; to the Committee on House Administration.

H.R. 2035. A bill making appropriations to carry out the Center for Cultural and Technical Interchange Between East and West Act of 1960, for the year ending June 30, 1962; to the Committee on Appropriations.

H.R. 2036. A bill making appropriations for land-grant college aid to the State of Hawaii as authorized by the Hawaii Omnibus Act; to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. KARTH:

H.R. 2037. A bill to amend the Postal Field Service Compensation Act of 1955, as amended, with respect to position descriptions, salary, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

H.R. 2038. A bill to amend section 1(14) (a) of the Interstate Commerce Act to insure the adequacy of the national railroad freight car supply, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. KING of Utah:

H.R. 2039. A bill to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to construct, operate, and maintain the Dixie project, Utah, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. LIBONATI:

H.R. 2040. A bill to amend the Bankruptcy Act to prohibit the discharge of debts and

obligations of which moral turpitude is the gist of the action; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2041. A bill to amend section 48, title 18, United States Code, with respect to transportation of water-hyacinths and seeds; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. LINDSAY:

H.R. 2042. A bill to establish the Department of Urban Affairs and prescribe its functions; to the Committee on Government Operations.

H.R. 2043. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to provide that the tax on admissions shall not apply to admissions to any live dramatic (including musical) performance; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. McCORMACK:

H.R. 2044. A bill to amend paragraph 1102 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, with respect to the duties on hair of the Cashmere goat; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 2045. A bill to amend section 498(a) (1) of the Tariff Act of 1930 so as to increase from \$250 to \$1,000 the valuation figure with respect to informal entries of imported merchandise; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MASON:

H.R. 2046. A bill to amend the Tariff Act of 1930 and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MATHIAS:

H.R. 2047. A bill to establish the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal National Historical Park and to provide for the administration and maintenance of a parkway, in the State of Maryland, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. CLEM MILLER:

H.R. 2048. A bill to establish a Federal Recreation Service in the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. GEORGE P. MILLER:

H.R. 2049. A bill to provide that the National Bureau of Standards shall conduct a program of investigation, research, and survey to determine the practicability of the adoption by the United States of the metric system of weights and measures; to the Committee on Science and Astronautics.

By Mr. MOORE:

H.R. 2050. A bill to amend the Federal Coal Mine Safety Act so as to provide further for the prevention of accidents in coal mines; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. MOORHEAD of Pennsylvania:

H.R. 2051. A bill to amend title IV of the Housing Act of 1950 (college housing) to authorize loans to educational institutions for the construction, rehabilitation, alteration, conversion, and improvement of classroom buildings and other academic facilities; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

By Mr. MOSS:

H.R. 2052. A bill to amend the act of September 21, 1959, to authorize conveyance of certain real property of the United States to the county of Sacramento, Calif.; to the Committee on Armed Services.

H.R. 2053. A bill to provide that the Channel Islands off the coast of southern California shall be referred to as the Juan Rodriguez Cabrillo Islands; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. NORBLAD:

H.R. 2054. A bill to establish a Federal regional water pollution control research laboratory in the Pacific Northwest, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. OSTERTAG:

H.R. 2055. A bill to amend the National Defense Education Act of 1958 to provide that payments made under title III of that

act may not be used to acquire equipment manufactured in the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. PELLY:

H.R. 2056. A bill to provide that the Secretary of the Interior shall investigate and report to the Congress on the advisability of establishing a national park or other unit of the national park system in the central and north Cascades region of the State of Washington, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. PRICE:

H.R. 2057. A bill to provide for the securing of custody and disposition by the United States of missiles, rockets, earth satellites, and similar devices adaptable to military uses, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Science and Astronautics.

By Mr. QUIE:

H.R. 2058. A bill to permanently extend the Armed Forces and veterans dairy programs and the special milk program for children and to amend the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. NELSEN:

H.R. 2059. A bill to permanently extend the Armed Forces and veterans dairy programs and the special milk program for children and to amend the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. LANGEN:

H.R. 2060. A bill to permanently extend the Armed Forces and veterans dairy programs and the special milk program for children and to amend the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. LAIRD:

H.R. 2061. A bill to permanently extend the Armed Forces and veterans dairy programs and the special milk program for children and to amend the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. KYL:

H.R. 2062. A bill to permanently extend the Armed Forces and veterans dairy programs and the special milk program for children and to amend the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. RAY:

H.R. 2063. A bill to amend title II of the Social Security Act so as to provide that deductions on account of earnings shall not be made in the case of beneficiaries who have attained retirement age; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 2064. A bill to amend the Employment Act of 1946 to emphasize the policy of promoting employment under stable prices; to the Committee on Government Operations.

By Mr. ROBERTS:

H.R. 2065. A bill to provide for the establishment of Fort Toulouse as a national historic site; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. SHELLEY:

H.R. 2066. A bill to amend section 201(c) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 to authorize the employment of administrative assistants by Members of the House of Representatives; to the Committee on House Administration.

H.R. 2067. A bill to amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 so as to increase from \$1 to \$1.50 the minimum hourly wage prescribed by section 6(a) (1) of that act; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

H.R. 2068. A bill to amend section 14(b) of the National Labor Relations Act so as to protect the rights of employees and employers, in industries affecting commerce, to enter into union shop agreements; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

H.R. 2069. A bill to provide that the unmarried children of certain former members

of the Armed Forces of the United States or of the Philippine Scouts may be admitted to the United States as nonquota immigrants, during a 2-year period, without regard to their age; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SHEPPARD:

H.R. 2070. A bill to provide retirement benefits for firefighters employed by the Federal Government; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. SLACK:

H.R. 2071. A bill to amend the Federal Coal Mine Safety Act so as to provide further for the prevention of accidents in coal mines; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. STRATTON:

H.R. 2072. A bill to amend section 202(b) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954 so as to require that dollar funds made available to foreign countries by the Development Loan Fund for the purchase of materials or supplies shall be utilized for the purchase of materials or supplies produced in areas of substantial and persistent unemployment in the United States; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

H.R. 2073. A bill to amend title III of the act of March 3, 1933, commonly referred to as the Buy American Act, with respect to determining when the cost of certain articles, materials, or supplies is unreasonable, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Public Works.

By Mr. STUBBLEFIELD:

H.R. 2074. A bill to establish a commission to study the adequacy of compensation for real property acquired by the United States; to the Committee on Public Works.

By Mr. TOLLEFSON:

H.R. 2075. A bill to provide that the Secretary of the Army shall purchase certain oil paintings of Nez Percé Indian leaders for display at the site of the Chief Joseph Dam in the State of Washington; to the Committee on Public Works.

H.R. 2076. A bill to amend section 6 of the act of August 24, 1912, as amended, with respect to the recognition of organizations of postal and Federal employees; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. UTT:

H.R. 2077. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to allow a deduction from the gross estate for the value of property passing to children; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. VAN ZANDT:

H.R. 2078. A bill to provide for the increase, modernization, and stockpiling of railroad equipment in order to meet the needs of the commerce of the United States, of the postal service, and of the national defense; to create and establish a public agency with powers to carry out the provisions of this act; and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. WALLHAUSER:

H.R. 2079. A bill to amend the Classification Act of 1949 to authorize the establishment of hazardous duty pay in certain cases; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

H.R. 2080. A bill to protect the right of the blind to self-expression through organizations of the blind; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

H.R. 2081. A bill to extend coverage under the Federal old-age, survivors, and disability insurance system to self-employed physicians; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 2082. A bill to amend section 313 of the Veterans' Benefits Act of 1957, to extend the presumptive period with respect to service connection of multiple sclerosis for an additional 4 years; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. WALTER:

H.R. 2083. A bill to amend title 10, United States Code, to establish the U.S. Military Academy of Medicine; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. WICKERSHAM:

H.R. 2084. A bill to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to construct, operate, and maintain the Waurika reclamation project, Oklahoma; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

H.R. 2085. A bill to authorize the construction, operation, and maintenance of the Canton project, Oklahoma, by the Secretary of the Interior; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. McCORMACK:

H.J. Res. 107. Joint resolution exempting from Federal excise tax admissions to official inaugural functions and sales of official inaugural medallions authorized by the Inaugural Committee; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HALLECK:

H.J. Res. 108. Joint resolution exempting from Federal excise tax admissions to official inaugural functions and sales of official inaugural medallions authorized by the Inaugural Committee; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MARTIN of Massachusetts:

H.J. Res. 109. Joint resolution designating the 17th day of December in each year as "Wright Brothers Day"; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. BRAY:

H. Con. Res. 41. Concurrent resolution to create a Joint Committee on a National Fuels Study; to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. JAMES C. DAVIS:

H. Con. Res. 42. Concurrent resolution declaring the sense of the Congress that no further reductions in tariffs be made during the life of the present Reciprocal Trade Agreements Act; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H. Con. Res. 43. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the Congress with respect to a program for paying the national debt; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. FULTON:

H. Con. Res. 44. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the Congress with respect to the adoption in the United States of the metric system of weights and measures; to the Committee on Science and Astronautics.

By Mr. HECHLER:

H. Con. Res. 45. Concurrent resolution providing for the development through the United Nations of international cooperation in educational programs; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. HOLLAND:

H. Con. Res. 46. Concurrent resolution to create a Joint Committee on a National Fuels Study; to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. MOORHEAD of Pennsylvania:

H. Con. Res. 47. Concurrent resolution to create a Joint Committee on a National Fuels Study; to the Committee on Rules.

By Mrs. ST. GEORGE:

H. Con. Res. 48. Concurrent resolution requesting the President to call for a study by the United Nations to determine whether it would assist the deliberations of that body if its headquarters were located in a neutral nation; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. SILER:

H. Con. Res. 49. Concurrent resolution to create a Joint Committee on a National Fuels Study; to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. UTT:

H. Con. Res. 50. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of Congress that the United States should not grant further tariff reductions in the forthcoming tariff negotiations under the provisions of the Trade Agreements Extension Act of 1958, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. WALTER:

H. Con. Res. 51. Concurrent resolution to print as a House document the publication "Facts on Communism—Volume II, The Soviet Union, From Lenin to Khrushchev," and to provide for the printing of additional copies; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. ADDABBO:

H. Res. 84. Resolution creating a select committee to conduct an investigation and study of the powers and functions of agencies over the operation of aircraft; to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. BROOKS of Louisiana:

H. Res. 85. Resolution to provide funds for the expenses of the studies, investigations, and inquiries authorized by House Resolution 55; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. COOLEY:

H. Res. 86. Resolution authorizing the Committee on Agriculture to conduct studies and investigations; to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. FARBERSTEIN:

H. Res. 87. Resolution expressing the sense of the House with respect to the need for rapid and complete atomic disarmament; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. JUDD:

H. Res. 88. Resolution providing that the office building presently being constructed for Members of the House of Representatives shall be named the "Rayburn House Office Building"; to the Committee on Public Works.

By Mr. STRATTON:

H. Res. 89. Resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that the people of all Ireland should have an opportunity to express their will for union by an election under the auspices of a United Nations Commission; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

MEMORIALS

Under clause 4 of rule XXII,

The SPEAKER presented a memorial of the Legislature of the State of Pennsylvania, memorializing the President and the Congress of the United States relative to requesting passage of a Federal area redevelopment act to help the Nation's surplus labor areas rebuild their economies, and that the proposed act contain sufficient authorizations for loans; which was referred to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

PRIVATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 1 of rule XXII, private bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. ANFUSO:

H.R. 2086. A bill for the relief of Earl H. Spero; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2087. A bill for the relief of Maria Swiatek; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. BARING:

H.R. 2088. A bill for the relief of Orlando Gonfiantini; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. BUCKLEY:

H.R. 2089. A bill for the relief of Santina Ferrara; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. COAD:

H.R. 2090. A bill for the relief of Mr. and Mrs. Christian Voss; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. CONTE:

H.R. 2091. A bill for the relief of Gino Forato; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2092. A bill for the relief of Wladyslaw Golas Romankiewicz; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2093. A bill for the relief of Janina Koscinska; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2094. A bill for the relief of Antonio Pellegrini; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. DANIELS:

H.R. 2095. A bill for the relief of John Wrocenski; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2096. A bill for the relief of Eva, Albertina, and Rita Carrino; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2097. A bill for the relief of Margarita Jericevic; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2098. A bill for the relief of Jure Ruscic; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2099. A bill for the relief of Iona Lembesis (nee Rozanitou); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2100. A bill for the relief of Ursula Kruthoff; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2101. A bill for the relief of Evelina Scarpa; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2102. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Olga Gadecki and her two minor children, Wanda and Stanislaw Gadecki; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2103. A bill for the relief of Antonio C. Ysrael; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2104. A bill for the relief of Elio R. Anelli; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2105. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Elizabeth Erny; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2106. A bill for the relief of Carmine Spedaliere; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2107. A bill for the relief of Pietro DiGregorio Bruno; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. JOHN W. DAVIS:

H.R. 2108. A bill for the relief of Lucia Lena Lee; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. FARBERSTEIN:

H.R. 2109. A bill for the relief of Marta Manelli; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. FINO:

H.R. 2110. A bill for the relief of Angela Calajo; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2111. A bill for the relief of Benjamin Schoenfeld; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. FOGARTY:

H.R. 2112. A bill for the relief of George Koorie; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. FULTON:

H.R. 2113. A bill for the relief of Katherine May Purves; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. GAVIN:

H.R. 2114. A bill for the relief of Helga B. Scharnberg Kemery; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mrs. GRANAHAH:

H.R. 2115. A bill for the relief of Dr. Josephine L. Go and Dr. Welles P. Go; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. GREEN of Pennsylvania:

H.R. 2116. A bill for the relief of Wanda Ferrara Spera; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. INOUE:

H.R. 2117. A bill for the relief of Tokutaro Gomi and Fusae Gomi; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2118. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Aki Mato; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2119. A bill for the relief of Juanito Segismundo; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2120. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Mine Kitagawa; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2121. A bill for the relief of Juan Pascual; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2122. A bill for the relief of Kyozo Tanimoto; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1223. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Tom Pon Shee; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1224. A bill for the relief of Utanosuke Fujishiro; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1225. A bill for the relief of Soon Tai Lim; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1226. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Toshiko Ikeda; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1227. A bill for the relief of Maria Rubi Lupisan Anit; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1228. A bill for the relief of Felicidad Caletena; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. JOHNSON of Maryland:

H.R. 1229. A bill for the relief of John Calvin Taylor; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1230. A bill for the relief of G. Elmer Brown; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. KEOGH:

H.R. 1231. A bill for the relief of Carmen Armbruster Triantafyllou; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. LIBONATI:

H.R. 1232. A bill for the relief of Katherine Au-Young Lam; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MILLER of New York:

H.R. 1233. A bill for the relief of Miss Varsen Emcylian; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MOSS:

H.R. 1234. A bill for the relief of Consolacion M. Rapa; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1235. A bill for the relief of William K. Cassell; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1236. A bill for the relief of Hajime Misaka; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1237. A bill for the relief of Rocco Guiseppe Lavagnino and Caterina Cirelli Lavagnino; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1238. A bill for the relief of Raymond G. Greenhalgh; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1239. A bill for the relief of Suraj Din; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. LINDSAY:

H.R. 1240. A bill for the relief of Pola Pesla Scheldenfisch; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MOSS:

H.R. 1241. A bill for the relief of Henry Wu Chun and Arlene Wu Chun; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1242. A bill for the relief of Joginder Singh Bains; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1243. A bill for the relief of Capt. Arnold M. Anderson; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1244. A bill for the relief of Graham Wong; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1245. A bill for the relief of Joginder Singh Toor; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1246. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Barbara J. Rhodes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MOULDER:

H.R. 1247. A bill for the relief of Kenneth Stultz; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. NORBLAD:

H.R. 1248. A bill for the relief of Wong Bak Yen; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. O'BRIEN of Illinois:

H.R. 1249. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Fannie A. Dablias; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. PELLY:

H.R. 1250. A bill for the relief of Sha Fong Shao; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1251. A bill for the relief of Shu Kwon Shin (also known as Cheng Ah Mao); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1252. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Francisca Hartman; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1253. A bill for the relief of Andrew Furesz; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1254. A bill for the relief of Michel Leon Partayan aka Bartayan; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1255. A bill for the relief of Reoko Kawaguchi Moore; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1256. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Tul Hing Tow Woo; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1257. A bill for the relief of Tatiana Serafimovna Erohina; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. RAY:

H.R. 1258. A bill for the relief of Sister Marie Bernard (Miss Nicolina Ossa); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1259. A bill for the relief of Sister Eucharla (Miss Philomena Iannucci); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1260. A bill for the relief of Sister Alphonsus Marie (Miss Mary Grace Padovano); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1261. A bill for the relief of Sister Mary Dulcis (Miss Mary Teresa Di Iola); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1262. A bill for the relief of Giovanni Budano; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1263. A bill for the relief of Michael Fodale; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1264. A bill for the relief of Giovanna Massagli; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1265. A bill for the relief of Marie F. Balish; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1266. A bill for the relief of Emilia, Guido, and Carlo Borsi; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1267. A bill for the relief of Lugino Valore; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1268. A bill for the relief of Ricardo V. DeLos Reyes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1269. A bill for the relief of Caridad P. Buncab; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1270. A bill for the relief of Dr. Yi Mou Liu; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. ROBERTS:

H.R. 1271. A bill for the relief of Alden Jo Daniel; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. ROSTENKOWSKI:

H.R. 1272. A bill for the relief of Tam Jam Yick; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1273. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Blanka Krickovic Mladenovich; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SANTANGELO:

H.R. 1274. A bill for the relief of Ho Ching Chen; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1275. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Carmela Dovi; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1276. A bill for the relief of Mr. and Mrs. Salvatore Mortelliti and son, Antonio Mortelliti; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1277. A bill for the relief of Mr. and Mrs. Deszo Simon; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SCHADEBERG:

H.R. 1278. A bill for the relief of Mari Rak Velickovic; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SCHENCK:

H.R. 1279. A bill for the relief of Essie V. Johnson; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1280. A bill for the relief of Eugene C. Harter; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SCHWEIKER:

H.R. 1281. A bill for the relief of Kim Dom Yong; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SHELLEY:

H.R. 1282. A bill for the relief of Necasio Agustin, Artemio Agustin, and Gloria Agustin; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1283. A bill conferring jurisdiction upon the Court of Claims to hear, determine,

and render judgment upon the claims of the heirs, of Gen. John C. Frémont, the city of San Francisco, and all other persons against the United States arising out of the seizure of certain real property by the U.S. Government in 1863; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SHEPPARD:

H.R. 1284. A bill to authorize the reconveyance to the former owner thereof of certain property at Chell Air Force Depot, Los Angeles County, Calif., when such property is declared surplus to the needs of the United States; to the Committee on Government Operations.

By Mr. UTT:

H.R. 1285. A bill for the relief of Andrija Artukovic; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1286. A bill for the relief of Serafin Estrada-Serna; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1287. A bill for the relief of Augustin Ramirez-Trejo; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1288. A bill for the relief of Lt. Matthew A. Wojdak, U.S. Navy (retired); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1289. A bill for the relief of Gerardo Wenceslao Alavez Garcia; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1290. A bill for the relief of Antonia Dovolou; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1291. A bill for the relief of Pablo Santana Castellon; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1292. A bill for the relief of Josafat Magos Gonzales; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1293. A bill for the relief of Tranquillino Rodriguez Cervantes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1294. A bill for the relief of Jose Abraham Lizarde-Aguilera; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 1295. A bill to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to convey land to the Diocese of San Diego Education and Welfare Corp.; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

H.R. 1296. A bill to authorize the appointment of Sidney F. Mashbir, colonel, Army of the United States, to the permanent grade of colonel in the Regular Army, on the retired list; to the Committee on Armed Services.

H.R. 1297. A bill to provide for the conveyance of all right, title, and interest of the United States which was reserved or otherwise retained in certain lands heretofore conveyed to Orange Coast Junior College District, Costa Mesa, Calif.; to the Committee on Government Operations.

H.R. 1298. A bill for the relief of Carlos Sepulveda Abarca, Rosario Perez Sepulveda, Carlos Perez Sepulveda, Jorge Perez Sepulveda, and Antonio Perez Sepulveda; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mrs. WEIS:

H.R. 1299. A bill for the relief of Samuel Lipsih; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

PETITIONS, ETC.

Under clause 1 of rule XXII, petitions and papers were laid on the Clerk's desk and referred as follows:

28. By Mr. COHELAN: Petition of Robert and Ruth Sicular and others, East Bay Community Forum for Civil Liberties, Berkeley, Calif., requesting the abolishment of the House Committee on Un-American Activities; to the Committee on Rules.

29. By Mr. HARRISON of Virginia: Petition of Lloyd Williams Post No. 41, Berryville, Va., supporting the function and work of the Committee on Un-American Activities of the House of Representatives; to the Committee on Rules.

REGULATION OF LOBBYING ACT

In compliance with Public Law 601, 79th Congress, title III, Regulation of Lobbying Act, section 308(b), which provides as follows:

(b) All information required to be filed

under the provisions of this section with the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate shall be compiled by said Clerk and Secretary, acting jointly, as soon as practicable after the close of the calendar quarter with respect to which such information is filed and shall be printed in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

QUARTERLY REPORTS

The following reports for the second calendar quarter of 1960 were received too late to be included in the published reports for that quarter:

A. Active-Retired Lighthouse Service Employees Association, Post Office Box 2169, South Portland, Maine.

D. (6) \$264. E. (9) \$430.63.

A. William B. Allen, 917 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. United Rubber, Cork, Linoleum & Plastic Workers of America, High at Mill Street, Akron, Ohio.

D. (6) \$2,210.

A. American Automobile Association, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. American Civil Liberties Union, Inc., 156 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$2,311.74. E. (9) \$2,311.75.

A. American Dental Association, 222 East Superior Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$13,776.53. E. (9) \$13,776.53.

A. American Federation of Government Employees, Box 865, Benjamin Franklin Station, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$200.

A. American Gas Association, Inc., 420 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. American Legion, National Headquarters, 700 North Pennsylvania Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

D. (6) \$7,199.61. E. (9) \$22,465.94.

A. American Optometric Association, 8001 Jenkins Arcade, Pittsburgh, Pa.

D. (6) \$3,466.50. E. (9) \$3,762.09.

A. American Steamship Committee on Conference Studies, 207 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$12,351.42

A. American Thrift Assembly, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$490. E. (9) \$11,979.74.

A. AMVETS (American Veterans of World War II), 1710 Rhode Island Avenue, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$2,082.50.

A. Robert E. Ansheles, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,500.

A. Apache Tribe of the Mescalero Reservation, Mescalero, N. Mex.

A. Apparel Industry Committee on Imports, 1130 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$7,978.99.

A. Arnold, Fortas & Porter, 1229 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Apache Tribe of the Mescalero Reservation, Mescalero, N. Mex.

E. (9) \$34.57.

A. Arnold, Fortas & Porter, 1229 19th Street, Washington, D.C.

B. Commissioner of Baseball, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$440.09.

A. Arnold, Fortas & Porter, 1229 19th Street, Washington, D.C.

B. National Retail Merchants Association, 100 West 31st Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$10,850. E. (9) \$3,019.20.

A. Association of Stock Exchange Firms, 120 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$6,717.12.

A. Frederic A. Baker, 296 Lexington Road, Berkeley, Calif., and 1201 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Federated Indians of California.

A. Balfour, Guthrie & Co., 72 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$648.80.

A. Joseph H. Ball, 90 Broad Street, New York, N.Y.

B. American Steamship Committee on Conference Studies, 207 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Jacob I. Bellow, 4338 East-West Highway, Bethesda, Md.

B. American Federation of Government Employees, Lodge No. 12, Box 865, Benjamin Franklin Station, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$200. E. (9) \$40.

A. Carl H. Berglund, 1220 Washington Building, Tacoma, Wash.

E. (9) \$15.95.

A. Helen Berthelot, 1925 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Communications Workers of America, 1925 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$3,363.36.

A. C. B. Blankenship, 1925 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Communications Workers of America, 1925 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$3,846.60.

A. Roland Boyd, 218 East Louisiana Street, McKinney, Tex.

B. Wherry Housing Association, 1737 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$9,040.42. E. (9) \$466.66.

A. Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, 1122 Engineers Building, Cleveland, Ohio.

A. C. Blake Brown, 839 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Motor Bus Owners, 839 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Brown & Lund, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American & Foreign Power Co., Inc., 100 Church Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$625. E. (9) \$255.18.

A. Lyman L. Bryan, 2000 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate jointly submit their report of the compilation required by said law and have included all registrations and quarterly reports received.

B. American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, 270 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$125. E. (9) \$72.18.

A. George B. Burnham, 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.

B. Numerous stockholders of the Burnham Chemical Co., 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$193. E. (9) \$193.

A. James A. Campbell, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Government Employees, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,365.39. E. (9) \$336.53.

A. Clarence B. Carter, Post Office Box 798, New Haven, Conn.

B. Railroad Pension Conference, Post Office Box 798, New Haven, Conn.

E. (9) \$14.

A. William L. Carter, 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

B. International Association of Ice Cream Manufacturers.

E. (9) \$18.50.

A. Hal M. Christensen, 222 East Superior Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. American Dental Association, 222 East Superior Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$3,000.

A. Cities Service Petroleum, Inc., 70 Pine Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Clothespin Manufacturers of America, 839 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$265.28.

A. A. C. Cocke, 821 Gravier Street, New Orleans, La.

B. American Steamship Committee on Conference Studies, 207 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$160.61.

A. Coles & Goertner, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. American Tramp Shipowners Association, Inc., 11 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$314.14.

A. Coles & Goertner, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Committee of American Tanker Owners, Inc., 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$312.05.

A. Colorado Railroad Association, 845 Equitable Building, Denver, Colo.

B. Colorado Railroad Association, 845 Equitable Building, Denver, Colo.

E. (9) \$616.33.

A. Committee for Collective Security, 90 Johns Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$70. E. (9) \$374.92.

A. Committee on Cooperative Advertising, 570 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.
E. (9) \$69.73.

A. Committee for Return of Confiscated German and Japanese Property, 926 National Press Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$200. E. (9) \$100.

A. Committee To Strengthen the Frontiers of Freedom, 1025 Connecticut Avenue, NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$14,715. E. (9) \$13,357.12.

A. Contracting Plasterers' & Lathers' International Association, 711 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$50,000. E. (9) \$75.

A. Bernard J. Conway, 222 East Superior Street, Chicago, Ill.
B. American Dental Association, 222 East Superior Street, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) \$4,000.

A. Council of Conservationists, Inc., 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.
B. Fred Smith & Co., Inc., 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Council for Exceptional Children, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) \$199.65.

A. Council of State Chambers of Commerce, 1025 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$844.15. E. (9) \$844.15.

A. Donald M. Counihan, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.
B. American Corn Millers' Federation, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

A. Donald M. Counihan, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.
B. Classroom Periodical Publishers Association, 38 West Fifth Street, Dayton, Ohio.

A. Paul L. Courtney, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Cox, Langford, Stoddard & Cutler, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Instituto do Acucar e do Alcool, Republica dos Estados Unidos do Brasil Federal District, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

A. Oscar Cox, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Balfour, Guthrie & Co., Ltd., 72 Wall Street, New York 5, N.Y., and Congopalm, 12 Avenue des Aviateurs, Leopoldville, Belgian Congo.
D. (6) \$620. E. (9) \$15.60.

A. Credit Union National Association, Inc., 1617 Sherman Avenue, Madison, Wis.
D. (6) \$1,057. E. (9) \$1,057.

A. Joseph M. Creed, 1317 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Bakers Association, 1317 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) \$50.

A. Leo J. Crowley, 840 Equitable Building, Denver, Colo.
B. Colorado Railroad Association, 845 Equitable Building, Denver, Colo.
D. (6) \$616.33. E. (9) \$616.33.

A. Joffre C. David, 4401 East Colonial Drive, Orlando, Fla.
B. Florida Fruit & Vegetable Association, 4401 East Colonial Drive, Orlando, Fla.
D. (6) \$138.87. E. (9) \$116.04.

A. S. P. Deas, 520 National Bank of Commerce Building, New Orleans, La.
E. (9) \$557.49.

A. John M. Dickerman, 1625 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Home Builders of the United States, 1625 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$1,211.50. E. (9) \$68.88.

A. Jasper N. Dorsey, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C., and Hurt Building, Atlanta, Ga.
B. Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Co., Hurt Building, Atlanta, Ga.
D. (6) \$600.

A. Evelyn Dubrow, 1710 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
B. International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, 1710 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$1,188. E. (9) \$600.02.

A. Stephen M. Du Brui, 11-134 General Motors Building, Detroit, Mich.
B. General Motors Corp., 3044 West Grand Boulevard, Detroit, Mich.

A. Carlyle M. Dunaway, 608 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Association of Life Underwriters, 608 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$820. E. (9) \$237.25.

A. Harold Edwards, 1012 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Health Federation, 709 Mission Street, San Francisco, Calif.
D. (6) \$700.

A. Harold E. Edwards, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. United Steelworkers of America, 1500 Commonwealth Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.
D. (6) \$3,304.85. E. (9) \$300.

A. John W. Emeigh, 1040 Warner Building, Washington, D.C.
B. The National Rural Letter Carriers' Association, 1040 Warner Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$606.51. E. (9) \$25.

A. Lawrence E. Ernst, 301 East Capitol Street, Washington, D.C.
B. National Star Route Mail Carriers Association, 301 East Capitol Street, Washington, D.C.
E. (9) \$24.20.

A. Far East Group, Inc., 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) \$37.14.

A. James Finucane, 926 National Press Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Committee for Return of Confiscated German and Japanese Property, 926 National Press Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$100.

A. Donald G. Fletcher, 828 Midland Bank Building, Minneapolis, Minn.
B. Crop Quality Council, 828 Midland Bank Building, Minneapolis, Minn.
D. (6) \$3,750. E. (9) \$1,757.03.

A. Florida Fruit & Vegetable Association, 4401 East Colonial Drive, Orlando, Fla.
D. (6) \$379.71. E. (9) \$379.71.

A. E. F. Forbes, 604 Mission Street, San Francisco, Calif.
B. Western States Meat Packers Association, Inc., 604 Mission Street, San Francisco, Calif.
D. (6) \$7,500.

A. Forest Farmers Association, Post Office Box 7284, Station C, Atlanta, Ga.

A. Rodger S. Gunn, 4618 Highland Drive, Salt Lake City, Utah.

B. Liberty Under Law, Inc., Post Office Box 2013, Salt Lake City, Utah.

A. Gypsum Association, 201 North Wells Street, Chicago, Ill.

A. William A. Hanscom, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Oil, Chemical and Atomic Workers International Union, 1840 California Street, Denver, Colo.
D. (6) \$1,250. E. (9) \$225.

A. Charles H. Heltzel, 1700 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Pacific Power & Light Co., Public Service Building, Portland, Oreg.
D. (6) \$930. E. (9) \$450.71.

A. Joseph D. Henderson, 431 Balter Building, New Orleans, La.
B. American Association of Small Business, Inc., 431 Balter Building, New Orleans, La.
D. (6) \$1,875.

A. L. S. Hitchner, 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Agricultural Chemicals Association.
D. (6) \$25. E. (9) \$3.

A. Frank N. Hoffmann, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. United Steelworkers of America, 1500 Commonwealth Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.
D. (6) \$4,000. E. (9) \$1,000.

A. John R. Holden, 1710 Rhode Island Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. AMVETS (American Veterans of World War II), 1710 Rhode Island Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$1,187.50. E. (9) \$75.

A. Hughes, Hubbard, Blair & Reed, One Wall Street, New York, N.Y.
B. The Bendix Corp., Fisher Building, Detroit, Mich.

A. John M. Hurley, 302 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
D. (6) \$279.99.

A. George F. Hussey, Jr., 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.
B. American Standards Association, 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$10.99.

A. Institute of American Poultry Industries, 67 East Madison Street, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) \$1,046.03. E. (9) \$1,046.03.

A. International Union of Electrical, Radio, and Machine Workers, 1126 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) \$1,455.

A. Harold G. Jacobson, 1476 South 4th East, Salt Lake City, Utah.

A. Ray L. Jenkins, 1066 National Press Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Societe Internationale Pour Participations Industrielles Et Commerciales, S.A., Peter Merianstr. 19, Basel, Switzerland.

A. William T. Jobe, 810 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Ice Association.

A. Peter Dierks Joers, 810 Whittington Avenue, Hot Springs, Ark.
B. Dierks Forests, Inc., 810 Whittington Avenue, Hot Springs, Ark.

A. Tom Killefer, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Committee of American Steamship Lines, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$500. E. (9) \$53.04.

A. James F. King, 1825 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Manufacturing Chemists' Association, Inc., 1825 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,250.

A. Joseph T. King, 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Associated Equipment Distributors, Sprinkler Irrigation Association, Washington Council for Aluminum Extruders Council, and Northwestern Lumbermen's Association.

E. (9) \$2,186.34.

A. Mr. and Mrs. Harry L. Kingman.

D. (6) \$630. E. (9) \$630.

A. A. W. Koehler, 839 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Motor Bus Owners, 839 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Kominers & Fort, 529 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Atlantic, Gulf & Great Lakes Shipbuilding Association, 529 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

(E) (9) \$13,011.54.

A. Herman C. Kruse, 245 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.

B. Pacific Gas & Electric Co., 245 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.

D. (6) \$3,407.04. E. (9) \$6,072.52.

A. Charles R. Larson, 1040 Warner Building, Washington, D.C.

B. The National Rural Letter Carriers' Association, 1040 Warner Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$606.51. E. (9) \$18.50.

A. Dillard B. Lasseter, Post Office Box 381, Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation County Office Employees, c/o Clyde R. Payne, Jasper, Fla.

D. (6) \$825. E. (9) \$125.

A. Dillard B. Lasseter, Post Office Box 381, Washington, D.C.

B. Organization of Professional Employees of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Post Office Box 381, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$450. E. (9) \$125.

A. G. E. Leighty, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Liberty Under Law, Inc., Post Office Box 2013, Salt Lake City, Utah.

D. (6) \$11.70. E. (9) \$11.70.

A. Jonathan Lindley, 740 11th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Credit Union National Association, Inc., 1617 Sherman Avenue, Madison, Wis.

D. (6) \$450. E. (9) \$30.30.

A. Donald Linville, 205 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.

B. American Hardboard Association, 205 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$1,250. E. (9) \$210.

A. Lobby for Peace (northern California), 345 Franklin Street, San Francisco, Calif.

D. (6) \$5,508.10. E. (9) \$3,643.01.

A. H. B. Luckett, 311 California Street, San Francisco, Calif.

B. American Steamship Committee on Conference Studies, 207 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

A. J. A. McCallam, 1507 M Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$619.59.

A. William A. McClintock, Jr., 7447 Skokie Boulevard, Skokie, Ill.

B. National Committee for Insurance Taxation, the Hay-Adams House, Washington, D.C.

A. John H. McCormick, Jr.

B. The Council for Exceptional Children, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Joseph J. McDonald, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. United Steelworkers of America, 1500 Commonwealth Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

D. (6) \$3,304.85. E. (9) \$300.

A. William J. McDonald, 3005 Fernside Boulevard, Alameda, Calif.

B. National Council of Naval Air Stations Employee Organizations, 3005 Fernside Boulevard, Alameda, Calif.

A. Joseph B. McGrath, 1625 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Home Builders of the United States, 1625 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,355.75. E. (9) \$235.78.

A. Frederick C. McKee, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Clarence M. McMillan, 1343 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Candy Wholesalers Association, Inc., 1343 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. John W. MacKay, 509 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Postal Clerks Union, 509 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,700.10. E. (9) \$350.

A. MacLeish, Spray, Price & Underwood, 134 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. National Committee for Insurance Taxation, Hay-Adams House, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$735.72.

A. John H. MacVey and William T. Sherwood, Jr., 824 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Nippon Light Metals Co., Ltd., Tokyo, Japan.

A. Albert E. Maddocks, 1883 South Seventh Street East, Salt Lake City, Utah.

B. Liberty Under Law, Inc., Post Office Box 2013, Salt Lake City, Utah.

A. Don Mahon, Box 959 Ben Franklin Station, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$633.33.

A. Julia L. Maletta.

B. Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, 15 Union Square, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$1,066. E. (9) \$2,250.18.

A. Walter E. Maloney, 40 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.

B. American Steamship Committee on Conference Studies, Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$4,026. E. (9) \$592.87.

A. James D. Mann, 714 Sheraton Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Private Truck Council of America, Inc., 714 Sheraton Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Manufacturing Chemists' Association, Inc., 1825 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,625. E. (9) \$2,475.

A. Tommy M. Martin, 1040 Warner Building, Washington, D.C.

B. The National Rural Letter Carriers' Association, 1040 Warner Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$606.51. E. (9) \$16.

A. C. V. & R. V. Maudlin, 1111 E Street, NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Secondary Material Industries, Inc., 271 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Albert E. May, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. Committee of American Steamship Lines, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$220. E. (9) \$38.52.

A. Arnold Mayer, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen of North America, 2800 North Sheridan Road, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$1,205. E. (9) \$418.

A. Kenneth A. Meiklejohn, 1209 Rippon Road, Alexandria, Va.

B. Joint Minimum Wage Committee, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,000. E. (9) \$583.20.

A. Kenneth A. Meiklejohn, 1209 Rippon Road, Alexandria, Va.

B. Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Union, 132 West 43d Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$675.

A. Ellis E. Meredith, 1130 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Apparel Industry Committee on Imports, 1130 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$937.50.

A. Ross A. Messer, Post Office Box 1611, Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Post Office and General Services Maintenance Employees, Post Office Box 1611, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,200. E. (9) \$167.01.

A. Harold C. Miller, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers, 575 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$1,824.99. E. (9) \$348.50.

A. Harold C. Miller, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The National Community Television Association, Inc., 1111 E Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,000. E. (9) \$1,285.88.

A. Theodore A. Miller, 802 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Venice Land Co., Box 1576, Venice, Fla.

A. Kenneth R. Morefield, 4401 East Colonial Drive, Orlando, Fla.

B. Florida Fruit and Vegetable Association, 4401 East Colonial Drive, Orlando, Fla.

A. Curtis Morris, Premier Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Gas Association, Inc., 420 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Vincent S. Mullaney, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. General Electric Co., 570 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$1,250. E. (9) \$759.42.

A. Andrew P. Murphy, Jr., 1625 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Home Builders of the United States, 1625 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,884.60. E. (9) \$132.15.

A. J. Walter Myers, Jr., Post Office Box 7284, Station C, Atlanta, Ga.

B. Forest Farmers Association Cooperative, Post Office Box 7284, Station C, Atlanta, Ga.

A. National Associated Businessmen, Inc., 1725 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,524.35. E. (9) \$1,883.82.

A. National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, 20 West 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. National Association of Agricultural Stabilization & Conservation County Office Employees.

D. (6) \$1,669.32. E. (9) \$1,500.

A. National Association of Home Builders of the United States, 1625 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (9) \$2,387.53. E. (9) \$2,387.53.

A. National Association of Life Underwriters, 608 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,387.53. E. (9) \$2,387.53.

A. National Association of Motor Bus Owners, 839 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. National Association of Post Office & General Services Maintenance Employees, Post Office Box 1611, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$13,754.75. E. (9) \$2,041.55.

A. National Association of Real Estate Boards, 36 South Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill., and 1300 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$11,111.53.

A. National Association of Wheat Growers, Chappell, Nebr.

D. (6) \$1,935.02. E. (9) \$1,935.02.

A. National Committee for Insurance Taxation, The Hay-Adams House, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$70. E. (9) \$380.08.

A. National Committee for Insurance Taxation, The Hay-Adams House, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$10,070. E. (9) \$10,311.93.

A. National Council of Naval Air Stations Employee Organizations, 3005 Fernside Boulevard, Alameda, Calif.

D. (6) \$200. E. (9) \$171.44.

A. National Federation of Independent Businesses, Inc., 740 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$11,478.99. E. (9) \$11,478.99.

A. National Postal Clerks Union, 509 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$11,776. E. (9) \$5,300.

A. National Rehabilitation Association, Inc., 1025 Vermont Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,775.87. E. (9) \$715.05.

A. National Retired Teachers Association & American Association of Retired Persons, 1346 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$73.09.

A. National Rural Letter Carriers' Association, 1040 Warner Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$26,615.13. E. (9) \$8,997.92.

A. National Tax Equality Association, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$5,116.05. E. (9) \$5,768.71.

A. Ross D. Netherton, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Automobile Association, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Robert H. North, 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

B. International Association of Ice Cream Manufacturers, 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$58.62.

A. Northwest Committee for Transportation, 2928 Macomb Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$382. E. (9) \$287.63.

A. Organization of Professional Employees of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Post Office Box 381, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$357.07. E. (9) \$580.25.

A. Joseph O. Parker, 531 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Florida Fruit & Vegetable Association, 4401 East Colonial Drive, Orlando, Fla.

E. (9) \$1.50.

A. Joseph O. Parker, 531 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Institute of American Poultry Industries, 67 East Madison Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$212.50. E. (9) \$26.90.

A. Karla V Parker, 1729 Union Boulevard SE., Grand Rapids, Mich.

A. Geo. F. Parrish, Post Office Box 7, Charleston, W. Va.

D. (6) \$4,624.98.

A. Esther Peterson, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Industrial Union Department, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,612.48. E. (9) \$2,010.84.

A. Kenneth Peterson, 1126 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. International Union of Electrical, Radio & Machine Workers, 1126 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,250.

A. William I. Powell, 1110 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Independent Petroleum Association of America, 1110 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$22.50.

A. Homer V. Prater, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Government Employees, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,329.60. E. (9) \$30.

A. John H. Pratt, 905 American Security Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Electrical Manufacturers Association, 155 East 44th Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$2,500. E. (9) \$154.81.

A. Gordon M. Quarnstrom, 7447 Skokie Boulevard, Skokie, Ill.

B. National Committee for Insurance Taxation, The Hay-Adams House, Washington, D.C.

A. Mrs. Richard G. Radue, 3406 Quebec Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Congress of Parents & Teachers, 700 North Rush Street, Chicago, Ill.

A. Railroad Pension Conference, Post Office Box 798, New Haven, Conn.

D. (6) \$74. E. (9) \$76.88.

A. Sydney C. Reagan, 3840 Greenbrier Drive, Dallas, Tex.

B. Southwestern Peanut Shellers Association, Box 48, Durant, Okla.

D. (6) \$150.

A. William T. Reed, 5800 Connecticut Avenue, Chevy Chase, Md.

B. Standard Oil Co., 910 South Michigan, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$1,500. E. (9) \$236.

A. Regional Broadcasters, 1735 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$5,980.29.

A. Geo. L. Reid, Jr., 1010 Vermont Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Wheat Growers, Chappell, Nebr.

D. (6) \$1,800. E. (9) \$135.02.

A. John Arthur Reynolds, 653 Cortland Avenue, Fresno, Calif.

B. Western Cotton Growers Association of California, 310 Fulton-Fresno Building, Fresno, Calif.

D. (6) \$666.67. E. (9) \$100.50.

A. Hubert M. Rhodes, 740 11th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Credit Union National Association, Inc., 1617 Sherman Avenue, Madison, Wis.

D. (6) \$575. E. (9) \$2.

A. William Neale Roach, 1424 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1424 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,000. E. (9) \$171.89.

A. Francis M. Russell, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Kermit B. Rykken, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Automobile Association, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Francis J. Ryley, 519 Title & Trust Building, Phoenix, Ariz.

B. Mobil Oil Co., Los Angeles; et al.

A. Fred J. Scanlan, 1303 New Hampshire Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Fleet Reserve Association, 1303 New Hampshire Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$345.

A. R. E. Schanzer, Inc., 608-612 South Peters Street, New Orleans, La.

E. (9) \$395.67.

A. Hollis Mackay Seavey, 1735 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Regional Broadcasters.

D. (6) \$3,666.66. E. (9) \$273.55.

A. Selva & Lee, Inc., 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Carpet Institute, Empire State Building, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$3,000. E. (9) \$203.51.

A. Selva & Lee, Inc., 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. New York Coffee & Sugar Exchange, 79 Pine Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$1,200. E. (9) \$33.00.

A. P. L. Shackelford, 4545 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. Sheet Metal Workers' International Association, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$600.

A. Maurice J. Shean, 940 25th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. City and County of San Francisco, Calif.

D. (6) \$3,750. E. (9) \$2,371.15.

A. Richard L. Shook, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. Magnavox Co., Fort Wayne, Ind.
E. (9) \$43.40.

A. David Silvergleid, 509 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Postal Clerks Union, 509 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,700.10. E. (9) \$350.

A. Fred Smith & Co., Inc., 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

B. Edward Mallinckrodt, 16 Westmoreland Place, St. Louis, Mo.

D. (6) \$6,000.

A. M. Frederik Smith, 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

B. Council of Conservationists, Inc., 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Thaddeus S. Snell, 134 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. Gypsum Association, 201 North Wells Street, Chicago, Ill.

E. (9) \$687.88.

A. Southern Pine Industry Committee, 520 National Bank of Commerce Building, New Orleans, La.

D. (6) \$941. E. (9) \$4,159.19.

A. John P. Speer, Jr., 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

B. International Association of Ice Cream Manufacturers.

A. William W. Spear, 214 National Bank Building, Fremont, Nebr.

D. (6) \$900. E. (9) \$616.20.

A. Richard A. Squires, 1102 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$600. E. (9) \$8.05.

A. Chester S. Stackpole, 420 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.

B. American Gas Association, Inc., 420 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Standard Public Relations, Inc., 45 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N.Y.

B. Theodore Roosevelt Association, 28 East 20th Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$3,000. E. (9) \$600.

A. Raymond E. Steele, National Press Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,750. E. (9) \$213.28.

A. Stevenson, Paul, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison, 1614 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Committee for Insurance Taxation, The Hay-Adams House, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$84.32.

A. Stitt & Hemmendinger, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. Continental Merchandise Co., 236 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$1,000. E. (9) \$763.42.

A. Stitt & Hemmendinger, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. Nozaki Associates, Inc., 92 Liberty Street, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$50.

A. Mrs. Ada Barnett Stough, 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.

B. American Parents Committee, Inc., 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.

A. Norman Strunk, 221 North La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. United States Savings and Loan League, 221 North La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$625. E. (9) \$232.94.

A. Surrey, Karask, Gould & Efron, 1116 Woodward Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Ronson Corporation, 1 Ronson Road, Woodbridge, N.J.

A. Dwight D. Taylor, Jr., 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Airlines, Inc., 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$937.49. E. (9) \$240.62.

A. J. Woodrow Thomas, 1000 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Trans World Airlines, Inc., 10 Richards, Kansas City, Mo.

E. (9) \$148.70.

A. Richard A. Tilden, 441 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.

B. Clothespin Manufacturers of America, 839 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$175. E. (9) \$90.28.

A. Richard A. Tilden, 441 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.

B. R. E. Schanzer, Inc., 608-612 South Peters Street, New Orleans, La.

E. (9) \$95.67.

A. Townsend Plan, Inc., 808 North Capitol Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Paul T. Truitt, 1700 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Plant Food Institute, 1700 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$39.31.

A. Trustees for Conservation, 251 Kearny Street, San Francisco, Calif.

D. (6) \$1,423.37. E. (9) \$3,350.42.

A. Venice Land Co., Box 1576, Venice, Fla.

A. Veterans of World War I, USA, Inc., 40 G Street NE., Washington, D.C.

A. Herbert F. Walton, 7447 Skokie Boulevard, Skokie, Ill.

B. National Committee for Insurance Taxation, The Hay-Adams House, Washington, D.C.

A. Narvin B. Weaver, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Cities Service Petroleum, Inc., 70 Pine Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Western Cotton Growers Association of California, 310 Fulton-Fresno Building, Fresno, Calif.

D. (6) \$10,911.73. E. (9) \$3,040.55

A. Western States Meat Packers Association, Inc., 604 Mission Street, San Francisco, Calif.

D. (6) \$19,725.58. E. (9) \$22.16.

A. Wherry Housing Association, 1737 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$9,404.42.

A. John J. Wicker, Jr., 706 Mutual Building, Richmond, Va.

B. Mutual Insurance Committee on Federal Taxation, 20 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$2,502.22. E. (9) \$2,502.22.

A. Myron Wiener, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The Far East Group, Inc., 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Harold M. Williams, 67 East Madison Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. Institute of American Poultry Industries, 67 East Madison Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$400. E. (9) \$22.77.

A. Frank G. Wollney, 67 East Madison Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. Institute of American Poultry Industries, 67 East Madison Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$156.25. E. (9) \$13.52.

A. Burton C. Wood, 1625 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Home Builders of the United States, 1625 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,480.75. E. (9) \$67.60.

A. C. C. Woodard, 7630 Biscayne Boulevard, Miami, Fla.

E. (9) \$1.08.

A. Harley Z. Wooden.

B. The Council for Exceptional Children, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$100. E. (9) \$2.80.

A. John H. Young, 1411 Major Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.

B. Liberty Under Law, Inc., Post Office Box 2013, Salt Lake City, Utah.

QUARTERLY REPORTS

The following quarterly reports were submitted for the third calendar quarter 1960:

(NOTE.—The form used for reports is reproduced below. In the interest of economy in the RECORD, questions are not repeated, only the essential answers are printed, and are indicated by their respective letter and number.)

FILE TWO COPIES WITH THE SECRETARY OF THE SENATE AND FILE THREE COPIES WITH THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:

This page (page 1) is designed to supply identifying data; and page 2 (on the back of this page) deals with financial data.

PLACE AN "X" BELOW THE APPROPRIATE LETTER OR FIGURE IN THE BOX AT THE RIGHT OF THE "REPORT" HEADING BELOW:

"PRELIMINARY" REPORT ("Registration"): To "register," place an "X" below the letter "P" and fill out page 1 only.

"QUARTERLY" REPORT: To indicate which one of the four calendar quarters is covered by this Report, place an "X" below the appropriate figure. Fill out both page 1 and page 2 and as many additional pages as may be required. The first additional page should be numbered as page "3," and the rest of such pages should be "4," "5," "6," etc. Preparation and filing in accordance with instructions will accomplish compliance with all quarterly reporting requirements of the Act.

Year: 19-----

REPORT

PURSUANT TO FEDERAL REGULATIONS OF LOBBYING ACT

P	QUARTER			
	1st	2d	3d	4th

(Mark one square only)

NOTE ON ITEM "A".—(a) IN GENERAL. This "Report" form may be used by either an organization or an individual, as follows:

- (i) "Employee".—To file as an "employee", state (in Item "B") the name, address, and nature of business of the "employer". (If the "employee" is a firm [such as a law firm or public relations firm], partners and salaried staff members of such firm may join in filing a Report as an "employee".)
- (ii) "Employer".—To file as an "employer", write "None" in answer to Item "B".
- (b) SEPARATE REPORTS. An agent or employee should not attempt to combine his Report with the employer's Report:
 - (i) Employers subject to the Act must file separate Reports and are not relieved of this requirement merely because Reports are filed by their agents or employees.
 - (ii) Employees subject to the Act must file separate Reports and are not relieved of this requirement merely because Reports are filed by their employers.

A. ORGANIZATION OR INDIVIDUAL FILING:

1. State name, address, and nature of business.

2. If this Report is for an Employer, list names or agents or employees who will file Reports for this Quarter.

NOTE ON ITEM "B".—Reports by Agents or Employees. An employee is to file, each quarter, as many Reports as he has employers, except that: (a) If a particular undertaking is jointly financed by a group of employers, the group is to be considered as one employer, but all members of the group are to be named, and the contribution of each member is to be specified; (b) if the work is done in the interest of one person but payment therefor is made by another, a single Report—naming both persons as "employers"—is to be filed each quarter.

B. EMPLOYER.—State name, address, and nature of business. If there is no employer, write "None."

NOTE ON ITEM "C".—(a) The expression "in connection with legislative interests," as used in this Report, means "in connection with attempting, directly or indirectly, to influence the passage or defeat of legislation." "The term 'legislation' means bills, resolutions, amendments, nominations, and other matters pending or proposed in either House of Congress, and includes any other matter which may be the subject of action by either House"—§ 302(e).

(b) Before undertaking any activities in connection with legislative interests, organizations and individuals subject to the Lobbying Act are required to file a "Preliminary" Report (Registration).

(c) After beginning such activities, they must file a "Quarterly" Report at the end of each calendar quarter in which they have either received or expended anything of value in connection with legislative interests.

C. LEGISLATIVE INTERESTS, AND PUBLICATIONS in connection therewith:

1. State approximately how long legislative interests are to continue. If receipts and expenditures in connection with legislative interests have terminated,

☐ place an "X" in the box at the left, so that this Office will no longer expect to receive Reports.

2. State the general legislative interests of the person filing and set forth the *specific* legislative interests by reciting: (a) Short titles of statutes and bills; (b) House and Senate numbers of bills, where known; (c) citations of statutes, where known; (d) whether for or against such statutes and bills.

3. In the case of those publications which the person filing has caused to be issued or distributed in connection with legislative interests, set forth: (a) Description, (b) quantity distributed; (c) date of distribution, (d) name of printer or publisher (if publications were paid for by person filing) or name of donor (if publications were received as a gift).

(Answer items 1, 2, and 3 in the space below. Attach additional pages if more space is needed)

4. If this is a "Preliminary" Report (Registration) rather than a "Quarterly" Report, state below what the nature and amount of anticipated expenses will be; and if for an agent or employee, state also what the daily, monthly, or annual rate of compensation is to be. If this is a "Quarterly" Report, disregard this item "C4" and fill out item "D" and "E" on the back of this page. Do not attempt to combine a "Preliminary" Report (Registration) with a "Quarterly" Report.◀

AFFIDAVIT

[Omitted in printing]

PAGE 1◀

NOTE ON ITEM "D."—(a) *In General.* The term "contribution" includes anything of value. When an organization or individual uses printed or duplicated matter in a campaign attempting to influence legislation, money received by such organization or individual—for such printed or duplicated matter—is a "contribution." "The term 'contribution' includes a gift, subscription, loan, advance, or deposit of money, or anything of value, and includes a contract, promise, or agreement, whether or not legally enforceable, to make a contribution"—Section 302 (a) of the Lobbying Act.

(b) **IF THIS REPORT IS FOR AN EMPLOYER.**—(i) *In General.* Item "D" is designed for the reporting of all receipts from which expenditures are made, or will be made, in accordance with legislative interests.

(ii) *Receipts of Business Firms and Individuals.*—A business firm (or individual) which is subject to the Lobbying Act by reason of expenditures which it makes in attempting to influence legislation—but which has no funds to expend except those which are available in the ordinary course of operating a business not connected in any way with the influencing of legislation—will have no receipts to report, even though it does have expenditures to report.

(iii) *Receipts of Multipurpose Organizations.*—Some organizations do not receive any funds which are to be expended solely for the purpose of attempting to influence legislation. Such organizations make such expenditures out of a general fund raised by dues, assessments, or other contributions. The percentage of the general fund which is used for such expenditures indicates the percentage of dues, assessments, or other contributions which may be considered to have been paid for that purpose. Therefore, in reporting receipts, such organizations may specify what that percentage is, and report their dues, assessments, and other contributions on that basis. However, each contributor of \$500 or more is to be listed, regardless of whether the contribution was made solely for legislative purposes.

(c) **IF THIS REPORT IS FOR AN AGENT OR EMPLOYEE.**—(i) *In General.* In the case of many employees, all receipts will come under Items "D5" (received for services) and "D12" (expense money and reimbursements). In the absence of a clear statement to the contrary, it will be presumed that your employer is to reimburse you for all expenditures which you make in connection with legislative interests.

(ii) *Employer as Contributor of \$500 or More.*—When your contribution from your employer (in the form of salary, fee, etc.) amounts to \$500 or more, it is not necessary to report such contribution under "D13" and "D14," since the amount has already been reported under "D5," and the name of the "employer" has been given under Item "B" on page 1 of this report.

D. RECEIPTS (INCLUDING CONTRIBUTIONS AND LOANS):

Fill in every blank. If the answer to any numbered item is "None," write "None" in the space following the number.

Receipts (other than loans)

1. \$.....Dues and assessments
2. \$.....Gifts of money or anything of value
3. \$.....Printed or duplicated matter received as a gift
4. \$.....Receipts from sale of printed or duplicated matter
5. \$.....Received for services (e.g., salary, fee, etc.)
6. \$.....TOTAL for this Quarter (Add items "1" through "5")
7. \$.....Received during previous Quarters of calendar year
8. \$.....TOTAL from Jan. 1 through this Quarter (Add "6" and "7")

Loans Received

"The term 'contribution' includes a . . . loan . . ."—Sec. 302(a).

9. \$.....TOTAL now owed to others on account of loans
10. \$.....Borrowed from others during this Quarter
11. \$.....Repaid to others during this Quarter
12. \$....."Expense money" and Reimbursements received this Quarter

Contributors of \$500 or more (from Jan. 1 through this Quarter)

13. Have there been such contributors?
Please answer "yes" or "no":
14. In the case of each contributor whose contributions (including loans) during the "period" from January 1 through the last days of this Quarter total \$500 or more:

Attach hereto plain sheets of paper, approximately the size of this page, tabulate data under the headings "Amount" and "Name and Address of Contributor"; and indicate whether the last day of the period is March 31, June 30, September 30, or December 31. Prepare such tabulation in accordance with the following example:

Amount	Name and Address of Contributor (“Period” from Jan. 1 through _____, 19____)
\$1,500.00	John Doe, 1621 Blank Bldg., New York, N.Y.
\$1,785.00	The Roe Corporation, 2511 Doe Bldg., Chicago, Ill.
\$3,285.00	TOTAL

NOTE ON ITEM "E."—(a) *In General.* "The term 'expenditure' includes a payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money or anything of value, and includes a contract, promise, or agreement, whether or not legally enforceable, to make an expenditure"—Section 302(b) of the Lobbying Act.

(b) **IF THIS REPORT IS FOR AN AGENT OR EMPLOYEE.** In the case of many employees, all expenditures will come under telephone and telegraph (Item "E6") and travel, food, lodging, and entertainment (Item "E7").

E. EXPENDITURES (INCLUDING LOANS) in connection with legislative interests:

Fill in every blank. If the answer to any numbered item is "None," write "None" in the spaces following the number.

Expenditures (other than loans)

1. \$.....Public relations and advertising services
2. \$.....Wages, salaries, fees, commissions (other than item "1")
3. \$.....Gifts or contributions made during Quarter
4. \$.....Printed or duplicated matter, including distribution cost
5. \$.....Office overhead (rent, supplies, utilities, etc.)
6. \$.....Telephone and telegraph
7. \$.....Travel, food, lodging, and entertainment
8. \$.....All other expenditures
9. \$.....TOTAL for this Quarter (Add "1" through "8")
10. \$.....Expended during previous Quarters of calendar year
11. \$.....TOTAL from January 1 through this Quarter (Add "9" and "10")

Loans Made to Others

"The term 'expenditure' includes a . . . loan . . ."—Sec. 302(b).

12. \$.....TOTAL now owed to person filing
13. \$.....Lent to others during this Quarter
14. \$.....Repayment received during this Quarter

15. Recipients of Expenditures of \$10 or More

In the case of expenditures made during this Quarter by, or on behalf of the person filing: Attach plain sheets of paper approximately the size of this page and tabulate data as to expenditures under the following heading: "Amount," "Date or Dates," "Name and Address of Recipient," "Purpose." Prepare such tabulation in accordance with the following example:

Amount	Date or Dates	Name and Address of Recipient—Purpose
\$1,750.00	7-11:	Roe Printing Co., 3214 Blank Ave., St. Louis, Mo.—Printing and mailing circulars on the "Marshbanks Bill."
\$2,400.00	7-15, 8-15, 9-15:	Britten & Blatten, 3127 Gremlin Bldg., Washington, D.C.—Public relations service at \$800.00 per month.
\$4,150.00		TOTAL

A. V. J. Adduci, 610 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Aerospace Industries Association of America, Inc., 610 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,384. E. (9) \$256.25.

A. J. Carson Adkerson, 976 National Press Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Arthur F. Aebersold, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Retirement Federation of Civil Service Employees of the U.S. Government, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,755.27. E. (9) \$44.25.

A. Aerospace Industries Association of America, Inc., 610 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$6,293.05. E. (9) \$6,293.05.

A. Aircraft Owners & Pilots Association, 4650 East-West Highway, Bethesda, Md.

A. Air Transport Association of America, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,243.48. E. (9) \$2,243.48.

A. Louis J. Allen, 1121 Nashville Trust Building, Nashville, Tenn.

B. Class I railroads in Tennessee.

A. W. L. Allen, 8605 Cameron Street, Silver Spring, Md.

B. Commercial Telegraphers' Union, 8605 Cameron Street, Silver Spring, Md.

A. Amalgamated Association of Street, Electric Railway & Motor Coach Employees of America, 5025 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. American Association of Port Authorities, 601 Southern Building, Washington, D.C.

A. American Cancer Society, 521 West 57th Street, New York City.

E. (9) \$7,685.06.

A. American Cotton Manufacturers Institute, Inc., 1501 Johnston Building, Charlotte, N.C.

D. (6) \$8,054.67. E. (9) \$8,054.67.

A. American Farm Bureau Federation, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill., and 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$25,430. E. (9) \$25,430.

A. American Federation of Labor & Congress of Industrial Organizations, AFL-CIO Building, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$32,921.90.

A. American Hospital Association, 840 North Lake Shore Drive, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$14,742.09. E. (9) \$13,442.09.

A. American Hotel Association, 221 West 57th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. American Israel Public Affairs Committee, 1737 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,094.75. E. (9) \$1,883.16.

A. American Justice Association, Inc., Post Office Box 1387, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$4.50.

A. American Legion National Headquarters, 700 North Pennsylvania Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

D. (6) \$1,249.98. E. (9) \$19,877.78.

A. American Life Convention, 230 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$524.18. E. (9) \$55.70.

A. American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$10,000. E. (9) \$16,992.34.

A. American National Cattlemen's Association, 801 East 17th Avenue, Denver, Colo.

D. (6) \$11,305.33. E. (9) \$3,750.

A. American Optometric Association, 8001 Jenkins Arcade, Pittsburgh, Pa.

D. (6) \$2,500. E. (9) \$5,018.14.

A. American Osteopathic Association, 212 East Ohio Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$520.10. E. (9) \$520.10.

A. American Paper & Pulp Association, 122 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. American Parents Committee, Inc., 52 Vanderbilt Avenue, New York, N.Y., and 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$11,736.42. E. (9) \$2,365.14.

A. American Petroleum Institute, 1271 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$10,376. E. (9) \$9,469.

A. American Pulpwood Association, 220 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. American Retail Federation, 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$45,598.88. E. (9) \$4,596.64.

A. American Short Line Railroad Association, 2000 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,503.77. E. (9) \$1,503.77.

A. American Steamship Committee on Conference Studies, 207 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$2,616.76.

A. American Sugar Beet Industry Policy Committee, 500 Sugar Building, Denver, Colo.

A. American Textile Machinery Association, 60 Battery March Street, Boston, Mass.

A. American Tramp Shipowners Association, Inc., 11 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$500. E. (9) \$4,529.15.

A. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$10,290.06. E. (9) \$15,100.82.

A. AMVETS (American Veterans of World War II), 1710 Rhode Island Avenue, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$1,782.50.

A. American Vocational Association, Inc., 1010 Vermont Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. American Warehousemen's Association, 222 West Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.

A. American Yugoslav Claims Committee, 61 West 87th Street, New York City, N.Y.

D. (6) \$568. E. (9) \$274.40.

A. America's Wage Earners' Protective Conference, 815 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,275. E. (9) \$1,188.04.

A. Jerry L. Anderson, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Samuel W. Anderson, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Cerro de Pasco Corp., 300 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y., and American Metal Climax, Inc., 1270 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$2,500. E. (9) \$25.

A. Walter M. Anderson, Jr., Montgomery, Ala.

B. Alabama Railroad Association, 1002 First National Bank Building, Montgomery, Ala.

A. W. B. Ardery, Washington, D.C.

B. General Motors Corp., 3044 West Grand Boulevard, Detroit, Mich.

A. Area Employment Expansion Committee, 1144 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$758.96.

A. J. Sinclair Armstrong, 45 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.

B. United States Trust Co. of New York, 45 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$59.15.

A. Arnold, Fortas & Porter, 1229 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Howard F. Knipp, 3401 South Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.

E. (9) \$14.75.

A. Arthritis & Rheumatism Foundation, 10 Columbus Circle, New York City.

E. (9) \$1,248.30.

A. Associated General Contractors of America, Inc., 20th & E Streets NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Associated Third Class Mail Users, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$6,418.77. E. (9) \$6,418.77.

A. Association of American Physicians & Surgeons, Inc., 185 North Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$375. E. (9) \$375.

A. Association of American Railroads, 929 Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$9,957.28. E. (9) \$9,957.28.

A. Association of Casualty & Surety Cos., 60 John Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$2,296.72. E. (9) \$2,296.72.

A. Association of Stock Exchange Firms, 120 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$165.30.

A. Association of Western Railways, 224 Union Station Building, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$846.35. E. (9) \$846.35.

A. Howard Atkins, 51 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

B. National Association of Shoe Chain Stores, Inc., 51 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$25. E. (9) \$25.

A. A. V. Atkinson, 1925 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Communications Workers of America, 1925 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$2,681.58.

A. Atlantic Refining Co., 260 South Broad Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

E. (9) \$500.

A. Richard W. Averill, 801 Sheraton Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Retail Merchants Association, 100 West 31st Street, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$141.05.

A. Charles E. Babcock, Route 2, Box 406, Vienna, Va.

B. National Council, Junior Order United American Mechanics, 325 North Broad Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

D. (6) \$150. E. (9) \$1.

A. Harry S. Baer, Jr., 1115 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Aeronautical Services Association, 1115 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$2,500.

A. Charles B. Bailey, Sr., 2035 South Avenue, Toledo, Ohio.

B. Brotherhood of Railway & Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers, Express & Station Employees.

D. (6) \$525. E. (9) \$575.12.

A. George P. Baker, Soldiers Field Post Office, Boston, Mass.

B. Transportation Association of America.

A. John A. Baker.

B. Farmers' Educational & Co-Operative Union of America, 1404 New York Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. \$3,274.88. E. (9) \$299.06.

A. Joseph H. Ball, 90 Broad Street, New York, N.Y.

B. American Steamship Committee on Conference Studies, 207 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

A. J. H. Ballew, Nashville, Tenn.

B. Southern States Industrial Council, Nashville, Tenn.

D. (6) \$2,400.

A. Arthur R. Barnett, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Electric Cos., 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,235. E. (9) \$58.59.

A. William G. Barr, 711 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Parking Association, Inc., 711 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Laurie C. Battle, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Manufacturers.

A. John V. Beamer, 625 Valley Brook Lane, Wabash, Ind.

B. Pine Hardwoods Association, 666 North Lake Shore Drive, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$300.

A. James F. Bell, 730 Southern Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Supervisors of State Banks, Munsey Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$500.

A. Rachel S. Bell, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Legislative Committee of the Committee for a National Trade Policy, Inc., 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Jacob I. Bellow, 4338 East-West Highway, Bethesda, Md.

B. American Federation of Government Employees, Lodge No. 12, Box 865, Benjamin Franklin Station, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$400. E. (9) \$50.

A. Ernest H. Benson, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employees, 12050 Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

D. (6) \$4,500.

A. Bergson & Borkland, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Freeport Sulphur Co., 161 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$0.75.

A. Andrew J. Blemiller, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Labor & Congress of Industrial Organizations, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$4,017. E. (9) \$584.30.

A. Walter J. Bierwagen, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Division 689, Amalgamated Association of Street, Electric Railway & Motor Coach Employees of America, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Hudson Biery, 4517 Carew Tower, Cincinnati, Ohio.

B. Ohio Valley Improvement Association, Inc., 4517 Carew Tower, Cincinnati, Ohio.

A. Robert J. Bird, Esq., 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. Hilton Hotels Corp., 720 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

A. David Bishop, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Division 689, Amalgamated Association of Street, Electric Railway & Motor Coach Employees of America, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Henry J. Bison, Jr., 1317 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Retail Grocers, 360 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$3,000. E. (9) \$987.

A. John H. Bivins, 1271 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.

B. American Petroleum Institute, 1271 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$550.

A. James C. Black, 1625 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Republic Steel Corp., Republic Building, Cleveland, Ohio.

D. (6) \$600. E. (9) \$500.

A. William Rhea Blake, 1918 North Parkway, Memphis, Tenn.

B. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 9905, Memphis, Tenn.

D. (6) \$370.92. E. (9) \$95.13.

A. Blue Cross Commission, 840 North Lake Shore Drive, Chicago, Ill.

A. William Blum, Jr., 1741 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Committee for the Study of Revenue Bond Financing, 149 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$284.05. E. (9) \$11.40.

A. Eugene F. Bogan, 1108 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Investment Cos., 61 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$1,500.

A. Hyman Bookbinder, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Labor & Congress of Industrial Organizations, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,250. E. (9) \$382.80.

A. Lyle H. Boren, Seminole, Okla.

B. Association of Western Railways, 224 Union Station Building, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$230.12.

A. R. T. Borth, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. General Electric Co., 570 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$375. E. (9) \$540.59.

A. G. Stewart Boswell, 502 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 9905, Memphis, Tenn.

D. (6) \$360. E. (9) \$2.53.

A. Charles M. Boyer, 2517 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Reserve Officers Association of the United States, 2517 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Joseph E. Brady, 2347 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

B. International Union of United Brewery, Flour, Cereal, Soft Drink & Distillery Workers of America, 2347 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

A. Frank P. Brennan, Avoca, Iowa.

B. Iowa Power & Light Co., Des Moines, Iowa.

A. W. Kenneth Brew, 122 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

B. American Paper & Pulp Association, 122 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. William N. Brinker, 1729 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Institute of Scrap Iron & Steel, Inc., 1729 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$300. E. (9) \$1.

A. Homer L. Brinkley, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives.

A. W. S. Bromley, 220 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

B. American Pulpwood Association, 220 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. George Bronz, 839 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Amity Fabrics, Inc., 12 West 32d Street, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$67.80.

A. Milton E. Brooding, 215 Fremont Street, San Francisco, Calif.

B. California Packing Corp., 215 Fremont Street, San Francisco, Calif.

D. (6) \$200. E. (9) \$100.

A. Derek Brooks, 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Retail Furniture Association, 666 Lake Shore Drive, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$600. E. (9) \$982.36.

A. Brotherhood of Railway & Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers, Express & Station Employees, 1015 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

D. (6) \$3,476.27. E. (9) \$3,476.27.

A. Bryant C. Brown, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Mutual Insurance Alliance.

A. J. D. Brown, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Public Power Association, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$75.

A. Brown & Lund, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American & Foreign Power Co., Inc., 100 Church Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$375. E. (9) \$107.98.

A. Brown & Lund, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Electric Cos., 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$737.50. E. (9) \$737.97.

A. Lyman L. Bryan, 2000 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, 270 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$115. E. (9) \$60.56.

A. George S. Buck, Jr., Post Office Box 9905, Memphis, Tenn.

B. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 9905, Memphis, Tenn.
D. (6) \$144. E. (9) \$2.74.

A. Bulgarian Claim Committee, 24 Beekman Street, New York, N.Y.
E. (9) \$89.83.

A. George J. Burger, 250 West 57th Street, New York, N.Y., and 740 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Burger Tire Consultant Service, 250 West 57th Street, New York, N.Y., and National Federation of Independent Business, 740 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

A. George B. Burnham, 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.

B. Numerous stockholders of the Burnham Chemical Co., 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$187. E. (9) \$187.

A. F. Hugh Burns, 821 Cafritz Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Great Lakes-St. Lawrence Association, 821 Cafritz Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$2,700. E. (9) \$31.

A. Maurice G. Burnside, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Division of Legislation & Federal Relations of the National Education Association of the United States, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$2,937.45. E. (9) \$35.30.

A. David Burpee, Fordhook Farms, Doylestown, Pa.

A. Robert M. Burr, 105 Mansfield Avenue, Darien, Conn.

B. National Electrical Manufacturers Association, 155 East 44th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Orrin A. Burrows, 1200 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, 1200 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$3,750.

A. Hollis W. Burt, 1212 Munsey Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Supervisors of State Banks, 1212 Munsey Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$44.60.

A. C. G. Caffrey, 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Cotton Manufacturers Institute, Inc., 1501 Johnston Building, Charlotte, N.C.

A. Gordon L. Calvert, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Investment Bankers Association of America, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$300. E. (9) \$396.08.

A. Carl C. Campbell, 502 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 9905, Memphis, Tenn.
D. (6) \$27.27.

A. James A. Campbell, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Government Employees, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$2,942.31. E. (9) \$294.23.

A. Judy Carlile, 229 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Counsel Associates, 229 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$200. E. (9) \$190.07.

A. John T. Carlton and M. H. Manchester, 2517 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Reserve Officers Association of the United States, 2517 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Braxton B. Carr, 1025 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. American Waterways Operators, Inc., 1025 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$1,625. E. (9) \$436.92.

A. Robert S. Carr, 1220 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Hiram Walker & Sons, Inc., 8325 East Jefferson Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

A. Henderson H. Carson, 600 First National Bank Building, Canton, Ohio, and 744 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

B. East Ohio Gas Co., 1717 East Ninth Street, Cleveland, Ohio.

D. (6) \$1,000. E. (9) 630.

A. Albert E. Carter, Mayflower Hotel, Washington, D.C.

B. Pacific Gas & Electric Co., 245 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.

D. (6) \$4,500. E. (9) \$1,025.84.

A. William L. Carter, 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

B. International Association of Ice Cream Manufacturers.
E. (9) \$7.65.

A. Francis R. Cawley, 1101 Vermont Avenue, NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Magazine Publishers Association, Inc., 444 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$560. E. (9) \$162.23.

A. Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America, 1615 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Justice M. Chambers, 2521 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Greg-Gary Corp., 7 Park Avenue., New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$7,500.

A. Charitable Contributors Association, 100 Old York Road, Jenkintown, Pa.

E. (9) \$400.

A. Christian Amendment Movement, 804 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

D. (6) \$3,396.95. E. (9) \$4,173.91.

A. Citizens Foreign Aid Committee, 1101 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Charles Patrick Clark, 500 World Center Building, Washington, D.C.

B. B. Rapaport & Son, Inc., Central Street, Post Office Box 169, Windsor, Conn.
D. (6) \$5,000.

A. Earl W. Clark, 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.

B. Labor-Management Maritime Committee, 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$900. E. (9) \$125.20.

A. Robert M. Clark, 1710 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Co., 80 East Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

A. Clear Channel Broadcasting Service, 532 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Cleary, Gottlieb, Steen & Ball, Southern Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Sporting Arms & Ammunition Manufacturers' Institute, 250 East 43d Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$1,000. E. (9) \$10.

A. Joseph Coakley, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Building Service Employees International Union, 155 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$2,800.

A. A. C. Cocke, 821 Gravier Street, New Orleans, La.

B. American Steamship Committee on Conference Studies, 207 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Edwin A. Cohen, 26 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

B. National Association of Investment Cos., 61 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$4,000. E. (9) \$83.45.

A. Coles & Goertner, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Tramp Shipowners Association, Inc., 11 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
E. (9) \$158.55.

A. Coles & Goertner, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Committee of American Tanker Owners, Inc., 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) \$317.67.

A. Committee for Broadening Commercial Bank Participation in Public Financing, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Committee on Cooperative Advertising, 570 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Committee To Strengthen the Frontiers of Freedom, 1025 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$6,822.28.

A. Committee for Study of Revenue Bond Financing, 149 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$682.26.

A. Committee To Support U.S. Congress Bill Creating a Commission on Obscene Matters and Materials, 18 Laurel Avenue, Old Bridge, N.J.

D. (6) \$50.

A. R. T. Compton.

B. National Association of Manufacturers, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. John C. Cone, 815 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Pan American World Airways, 815 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Julian D. Conover, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,000. E. (9) \$840.

A. Orval R. Cook, 610 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Aerospace Industries Association of America, Inc., 610 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

A. J. Milton Cooper, 1100 Bowen Building, Washington, D.C.

B. New York Stock Exchange, 11 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.

A. J. Milton Cooper, 1100 Bowen Building, Washington, D.C.

B. R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co., Winston-Salem, N.C.

A. Mitchell J. Cooper, 1631 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Manufacturers' Association of Puerto Rico, San Juan, P.R.

D. (6) \$832.

A. Edward J. Coughlin, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Technical Engineers, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$195. E. (9) \$20.

A. Council of Conservationists, Inc., 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

B. Fred Smith & Co., Inc., 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Council of Mechanical Specialty Contracting Industries, Inc., 610 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Donald M. Counihan, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. American Corn Millers' Federation, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

A. Donald M. Counihan, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. Classroom Periodical Publishers Association, 36 West Fifth Street, Dayton, Ohio.

A. Edsall Lee Couplin, 441 East Jefferson Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

B. Michigan Hospital Service, 441 East Jefferson Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

D. (6) \$1,500. E. (9) \$2.

A. Covington & Burling, 701 Union Trust Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Can Co., 100 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$28.60.

A. Covington & Burling, 701 Union Trust Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Committee on Joint Resolution 1955 Legislature, Post Office Box 3170, Honolulu, Hawaii.

A. Covington & Burling, 701 Union Trust Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Copper & Brass Research Association, 420 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Covington & Burling, 701 Union Trust Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Machine Tool Builders' Association, 2139 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. A. M. Crawford, 704 Title & Trust Building, Phoenix, Ariz.

B. Southern Pacific Co., 65 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif., and the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway, 121 East Sixth Street, Los Angeles, Calif.

D. (6) \$150.

A. William A. Cromartie, 1 North LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. Singer Manufacturing Co., 149 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$160.70.

A. H. C. Crotty, 12050 Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

A. Paul Cunningham, 575 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

B. American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers, 575 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Bryce Curry, 907 Ring Building, 18th & M Streets NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National League of Insured Savings Associations, 907 Ring Building, 18th & M Streets NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$950.

A. Bernard Cushman, 5025 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Amalgamated Association of Street, Electric Railway & Motor Coach Employees of America, 5025 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. John R. Dalton, 1508 Merchants Bank Building, Indianapolis, Ind.

B. Associated Railways of Indiana, 1508 Merchants Bank Building, Indianapolis, Ind.

A. D. C. Daniel, 1627 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Independent Dairies Association, 1627 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. John C. Datt, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 2300 Merchandise Mart, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$687.50. E. (9) \$15.89.

A. Charles W. Davis, 1 North LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. Sears, Roebuck & Co., 925 South Homan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

E. (9) \$257.69.

A. Charles W. Davis, 1 North La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. Singer Manufacturing Co., 149 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$160.70.

A. Dawson, Griffin, Pickens & Riddell, 731 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Industrial Bankers Association, 831 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Dawson, Griffin, Pickens & Riddell, 731 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Laundry-Dry Cleaning Association of D.C., 2400 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$250.

A. Michael B. Deane, 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Comision de Defensa del Agucar y Fomento de la Cana, 1825 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$14,000. E. (9) \$388.88.

A. Michael B. Deane, 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Independent Airlines Association, 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Michael B. Deane, 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Ronson Corp., 1 Ronson Road, Woodbridge, N.J.

D. (6) \$2,000. E. (9) \$33.30.

A. Michael B. Deane, 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. U.S. Poultry & Egg Producers Association, 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Tony T. Dechant.

B. Farmers' Educational & Co-Operative Union of America, 1575 Sherman Street, Denver, Colo., and 1404 New York Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Richard A. Dell, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$41.16.

A. Mary S. Deuel, 3026 Cambridge Place NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Washington Home Rule Committee, Inc., 924 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$438.54.

A. Joe T. Dickerson, 1625 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Mid-Continent Oil & Gas Association, 300 Tulsa Building, Tulsa, Okla.

A. Cecil B. Dickson, 1523 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$1,125. E. (9) \$211.46.

A. Timothy V. A. Dillon, 1001 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Sacramento Yolo Port District, 705 California Fruit Building, Sacramento, Calif.

D. (6) \$2,744.70. E. (9) \$119.70.

A. Timothy V. A. Dillon, 1001 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Westlands Water District, Post Office Box 4006, Fresno, Calif.

D. (6) \$3,304.25. E. (9) \$304.25.

A. Disabled American Veterans, 5555 Ridge Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio.

E. (9) \$1,986.86.

A. Disabled Officers Association, 1612 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$3,750.

A. District Lodge No. 44, International Association of Machinists, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$18,189.81. E. (9) \$18,529.38.

A. Division 689, Amalgamated Association of Street, Electric Railway & Motor Coach Employees of America, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$41.90.

A. Division of Legislation & Federal Relations of the National Education Association of the United States, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$11,197.04.

A. William C. Doherty, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Letter Carriers, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,125.

A. Robert C. Dolan, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Electric Cos., 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$300. E. (9) \$66.87.

A. Paul R. M. Donelan, 1523 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$300. E. (9) \$3.50.

A. James L. Donnelly, 200 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

B. Illinois Manufacturers' Association, 200 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

A. Donoghue, Ragan & Mason, 239 Wyatt Building, Washington, D.C.

B. California Shipping Co., 320 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.

E. (9) \$45.28.

A. Robert F. Donoghue, 239 Wyatt Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Pacific American Tankship Association, 25 California Street, San Francisco, Calif.

D. (6) \$1,624.99.

A. Thomas J. Donovan, 155 East 44th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. J. Dewey Dorsett, 60 John Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$127.50.

A. Jasper N. Dorsey, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. Southern Bell Telephone & Telegraph Co., Hurt Building, Atlanta, Ga.
 D. (6) \$46.25.

A. C. L. Dorson, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Retirement Federation of Civil Service Employees of the U.S. Government, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,862.02. E. (9) \$90.

A. Fred H. Dressler, Box 188, Gardnerville, Nev.

B. American National Cattlemen's Association, 801 East 17th Avenue, Denver, Colo.

A. Ben DuBois.

B. Independent Bankers Association, Sauk Centre, Minn.

A. Stephen M. DuBrul, 11-134 General Motors Building, Detroit, Mich.

B. General Motors Corp., 3044 West Grand Boulevard, Detroit, Mich.

A. Read P. Dunn, Jr., 502 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 9905, Memphis, Tenn.

A. William E. Dunn, 20th and E Streets NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Associated General Contractors of America, Inc., 20th & E Streets NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Henry I. Dworshak, 1102 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$600.

A. Eastern Meat Packers Association, Inc., 740 11th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$82.63. E. (9) \$39.14.

A. Herman Edelsberg, 1640 Rhode Island Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith, 515 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$140. E. (9) \$15.

A. James B. Ehrlich, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Air Transport Association of America, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$350. E. (9) \$48.50.

A. Myron G. Ehrlich, 401 Third Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Marjory Hendricks, 2700 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. John M. Elliott, 5025 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Amalgamated Association of Street, Electric Railway & Motor Coach Employees of America, 5025 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Clyde T. Ellis, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$31.25.

A. Otis H. Ellis, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Oil Jobbers Council, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$12,000.

A. Perry R. Ellsworth, 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Milk Industry Foundation, 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$200. E. (9) \$5.

A. Ely, McCarty & Duncan, 1200 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Public Power Association, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Ely, McCarty & Duncan, 1200 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Department of Water & Power of the City of Los Angeles, 207 South Broadway, Los Angeles, Calif.

D. (6) \$2,400.

A. Ely, McCarty & Duncan, 1200 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

B. East Bay Municipal Utility District, 2130 Adeline Street, Oakland, Calif.

D. (6) \$2,100.

A. Ely, McCarty & Duncan, 1200 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Imperial Irrigation District, El Centro, Calif.

D. (6) \$2,100.

A. Ely, McCarty & Duncan, 1200 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Palo Verde Irrigation District, Blythe, Calif.

A. Ely, McCarty & Duncan, 1200 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Six Agency Committee and Colorado River Board of California, 909 South Broadway, Los Angeles, Calif.

D. (6) \$4,968.75. E. (9) \$11.03.

A. John W. Emeigh, 1040 Warner Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Rural Letter Carriers' Association, 1040 Warner Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$958.38. E. (9) \$9.20.

A. Miles W. English, 966 National Press Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Highway Users Conference, Inc., 966 National Press Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Family Tax Association, 2110 Girard Trust Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

D. (6) \$9,900. E. (9) \$3,590.23.

A. Farmers' Educational & Co-Operative Union of America, 1575 Sherman Street, Denver, Colo., and 1404 New York Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$32,342.68. E. (9) \$22,161.07.

A. Bonner Fellers, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Citizens Foreign Aid Committee.

A. John A. Ferguson, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Independent Natural Gas Association of America, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$437.50.

A. Josiah Ferris, 510 Union Trust Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Sugar Cane League, New Orleans, La., United States Sugar Corp., Clewiston, Fla., and Okeelanta Sugar Refinery, Inc., South Bay, Fla.

D. (6) \$6,349.98.

A. John B. Fisher, 1925 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Bangor & Aroostook Railroad, Bangor, Maine.

A. John B. Fisher, 1925 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. C. H. Sprague & Son Co., 125 High Street, Boston, Mass.

A. Berchmans T. Fitzpatrick, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Wood, King, Dawson & Logan, 48 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Norman A. Flaningam, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Consolidated Natural Gas Co., 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N.Y.

A. Roger Fleming, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 2300 Merchandise Mart, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$1,328.13. E. (9) \$16.

A. Florida Citrus Mutual, Lakeland, Fla.

E. (9) \$1,806.25.

A. Florida Inland Navigation District, Citizens Bank Building, Bunnell, Fla.

A. Florida Ship Canal Navigation District, 720 Florida Title Building, Jacksonville, Fla.

A. Fluorspar Consumers Committee, 40 Rector Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Foreign Policy Clearing House, 300 Independence Avenue SE., Washington, D.C.

A. James W. Foristel, 1523 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$875. E. (9) \$61.42.

A. James F. Fort, 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$500. E. (9) \$110.45.

A. Ronald J. Foulis, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C., and 195 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

B. American Telephone & Telegraph Co., 195 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

A. Robert W. Frase, 120 Jefferson Place NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Book Publishers Council, Inc., 24 West 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$800. E. (9) \$1,075.65.

A. Robert W. Frase, 1820 Jefferson Place NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Postal Committee for Educational & Cultural Materials, 24 West 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. W. E. Fravel, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen.

A. Elmer M. Freudenberger, 1701 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Disabled American Veterans, 5555 Ridge Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio.

E. (9) \$1,986.86.

A. Philip P. Friedlander, Jr., 1343 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Tire Dealers & Retreaders Association, Inc., 1343 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Friends Committee on National Legislation, 245 Second Street NE., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$10,699.17. E. (9) \$5,985.23.

A. Garrett Fuller, 836 Wyatt Building, Washington, D.C.

B. West Coast Steamship Co., 601 Board of Trade Building, Portland, Ore.

A. Wallace H. Fulton, 1707 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

A. Lawrence H. Gall, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Independent Natural Gas Association of America, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$457.50.

A. M. J. Galvin, 207 Union Depot Building, St. Paul, Minn.

B. Minnesota Railroads.

D. (6) \$500. E. (9) \$727.97.

A. Earl H. Gammons, 1735 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Gardner, Morrison & Rogers, 1126 Woodward Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Bigham, Englar, Jones & Houston, 99 John Street, New York City, and Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$11.58.

A. Marion R. Garstang, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Milk Producers Federation, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$10.

A. Gas Appliance Manufacturers Association, Inc., 60 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. J. M. George, 165 Center Street, Winona, Minn.

B. Inter-State Manufacturer's Association, 163-165 Center Street, Winona, Minn.

D. (6) \$1,500.

A. J. M. George, 165 Center Street, Winona, Minn.

B. National Association of Direct Selling Cos., 163-165 Center Street, Winona, Minn.

D. (6) \$3,000.

A. Ernest Giddings, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Division of Legislation and Federal Relations of the National Education Association.

D. (6) \$1,620. E. (9) \$31.56.

A. Joseph S. Gill, 16 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio.

B. Ohio Railroad Association, 16 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio.

E. (9) \$175.44.

A. Leif Gilstad, 1710 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Transportation Association of America.

A. Lawrence L. Gourley, 1757 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Osteopathic Association, 212 East Ohio Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$375.

A. Government Employees' Council, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$11,000.39. E. (9) \$6,792.25.

A. Government Relations Committee of the Office Equipment Manufacturers Institute, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. James L. Grah, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Public Power Association, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$50.

A. Grain & Feed Dealers National Association, 400 Folger Building, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$11.

A. Grand Lodge of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen & Enginemen, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C., and 318-413 Keith Building, Cleveland, Ohio.

D. (6) \$15,782. E. (9) \$16,865.88.

A. Mrs. Edward R. Gray, 3501 Williamsburg Lane NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Congress of Parents & Teachers, 700 North Rush Street, Chicago, Ill.

A. Virginia M. Gray, 3501 Williamsburg Lane NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Citizens Committee for UNICEF, 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$225. E. (9) \$32.40.

A. Jerry N. Griffin, 731 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Industrial Bankers Association, 813 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Jerry N. Griffin, 731 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

B. C.I.T. Financial Corp., 650 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Jerry N. Griffin, 731 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Mutual Benefit Health & Accident Association, Omaha, Nebr.

A. Weston B. Grimes, 1001 Bowen Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Cargill, Inc., 200 Grain Exchange, Minneapolis, Minn.

D. (6) \$6,000.

A. Gayle Gupton, 532 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Clear Channel Broadcasting Service, 532 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Frank E. Haas, 230 Union Station Building, Chicago, Ill.

B. Association of Western Railways, 224 Union Station Building, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$256.44. E. (9) \$359.79.

A. Hoyt S. Haddock, 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.

B. Labor-Management Maritime Committee, 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$900. E. (9) \$199.88.

A. Hoyt S. Haddock, 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.

B. Seafarers' Section, MTD, 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$2,901.20.

A. Hal H. Hale, 423 Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Association of American Railroads, Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Robert Hale, 1039 Investment Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Wisconsin Avenue Committee on Transportation Problems, 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, Washington, D.C.

A. Hugh F. Hall, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 2300 Merchandise Mart, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$758.33. E. (9) \$7.83.

A. E. C. Hallbeck, 817 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Federation of Post Office Clerks, 817 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,708.32. E. (9) \$280.73.

A. Charles A. Hamilton, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. General Electric Co., 570 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$500. E. (9) \$89.22.

A. W. C. Hammerle, 220 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

B. American Pulpwood Association, 220 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Harold F. Hammond, 1710 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Transportation Association of America.

A. C. L. Hancock, 420 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.

B. Copper & Brass Research Association, 420 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$3,000.

A. Eugene J. Hardy, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Manufacturers.

A. L. James Harmanson, Jr., 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,624.96. E. (9) \$166.78.

A. Conrad P. Harness, 1117 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Home Manufacturers Association, 1117 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$350.

A. Herbert E. Harris II, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 2300 Merchandise Mart, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$1,187.50. E. (9) \$38.05.

A. Merwin K. Hart, 7501 Empire State Building, New York, N.Y.

B. National Economic Council, Inc., 7501 Empire State Building, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$100.

A. Stephen H. Hart, 500 Equitable Building, Denver, Colo.

B. National Livestock Tax Committee, 801 East 17th Avenue, Denver, Colo.

D. (6) \$1,258.66. E. (9) \$1,770.30.

A. John A. Hartman, Jr., 67 Broad Street, New York, N.Y.

B. American Cable & Radio Corp., 67 Broad Street, New York, N.Y., and subsidiaries.

A. Paul M. Hawkins, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Health Insurance Association of America, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$253. E. (9) \$9.10.

A. Kit H. Haynes, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives.

A. Mrs. Glenn C. Hays, 212 Maryland Avenue NE., Washington, D.C.

B. National Woman's Christian Temperance Union, 1730 Chicago Avenue, Evanston, Ill.

D. (6) \$571.56. E. (9) \$583.03.

A. Joseph H. Hays, 280 Union Station Building, Chicago, Ill.

B. Association of Western Railways, 224 Union Station Building, Chicago, Ill.

A. John C. Hazen, 801 Sheraton Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Retail Merchants Association, 100 West 31st Street, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$120.90.

A. Health Insurance Association of America, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$2,133.

A. Patrick B. Nealy, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Milk Producers Federation, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$150. E. (9) \$92.55.

A. George J. Hecht, 52 Vanderbilt Avenue, New York, N.Y., and 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.

B. American Parents Committee, Inc., 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.

A. Hedrick & Lane, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Comité de Productores de Azúcar, Antonio Miro Quesada 376, Lima, Peru, S.A.
D. (6) \$3,750. E. (9) \$295.54.

A. Hedrick & Lane, 1001 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. Committee on Cooperative Advertising, 570 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.
E. (9) \$262.28.

A. Hedrick & Lane, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Reciprocal Inter Insurers Federal Tax Committee, 400 United Artists Building, Detroit, Mich.
D. (6) \$2,113.47 E. (9) \$227.61.

A. Robert B. Heiney, 1133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Cannery Association, 1133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$875. E. (9) \$1,626.71.

A. Kenneth G. Heisler, 18th and M Streets NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National League of Insured Savings Associations, 18th and M Streets NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$1,350.

A. Edmund P. Hennelly, 150 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

B. Socony Mobil Oil Co., Inc., 150 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$2,187.92. E. (9) \$1,062.92.

A. Maurice G. Herndon, 801 Warner Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Insurance Agents, 96 Fulton Street, New York, N.Y., and 801 Warner Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$77.76. E. (9) \$77.76.

A. Clinton M. Hester, 432 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Carpet Institute, Inc., Empire State Building, Fifth Avenue at 34th, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$10,000. E. (9) \$33.11.

A. Clinton M. Hester, 432 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Boston Wool Trade Association, 263 Summer Street, Boston, Mass.
D. (6) \$600. E. (9) \$53.56.

A. Clinton M. Hester, 432 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Hot House Vegetable Growers, Post Office Box 659, Terre Haute, Ind.

A. Clinton M. Hester, 432 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Wool Manufacturers, 386 Fourth Avenue, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$1,000.

A. Clinton M. Hester, 432 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Football League, 1 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N.Y.
E. (9) \$89.34.

A. Clinton M. Hester, 432 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Wool Trade Association, 263 Summer Street, Boston, Mass.

A. Clinton M. Hester, 432 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

B. New York Wool Trade Association, 155 East 44th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Clinton M. Hester, 432 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Philadelphia Wool & Textile Association, Post Office Box 472, Station S, Philadelphia, Pa.

A. Clinton M. Hester, 432 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

B. United States Brewers Foundation, 535 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$5,000. E. (9) \$107.30.

A. W. J. Hickey, 2000 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The American Short Line Railroad Association, 2000 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$262.50.

A. M. F. Hicklin, 507 Bankers Trust Building, Des Moines, Iowa.

B. Iowa Railway Committee, 507 Bankers Trust Building, Des Moines, Iowa.
E. (9) \$25.27.

A. John W. Hight, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Legislative Committee of the Committee for a National Trade Policy, Inc., 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$200. E. (9) \$15.75.

A. Ray C. Hinman, 150 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

B. Socony Mobil Oil Co., Inc., 150 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$1,250.

A. Lawrence S. Hobart, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Public Power Association, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$100.

A. John R. Holden, 1710 Rhode Island Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. AMVETS (American Veterans of World War II), 1710 Rhode Island Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$1,187.50. E. (9) \$75.

A. A. D. Holmes, Jr., Gallion, Ala.

B. National Association of Soil Conservation Districts, League City, Tenn.

A. Home Manufacturers Association, 1117 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$500. E. (9) \$1,000.

A. Edwin M. Hood, 441 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Shipbuilders Council of America, 21 West Street, New York, N.Y.

A. J. M. Hood, 2000 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The American Short Line Railroad Association, 2000 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$318.75.

A. Samuel H. Horne, Munsey Building, Washington, D.C.

B. The Singer Manufacturing Co., 149 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
E. (9) \$160.70.

A. Lawrence W. Horning, 1010 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

B. New York Central Railroad Co., 230 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Donald E. Horton, 222 West Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. American Warehousemen's Association, Merchandise Division, Chicago, Ill.

A. Harold A. Houser, 1616 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Retired Officers Association, 1616 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,499.99.

A. Erma D. Hubbard, 509 Ridgely Avenue, Annapolis, Md.

B. Military Survivors, Inc., 509 Ridgely Avenue, Annapolis, Md.

A. William T. Huff, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Independent Natural Gas Association of America, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$275.

A. Hughes, Hubbard, Blair & Reed, 1 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.

B. The Bendix Corp., Fisher Building, Detroit, Mich.

A. William J. Hull, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Ashland Oil & Refining Co., 1409 Winchester Avenue, Ashland, Ky.

A. William J. Hull, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Ohio Valley Improvement Association, Inc.

A. Robert L. Humphrey, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Manufacturers.

A. C. E. Huntley, 2000 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The American Short Line Railroad Association, 2000 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$437.50.

A. Elmer P. Hutter, Post Office Box 2255, Washington, D.C.

B. Richard F. Bates, Sacramento, Calif., and Edward S. Cohen, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$472.

A. Illinois Railroad Association, 135 East 11th Place, Chicago, Ill.

E. (9) \$213.87.

A. Bernard J. Imming, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. United Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Association, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Independent Natural Gas Association of America, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,170.

A. Industrial Union Department, AFL-CIO, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$7,005.08. E. (9) \$7,005.08.

A. Institute of Scrap Iron & Steel, Inc., 1729 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$300.

A. International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Warehousemen and Helpers, 25 Louisiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$39,955.69.

A. International Union of Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers, 1126 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$1,500.

A. Inter-State Manufacturer's Association, 163-165 Center Street, Winona, Minn.

D. (6) \$3,000. E. (9) \$4.

A. Iron Ore Lessors Association, Inc., W-1481, First National Bank Building, Saint Paul, Minn.

D. (6) \$50. E. (9) \$3,157.14.

A. Robert C. Jackson, 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Cotton Manufacturers Institute, Inc., 1501 Johnston Building, Charlotte, N.C.

D. (6) \$2,150. E. (9) \$142.52.

A. Japanese-American Citizens League, 1634 Post Street, San Francisco, Calif.

D. (6) \$200. E. (9) \$225.

A. Daniel Jaspán, Post Office Box 1924, Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Postal Supervisors, Post Office Box 1924, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,391.23. E. (9) \$53.10.

A. Joe Jenness, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Robert G. Jeter, Dresden, Tenn.

B. H. C. Spinks Clay Co., Paris, Tenn.; Old Hickory Clay Co., Paducah, Ky.; Bell Clay Co., Gleason, Tenn.; United Clay Mines Corp., Trenton, N.J.; Kentucky-Tennessee Clay Co., Cooley Clay Co., Kentucky Clay Mining Co., Mayfield, Ky.; Tennessee Absorbent Co., Southern Clay Co., Paris, Tenn.

D. (6) \$2,328.69.

A. William T. Jobe, 810 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Ice Association, Inc., 810 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Gilbert R. Johnson, 1208 Terminal Tower, Cleveland, Ohio.

B. Lake Carriers' Association, 305 Rockefeller Building, Cleveland, Ohio.

A. Glendon E. Johnson, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Life Convention, 230 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$444.18. E. (9) \$55.70.

A. Hugo E. Johnson, 600 Bulkley Building, Cleveland, Ohio.

B. American Iron Ore Association, 600 Bulkley Building, Cleveland, Ohio.

A. Reuben L. Johnson.

B. The Farmers' Educational and Cooperative Union of America, 1404 New York Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,029.44. E. (9) \$100.75.

A. George Bliss Jones, Montgomery, Ala.

B. Alabama Railroad Association, 1002 First National Bank Building, Montgomery, Ala.

A. L. Dan Jones, 1110 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Independent Petroleum Association of America, 1110 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$19.07.

A. Phillip E. Jones, 920 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

B. United States Beet Sugar Association, 920 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$100.

A. Robert F. Jones, 515 Perpetual Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Cable & Radio Corp., 67 Broad Street, New York, N.Y., and subsidiaries.

A. Rowland Jones, Jr., 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Retail Federation, 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,500. E. (9) \$461.59.

A. Henry B. Jordan, 916 Investment Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Cyrus W. and Lucille M. Manfull, 13152 Wentworth Street, Pacoima, Calif.

A. Edwin W. Kaler, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Waterman Steamship Corp., 61 St. Joseph Street, Mobile, Ala.

D. (6) \$8,750.

A. John E. Kane, 1625 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Petroleum Institute, 1271 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$3,780. E. (9) \$554.97.

A. Sheldon Z. Kaplan, 817 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Guatemala Sugar Producers Association, Guatemala City, Guatemala.

A. Jerome J. Keating, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Letter Carriers, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,150.76.

A. Francis V. Keesling, Jr., 605 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.

B. West Coast Life Insurance Co., 605 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.

A. James C. Kelley, 1500 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Machine Tool Distributors' Association, 1500 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Elizabeth A. Kendall, 2310 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$172.

A. I. L. Kenen, 1737 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Israel Public Affairs Committee, 1737 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Harold L. Kennedy, 420 Cafritz Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Ohio Oil Co., Findlay, Ohio.

D. (6) \$500. E. (9) \$255.40.

A. Miles D. Kennedy, 1608 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Legion, 700 North Pennsylvania Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

D. (6) \$3,625. E. (9) \$83.50.

A. Frank T. Kenner, 38 Niuliki Circle, Honolulu, Hawaii.

B. Association of American Railroads, Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$179. E. (9) \$11.55.

A. William F. Kenney, New York, N.Y.

B. Shell Oil Co., 50 West 50th Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$625.

A. Franklin E. Kepner, Berwick Bank Building, Berwick, Pa.

B. Associated Railroads of Pennsylvania, 1022 Transportation Center, Philadelphia, Pa.

A. Ronald M. Ketcham, Post Office Box 351, Los Angeles, Calif.

B. Southern California Edison Co., Post Office Box 351, Los Angeles, Calif.

A. Jeff Kibre, 1341 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. International Longshoremen's & Warehousemen's Union, 150 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, Calif.

D. (6) \$1,718.52. E. (9) \$1,420.12.

A. Charles E. Kief, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Brotherhood of Railway & Steamship Clerks, 1015 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

D. (6) \$1,093.75.

A. John A. Killick, 740 11th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Eastern Meat Packers Association, Inc., 740 11th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$12.50.

A. John A. Killick, 740 11th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Independent Meat Packers Association, 740 11th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$262.92.

A. H. Cecil Kilpatrick, 912 American Security Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Minot, DeBlois & Maddison, 294 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

E. (9) \$380.03.

A. Kenneth L. Kimble, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Life Insurance Association of America, 488 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$132.25.

A. James F. King, 411 Universal Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Manufacturing Chemists' Association, Inc., 1825 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,250.

A. Ludlow King, 2139 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Machine Tool Builders' Association, 2139 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Mr. and Mrs. Harry L. Kingman.

D. (6) \$595. E. (9) \$595.

A. S. F. Kirby, 20 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.

B. National Council on Business Mail, 20 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$600. E. (9) \$120.69.

A. Clifton Kirkpatrick, 1918 North Parkway, Memphis, Tenn.

B. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 9905, Memphis, Tenn.

D. (6) \$510. E. (9) \$29.77.

A. Robert M. Koch, 210 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Limestone Institute, Inc., 210 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$10.

A. Germaine Krettek, 200 C Street SE., Washington, D.C.

B. American Library Association, 50 East Huron Street, Chicago, Ill.

E. (9) \$2,764.57.

A. Herman C. Kruse, 245 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.

B. Pacific Gas & Electric Co., 245 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.

D. (6) \$791.27. E. (9) \$1,197.97.

A. Labor Bureau of Middle West, 1001 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C., and 11 S. LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

A. Labor-Management Maritime Committee, 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$5,430. E. (9) \$4,819.25.

A. Dan Lacy, 24 West 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

B. National Committee for the Universal Copyright Convention, 24 West 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. James K. Langan, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$3,126.

A. Fritz G. Lanham, 2737 Devonshire Place NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Patent Council, Inc., 1434 West 11th Avenue, Gary, Ind.
D. (6) \$999.96.

A. Fritz G. Lanham, 2737 Devonshire Place NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Quality Brands Associates of America, Inc., 1001 Grant Street, Gary, Ind.
D. (6) \$900.

A. Fritz G. Lanham, 2737 Devonshire Place NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Trinity Improvement Association, Inc., 808 Trans-American Building, Fort Worth, Tex.
D. (6) \$1,275.

A. Dillard B. Lasseter, 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$3,000. E. (9) \$375.

A. Alan Latman, 200 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.
B. National Committee for Effective Design Legislation, 200 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.
E. (9) \$206.75.

A. John V. Lawrence, 1424 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1424 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$224.58. E. (9) \$6.80.

A. Thomas B. Lawrence, 917 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Licensed Beverage Association, 420 Seventh Street, Racine, Wis.
D. (6) \$600.

A. Warren Lawrence, 1700 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Standard Oil Co. of California, 1700 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$160. E. (9) \$75.

A. Gene Leach, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 2300 Merchandise Mart, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) \$1,212.50. E. (9) \$37.35.

A. Robert F. Lederer, 835 Southern Building, Washington, D.C.
B. American Association of Nurserymen, Inc., 835 Southern Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$24.38. E. (9) \$31.38.

A. Lee & Ross.
B. Committee of American Steamship Lines.
D. (6) \$6,249.99. E. (9) \$4,208.02.

A. Legislative Committee of the Committee for a National Trade Policy, Inc., 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$45. E. (9) \$545.71.

A. Roy T. Lester, 1523 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) \$1,100. E. (9) \$112.90.

A. John R. Lewis, 1625 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Mid-Continent Oil & Gas Association, 300 Tulsa Building, Tulsa, Okla.
D. (6) \$40. E. (9) \$9.30.

A. Life Insurance Association of America, 488 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y., and 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$3,891.12. E. (9) \$3,891.12.

A. L. Blaine Liljenquist, 917 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Western States Meat Packers Association, Inc., 604 Mission Street, San Francisco, Calif.
D. (6) \$3,125. E. (9) \$20.30.

A. Lester W. Lindow, 1735 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Robert G. Litschert, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Association of Electric Cos., 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$956.25. E. (9) \$18.16.

A. Walter J. Little, 944 Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Association of American Railroads, Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$441.69. E. (9) \$1,219.94.

A. Leonard Lopez, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. District Lodge No. 44, International Association of Machinists, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$2,499.90. E. (9) \$15.

A. Otto Lowe, Cape Charles, Va.
B. National Cannery Association, 1133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$1,000.

A. Scott W. Lucas, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Finance Conference, 176 West Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) \$1,250.

A. Scott W. Lucas, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Group Hospitalization, Inc., 14th and L Streets NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$250. E. (9) \$10.50.

A. Scott W. Lucas, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Mobile Homes Manufacturers Association, 20 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) \$1,000.

A. Scott W. Lucas, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Outdoor Advertising Association of America, Inc., 24 West Erie Street, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) \$250.

A. Scott W. Lucas, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Roadside Business Association, 646 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) \$250.

A. Scott W. Lucas, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Adolpho von Zedlitz, 60 Sutton Place South, New York, N.Y.

A. Scott W. Lucas, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Western Medical Corporation, 415-423 West Pershing Road, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) \$1,000.

A. John M. Lumley, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Division of Legislation and Federal Relations of the National Education Association.
D. (6) \$153.12. E. (9) \$10.46.

A. Milton F. Lunch, 2029 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Society of Professional Engineers, 2029 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$750.

A. John C. Lynn, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 2300 Merchandise Mart, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) \$2,162.50. E. (9) \$26.18.

A. John A. McCart, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Federation of Government Employees.
D. (6) \$2,244.70. E. (9) \$13.55.

A. J. L. McCaskill, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Education Association, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$225. E. (9) \$5.73.

A. Angus H. McDonald.
B. Farmers' Educational & Co-Operative Union of America, 1404 New York Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$2,208.64. E. (9) \$106.05.

A. William J. McDonald, 3005 Fernside Boulevard, Alameda, Calif.
B. National Council of Naval Air Stations Employee Organizations, 3005 Fernside Boulevard, Alameda, Calif.

A. Joseph T. McDonnell, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Association of Electric Cos., 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. A. J. McFarland, 126 North Eighth Street, Sterling, Kans.
B. Christian Amendment Movement.
D. (6) \$999.99.

A. William F. McKenna, 998 Colorado Building, Washington, D.C.
B. National Association of Mutual Savings Banks, 60 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$28.08. E. (9) \$15.23.

A. William H. McLin, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Division of Legislation and Federal Relations of the NEA, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$1,477.50. E. (9) \$46.83.

A. W. H. McMains, 1132 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Distilled Spirits Institute, 1132 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

A. C. W. McMillan, 801 East 17th Avenue, Denver, Colo.
B. American National Cattlemen's Association, 801 East 17th Avenue, Denver, Colo.
D. (6) \$3,750.

A. Clarence M. McMillan, 1343 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Candy Wholesalers Association, Inc., 1343 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Ralph J. McNair, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Life Insurance Association of America, 488 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$97.75. E. (9) \$1.09.

A. William P. MacCracken, Jr., 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.
B. American Optometric Association, Inc., 8001 Jenkins Arcade, Pittsburgh, Pa.
D. (6) \$3,750. E. (9) \$210.93.

A. William P. MacCracken, Jr., 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.
B. Frankel Brothers, 521 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.
E. (9) \$0.75.

A. William P. MacCracken, Jr., 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. Mrs. Willi Zietz, Savoy Hilton Hotel, New York City.
E. (9) \$0.75.

A. John G. Macfarlan, 1725 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Railway Express Agency, 1725 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$1,275. E. (9) \$1,564.39.

A. Jerome J. Madigan, 1117 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Home Manufacturers Association, 1117 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Arch L. Madsen, 1735 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Don Mahon, Box 959, Ben Franklin Station, Washington, D.C.
E. (9) \$405.80.

A. Walter E. Maloney, 40 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.

B. American Steamship Committee on Conference Studies, Barr Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$2,270. E. (9) \$934.31.

A. Carter Manasco, 4201 Chesterbrook Road, McLean, Va.

B. National Business Publications, Inc., 1913 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$600.

A. Carter Manasco, 4201 Chesterbrook Road, McLean, Va.

B. National Coal Association, Coal Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$3,000. E. (9) \$177.05.

A. Manufacturing Chemists' Association, Inc., 1825 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,625. E. (9) \$2,475.

A. Olya Margolin, 1637 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Council of Jewish Women, Inc., 1 West 47th Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$1,797.84. E. (9) \$45.30.

A. Rodney W. Markley, Jr., Wyatt Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Ford Motor Co., Dearborn, Mich.
D. (6) \$2,800. E. (9) \$687.46.

A. Raymond E. Marks, 65 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.

B. Southern Pacific Co., 65 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.

A. Edwin E. Marsh, 414 Crandall Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.

B. National Wool Growers Association.
D. (6) \$2,750. E. (9) \$271.31.

A. Winston W. Marsh, 1343 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Tire Dealers & Retreaders Association, 1343 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Fred T. Marshall, 1112 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. B. F. Goodrich Co., 500 South Main Street, Akron, Ohio.

A. J. Paull Marshall, 944 Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Association of American Railroads, Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Tommy M. Martin, 1040 Warner Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Rural Letter Carriers' Association, 1040 Warner Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$952.26. E. (9) \$11.65.

A. Mike M. Masaoka, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Japanese American Citizens League, 1634 Post Street, San Francisco, Calif.
D. (6) \$400. E. (9) \$225.

A. Walter J. Mason, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Labor & Congress of Industrial Organizations, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$3,250. E. (9) \$740.05.

A. P. H. Mathews, 944 Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Association of American Railroads, Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$945.43. E. (9) \$820.42

A. Charles D. Matthews, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Electric Cos., 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$67.50. E. (9) \$14.20.

A. Joe G. Matthews, 944 Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Association of American Railroads, Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$680.84. E. (9) \$353.35.

A. C. V. & R. V. Maudlin, 1111 E Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Secondary Material Industries, Inc., 271 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Mrs. Vera Mayer.

B. National Consumers League, 1025 Vermont Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$1,179.96.

A. Howard W. Mays, Jr., 210 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Limestone Institute, Inc., 210 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) \$5.

A. Lester H. Means, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. General Electric Co., Appliance Park, Louisville, Ky.
D. (6) \$50. E. (9) \$5.75.

A. John S. Mears, 1608 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Legion, 700 North Pennsylvania Street, Indianapolis, Ind.
D. (6) \$2,055.

A. Medical Society of the District of Columbia, 1718 M Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Mehler, Goldsborough & Ives, 2000 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Ferro Corp., Glostex Chemicals, Inc., O. Hommel Co., and Pemco Corp.
D. (6) \$1,215.

A. Kenneth A. Meiklejohn, 1209 Rippon Road, Alexandria, Va.

B. Joint Minimum Wage Committee, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$3,000. E. (9) \$330.95.

A. Kenneth A. Meiklejohn, 1209 Rippon Road, Alexandria, Va.

B. Retail, Wholesale & Department Store Union, 132 West 43d Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$675.

A. M. Barry Meyer, 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$100. E. (9) \$49.20.

A. James G. Michaux, 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Retail Federation, 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,250. E. (9) \$150.76.

A. Michigan Hospital Service, 441 East Jefferson Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

E. (9) \$1,513.01.

A. Clarence R. Miles, 1615 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Chamber of Commerce of the U.S.A.

A. John R. Miles.

B. Chamber of Commerce of the United States.

A. Military Survivors, Inc., 509 Ridgely Avenue, Annapolis, Md.

D. (6) \$90. E. (9) \$1,237.57.

A. Milk Industry Foundation, 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Miller & Chevallier, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Estate of Josephine S. Bogert, 37 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$5,000. E. (9) \$21.10.

A. Dale Miller, Mayflower Hotel, Washington, D.C.

B. Dallas (Tex.) Chamber of Commerce.
D. (6) \$1,500.

A. Dale Miller, Mayflower Hotel, Washington, D.C.

B. Intracoastal Canal Association of Louisiana and Texas, 2211 South Coast Building, Houston, Tex.
D. (6) \$2,625.

A. Dale Miller, Mayflower Hotel, Washington, D.C.

B. Texas Gulf Sulphur Co., Newgulf, Tex., and New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$2,250.

A. Edwin Reid Miller, 1004 Farnam Street, Omaha, Nebr.

B. Nebraska Railroads Legislative Committee, 1004 Farnam Street, Omaha, Nebr.
D. (6) \$2,553. E. (9) \$264.10.

A. Lloyd S. Miller, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C., and 195 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

B. American Telephone & Telegraph Co., 195 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

A. Claude Minard, 215 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.

B. California Railroad Association, 215 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.

A. Seymour S. Mintz, William T. Plumb, Jr., Robert K. Kifer, and Richard A. Mullens, 810 Colorado Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Hughes Tool Co., Houston, Tex.

A. Seymour S. Mintz, 800 Colorado Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Tennessee Products & Chemical Corp., Nashville, Tenn.

A. Clarence Mitchell, 100 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, 20 West 40th Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$1,875.

A. M. D. Mobley, 1010 Vermont Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Vocational Association, 1010 Vermont Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Willis C. Moffatt, First Security Building, Boise, Idaho.

A. Harry L. Moffett, 1102 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$750.

A. Cecil Morgan, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N.Y.
B. Standard Oil Co. (New Jersey), 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N.Y.
E. (9) \$0.25.

A. Morison, Murphy, Clapp & Abrams, Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
B. American Reciprocal Insurance Association, Kansas City, Mo.
E. (9) \$104.17.

A. Morison, Murphy, Clapp & Abrams, Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Area Employment Expansion Committee, 1144 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Morison, Murphy, Clapp & Abrams, Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Ford Motor Co., American Road, Dearborn, Mich.
D. (6) \$300.

A. Morison, Murphy, Clapp & Abrams, Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
B. St. Thomas Chamber of Commerce, Virgin Islands, U.S.A.
E. (9) \$42.81.

A. Morison, Murphy, Clapp & Abrams, Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Sperry & Hutchinson Co., 114 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$1,000. E. (9) \$169.93.

A. Giles Morrow, 1012 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Freight Forwarders Institute, 1012 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$5,625. E. (9) \$271.38.

A. Harold G. Mosier, 610 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Aerospace Industries Association of America, Inc., 610 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$2,704. E. (9) \$29.90.

A. Bernard R. Mullady, 1200 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers.
D. (6) \$2,730.

A. Vincent S. Mullaney, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. General Electric Co., 570 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$937.50. E. (9) \$611.04.

A. T. H. Mullen, 711 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Paper & Pulp Association, 122 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. T. H. Mullen, 711 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Pulpwood Association, 220 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Walter J. Munro, Hotel Washington, Washington, D.C.
B. Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen.

A. Dr. Emmett J. Murphy, 5737 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Chiropractic Insurance Co., National Building, Webster City, Iowa.
D. (6) \$500. E. (9) \$500.

A. Kenneth D. Naden, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives.

A. Paul A. Nagle, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$3,000.

A. National Association of Direct Selling Cos., 163-165 Center Street, Winona, Minn.
D. (6) \$13,750. E. (9) \$4.

A. National Association of Electric Cos., 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$723.27. E. (9) \$11,304.09.

A. National Association of Frozen Food Packers, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. National Association of Insurance Agents, Inc., 96 Fulton Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$3,500. E. (9) \$8,461.67.

A. National Association of Letter Carriers, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$586,167. E. (9) \$22,692.66.

A. National Association of Margarine Manufacturers, Munsey Building, Washington, D.C.

A. National Association of Mutual Savings Banks, 60 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$15.23. E. (9) \$15.23.

A. National Association of Plumbing Contractors, 1016 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. National Association of Postal Supervisors, Post Office Box 1924, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$12,450. E. (9) \$6,472.29.

A. National Association of Retired Civil Employees, 1625 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) \$1,260.

A. National Association of Soil Conservation Districts, League City, Tex.
D. (6) \$524.50. E. (9) \$524.50.

A. National Association of Travel Organizations, 1422 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$27,918.24. E. (9) \$682.50.

A. National Canners Association, 1133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$455,817.06. E. (9) \$4,474.05.

A. National Coal Association, Coal Building, Washington, D.C.

A. National Committee for Effective Design Legislation, 200 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$845. E. (9) \$206.75.

A. National Committee on Parcel Post Size & Weight Limitations, 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. National Committee for Research in Neurological Disorders, University Hospital, Minneapolis, Minn.
E. (9) \$5,000.

A. National Committee for the Universal Copyright Convention, 24 West 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. National Congress of Parents & Teachers, 700 North Rush Street, Chicago, Ill.

A. National Cotton Compress & Cotton Warehouse Association, 1085 Shrine Building, Memphis, Tenn.

A. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 9905, Memphis, Tenn.
D. (6) \$8,322.37. E. (9) \$8,322.37.

A. National Council on Business Mail, 20 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.
E. (9) \$720.69.

A. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$2,050. E. (9) \$1,578.08.

A. National Council Junior Order United American Mechanics, 3027 North Broad Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
E. (9) \$150.

A. National Council of Naval Air Stations Employee Organizations, 3005 Fernside Boulevard, Alameda, Calif.
D. (6) \$100.

A. National Counsel Associates, 229 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Association of First Class Mailers, 500 Walker Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$667.50. E. (9) \$746.43.

A. National Counsel Associates, 229 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Independent Airlines Association, 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$1,750. E. (9) \$1,342.69.

A. National Economic Council, Inc., 7501 Empire State Building, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$523.72. E. (9) \$680.94.

A. National Electrical Contractors Association, Inc., 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. National Electrical Manufacturers Association, 155 East 44th Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$2,586.59. E. (9) \$2,586.59.

A. National Federation of Federal Employees, 1729 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$125,680.15. E. (9) \$9,051.16.

A. National Federation of Post Office Clerks, 817 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$162,832.66. E. (9) \$22,869.94.

A. National Housing Conference, Inc., 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$21,995.16. E. (9) \$18,933.02.

A. National Independent Dairies Association, 1627 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. National Independent Meat Packers Association, 740 11th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$909.43. E. (9) \$2,548.14.

A. National League of Insured Savings Associations, 907 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$847.70. E. (9) \$2,758.38.

A. National Limestone Institute, Inc., 210 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$973.25. E. (9) \$973.25.

A. National Livestock Tax Committee, 801 East 17th Avenue, Denver, Colo.
D. (6) \$1,258.66. E. (9) \$1,770.30.

A. National Lumber Manufacturers Association, 1319 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$1,822.19. E. (9) \$1,642.74.

A. National Milk Producers Federation, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$7,039.63. E. (9) \$7,039.63.

A. National Multiple Sclerosis Society, 257 Fourth Avenue, New York City.
E. (9) \$832.19.

A. National Parking Association, Inc., 711 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. National Postal Transport Association, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$9,492.38. E. (9) \$9,492.38.

A. National Postal Committee for Educational and Cultural Materials, 24 West 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. National Restaurant Association, 1012 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$3,440.92. E. (9) \$3,440.92.

A. National Retail Furniture Association, 666 Lake Shore Drive, Chicago, Ill.

A. National Retail Merchants Association, 100 West 31st Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$8,785.04. E. (9) \$12,346.76.

A. National Rivers & Harbors Congress, 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$3,070. E. (9) \$8,089.

A. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) \$499.58.

A. National Rural Letter Carriers' Association, 1040 Warner Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$14,026.63. E. (9) \$7,383.02.

A. National Society of Professional Engineers, 2029 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$54,578.44. E. (9) \$4,975.39.

A. National Tax Relief Coalition, 2309 Pine Croft Road, Greensboro, N.C.
B. L. S. Franklin, 2309 Pine Croft Road, Greensboro, N.C.

A. National Tire Dealers and Retreaders Association, 1343 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$33. E. (9) \$33.

A. National Woman's Christian Temperance Union, 1730 Chicago Avenue, Evanston, Ill.
D. (6) \$2,689.80. E. (9) \$3,010.04.

A. National Wool Growers Association, 414 Crandall Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.
D. (6) \$26,945. E. (9) \$3,021.31.

A. Nation-Wide Committee of Industry, Agriculture and Labor on Import-Export Policy, 815 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$8,775. E. (9) \$16,978.51.

A. Robert R. Neal, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Health Insurance Association of America, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. William S. Neal, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Association of Manufacturers.

A. Samuel E. Neel, 1001 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Mortgage Bankers Association of America, 111 West Washington Street, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) \$4,600. E. (9) \$2,808.32.

A. Samuel E. Neel, 1001 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. James W. Rouse & Co., Inc., 14 West Saratoga Street, Baltimore, Md.; Walker & Dunlop, Inc., 905 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.; Frederick W. Berens, Inc., 1722 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.; The Carey Winston Co., 1723 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.; B. F. Saul Co., 925 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. A. Z. Nelson, 1319 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Lumber Manufacturers Association, 1319 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) \$8.90.

A. Paul Nelson, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. New York & New Jersey Dry Dock Association, 161 William Street, New York City.
D. (6) \$2,236.63. E. (9) \$2,011.25.

A. New York Stock Exchange, 11 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.
E. (9) \$3,000.

A. O. L. Norman, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Association of Electric Companies, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$1,012.50. E. (9) \$34.58.

A. Robert H. North, 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.
B. International Association of Ice Cream Manufacturers, 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Harry E. Northam, 185 North Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
B. Association of American Physicians and Surgeons, Inc., 185 North Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

A. E. M. Norton, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Milk Producers Federation, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$100. E. (9) \$39.

A. Brice O'Brien, 1102 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.
B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington 6, D.C.
D. (6) \$600. E. (9) \$9.95.

A. George J. O'Brien, 225 Bush Street, San Francisco, Calif.
B. Standard Oil Co. of California, 225 Bush Street, San Francisco, Calif.

A. E. H. O'Connor, 176 West Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.
B. Insurance Economics Society of America, 176 West Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) \$5,529.75.

A. R. E. O'Connor, 122 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.
B. American Paper & Pulp Association, 122 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. John A. O'Donnell, 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$900. E. (9) \$600.

A. Ohio Railroad Association, 16 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio.
E. (9) \$782.63.

A. Alvin E. Oliver, 400 Folger Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Grain & Feed Dealers National Association, 400 Folger Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Clarence H. Olson, 1608 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. The American Legion, 700 North Pennsylvania Street, Indianapolis, Ind.
D. (6) \$2,595. E. (9) \$69.52.

A. Samuel Omasta, 210 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Limestone Institute, Inc., 210 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) \$3.

A. Clayton L. Orn, 539 South Main Street, Findlay, Ohio.
B. The Ohio Oil Co., Findlay, Ohio.

A. Morris E. Osburn, Central Trust Building, Jefferson City, Mo.
B. Missouri Railroad Committee.

A. Kermit Overby, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$182.

A. John A. Overholt, 10315 Kensington Parkway, Kensington, Md.
B. National Association of Retired Civil Employees, 1625 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$923.10. E. (9) \$98.99.

A. Vaux Owen, 1729 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Federation of Federal Employees, 1729 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$3,365.39. E. (9) \$4.50.

A. Pacific American Tankship Association, 25 California Street, San Francisco, Calif.
D. (6) \$200. E. (9) \$1,624.99.

A. Edwin F. Padberg, 1223 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
B. The Pennsylvania Railroad Co., 6 Penn Center Plaza, Philadelphia, Pa.

A. Everett L. Palmer, 901 Hamilton Street, Allentown, Pa.
B. Pennsylvania Power and Light Co., 901 Hamilton Street, Allentown, Pa.
E. (9) \$159.49.

A. Lew M. Paramore, Town House Hotel, Kansas City, Kans.
B. Mississippi Valley Association, 1978 Railway Exchange Building, St. Louis, Mo.

A. J. D. Parel, 944 Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Association of American Railroads, Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Mrs. Karla V. Parker, 1729 Union Boulevard SE., Grand Rapids, Mich.

A. A. Lee Parsons, 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.
B. American Cotton Manufacturers Institute, 1501 Johnston Building, Charlotte, N.C.

A. James G. Patton.
B. The Farmers' Educational and Co-Operative Union of America, 1575 Sherman Street, Denver, Colo., and 1404 New York Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$1,250. E. (9) \$1,238.10.

A. Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison, 575 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.
B. Science Materials Center, Inc., 59 Fourth Avenue, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$3,000.

A. Edmund W. Pavenstedt, care of White & Case, 14 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Pehle, Lesser, Mann, Riemer & Luxford, 1210 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. El Salvador Fishermen's Association, San Salvador, El Salvador.
E. (9) \$14.03.

A. Philip C. Pendleton, Second Street Pike, Bryn Athyn, Pa.
 B. Charitable Contributors Association, 100 Old York Road, Jenkintown, Pa.
 D. (6) \$400. E. (9) \$175.

A. Philip C. Pendleton, Second Street Pike, Bryn Athyn, Pa.
 B. Family Tax Association, 2110 Girard Trust Building, Philadelphia, Pa.
 D. (6) \$2,500. E. (9) \$497.22.

A. Philip C. Pendleton, Second Street Pike, Bryn Athyn, Pa.
 B. The Pitcairn Co., 100 West 10th Street, Wilmington, Del.
 D. (6) \$3,000. E. (9) \$251.47.

A. Sanford Z. Persons, 820 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. United World Federalists, Inc., 820 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$555.80. E. (9) \$17.05.

A. Mrs. Esther Peterson, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. Industrial Union Department, AFL-CIO, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$2,813.44. E. (9) \$2,167.24.

A. Hugh Peterson.
 B. Georgia Power Co., 75 Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga.
 D. (6) \$7,500.

A. Hugh Peterson, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. U.S. Cane Sugar Refiners Association, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. J. Hardin Peterson, Post Office Box 111, Lakeland, Fla.
 B. Florida Citrus Mutual, Lakeland, Fla.
 D. (6) \$1,800. E. (9) \$49.75.

A. J. Hardin Peterson, Post Office Box 111, Lakeland, Fla.
 B. West Coast Inland Navigation District, Court House, Bradenton, Fla.
 D. (6) \$600. E. (9) \$21.

A. J. Hardin Peterson, Post Office Box 111, Lakeland, Fla.
 B. C. C. Woodard, 7630 Biscayne Boulevard, Miami, Fla., J. W. Keen, Luke and Eleanor Flood, Frostproof, Fla., and J. Allen Brown, Coral Gables, Fla.
 E. (9) \$17.18.

A. Kenneth Peterson, 1126 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. International Union of Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers, 1126 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$1,250.

A. Albert Pike, Jr., 488 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.
 B. Life Insurance Association of America, 488 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.
 D. (6) \$72.50.

A. T. E. Pinkston, 101 East High Street, Lexington, Ky.

A. Pitcairn Co., 100 West 10th Street, Wilmington, Del.
 E. (9) \$3,727.95.

A. Plains Cotton Growers, Inc., 1720 Avenue M, Lubbock, Tex.
 D. (6) \$7,943.72. E. (9) \$1,350.

A. J. Francis Pohlhaus, 100 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, 20 West 40th Street, New York, N.Y.
 D. (6) \$827.94.

A. James K. Polk, 40 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.
 B. Consolidated Edison Co. of New York, Inc., 4 Irving Place, New York, N.Y.

A. James K. Polk, 40 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.
 B. The Western Pacific Railroad Co., 526 Mission Street, San Francisco, Calif.

A. Frank M. Porter, 1271 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.
 B. American Petroleum Institute, 1271 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.

A. Nelson J. Post, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. National Milk Producers Federation, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$50. E. (9) \$105.58.

A. Charles E. Potter, 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. Committee of American Tanker Owners, Inc., 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$6,249.99. E. (9) \$1,388.97.

A. Richard M. Powell, 1210 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.
 B. National Association of Refrigerated Warehouses, 1210 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

A. William I. Powell, 1110 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.
 B. Independent Petroleum Association of America, 1110 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.
 E. (9) \$8.70.

A. Thomas W. Power, 1012 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. National Restaurant Association, 1012 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C., and 1530 North Lake Shore Drive, Chicago, Ill.
 D. (6) \$525. E. (9) \$50.

A. Homer V. Prater, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. American Federation of Government Employees, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$2,124.80. E. (9) \$30.

A. William C. Prather, 221 North La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.
 B. United States Savings & Loan League, 221 North La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.
 D. (6) \$275.

A. John H. Pratt, 905 American Security Building, Washington, D.C.
 B. National Electrical Manufacturers Association, 155 East 44th Street, New York, N.Y.
 D. (6) \$2,500. E. (9) \$68.48.

A. William H. Press, 1616 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. Washington Board of Trade, 1616 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$4,800.

A. Ganson Purcell, 910 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. Insular Lumber Co., 1406 Locust Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
 E. (9) \$9.44.

A. Purcell & Nelson, 910 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. Government Development Bank for Puerto Rico.

A. Purcell & Nelson, 910 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. Nicaragua Sugar Estates, Ltd., Managua, Nicaragua.
 E. (9) \$54.67.

A. C. J. Putt, 910 Jackson Street, Topeka, Kans.
 B. The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Co., 920 Jackson Street, Topeka, Kans.

A. Luke C. Quinn, Jr., 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. American Cancer Society, Arthritis and Rheumatism Foundation, United Cerebral Palsy Association, National Multiple Sclerosis Society, New York City, N.Y.; National Committee for Research in Neurological Disorders, Minneapolis, Minn.
 D. (6) \$13,249.97. E. (9) \$8,858.17.

A. Alex Radin, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. American Public Power Association, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$63.44.

A. Alan T. Rains, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. United Fresh Fruit & Vegetable Association, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 E. (9) \$52.12.

A. Donald J. Ramsey, 1612 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. Silver Users Association, 1612 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$425. E. (9) \$59.97.

A. J. A. Ransford, 1317 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. Tidewater Oil Co., Los Angeles, Calif.

A. Stanley Rector, 506 Hotel Washington, Washington, D.C.
 B. Unemployment Benefit Advisors, Inc.
 D. (6) \$1,000.

A. Otle M. Reed, 1107 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. National Creameries Association, 1107 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$1,875. E. (9) \$3,288.56.

A. W. O. Reed, 6254 Woodland Drive, Dallas, Tex.
 B. Texas Railroads.
 D. (6) \$88.50. E. (9) \$274.50.

A. William T. Reed, 5800 Connecticut Avenue, Chevy Chase, Md.
 B. Standard Oil Co., 910 South Michigan, Chicago, Ill.
 D. (6) \$1,500. E. (9) \$188.65.

A. J. B. Reeves, Ninth and Jackson, Topeka, Kans.
 B. The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Co., Ninth and Jackson, Topeka, Kans.

A. George L. Reid, Jr., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$1,999.98. E. (9) \$74.36.

A. George L. Reid, Jr., 1010 Vermont Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. National Association of Wheat Growers, Chappell, Nebr.
 D. (6) \$1,200. E. (9) \$24.51.

A. Herbert S. Reid, 466 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.
 D. (6) \$1,500. E. (9) \$118.35.

A. C. Frank Reifsnnyder and Charles W. Halleck, 800 Colorado Building, Washington, D.C.
 B. China Merchants Steamship Navigation Co., Ltd., 48 Chung King Road, South, Taipei, Taiwan.
 D. (6) \$5,000.

A. James Francis Reilly, 1625 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. Potomac Electric Power Co., 929 E Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$5,000. E. (9) \$555.

A. Reserve Officers Association of the U.S., 2517 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Retired Officers Association, 1616 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$48,628.08.

A. Retirement Federation of Civil Service Employees of the U.S. Government, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$14,083.16. E. (9) \$9,849.80.

A. James W. Richards, 1000 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. Standard Oil Co., 910 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
 D. (6) \$1,500. E. \$778.31.

A. Harry H. Richardson, 335 Austin Street, Bogalusa, La.
 B. Louisiana Railroads.
 D. (6) \$55.78. E. (9) \$131.36.

A. Leon D. Richeson, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. Division 689, Amalgamated Association of Street, Electric Railway and Motor Coach Employes of America, AFL-CIO, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. James W. Riddell, 731 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.
 B. American Industrial Bankers Association, 813 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

A. James W. Riddell, 731 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.
 B. C.I.T. Financial Corp., 650 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. James W. Riddell, 731 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.
 B. Entertainment Law Committee, 731 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

A. James W. Riddell, 731 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.
 B. The First National City Bank of New York, 55 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.

A. James W. Riddell, 731 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.
 B. State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Co., 112 East Washington Street, Bloomington, Ill.
 D. (6) \$1,140. E. (9) \$27.80.

A. Siert F. Riepna, Munsey Building, Washington, D.C.
 B. National Association of Margarine Manufacturers.

A. John J. Riggle, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$3,375.

A. George D. Riley, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$3,250. E. (9) \$521.80.

A. John J. Riley, 20th and E Streets NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. The Associated General Contractors of America, Inc., 20th and E Streets NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Hugo J. Ripp, 811 North 22d Street, Milwaukee, Wis.
 B. Brotherhood of Railway Clerks, 1015 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
 D. (6) \$100. E. (9) \$115.51.

A. William N. Roach, 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$3,000. E. (9) \$264.78.

A. Paul H. Robbins, 2029 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. National Society of Professional Engineers, 2029 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$250.

A. Adrian Roberts, Box 865, Benjamin Franklin Station, Washington D.C.
 E. (9) \$400.

A. Frank L. Roberts, 1700 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. Chrysler Corp., 341 Massachusetts Avenue, Detroit, Mich.
 D. (6) \$250. E. (9) \$100.

A. Charles A. Robinson, Jr., 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$59.40.

A. Donald L. Rogers, 730 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. Association of Registered Bank Holding Companies, 730 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$343.75.

A. Frank W. Rogers, Suite 605, 1700 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. Western Oil & Gas Association, 609 South Grand Avenue, Los Angeles, Calif.
 D. (6) \$4,550.

A. George B. Roscoe, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. National Electrical Contractors Association, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Maurice Rosenblatt, 229 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.
 B. National Counsel Associates, 229 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.
 D. (7) \$1,800.

A. Robert M. Ruddick, 210 Bender Building, Washington, D.C.
 B. United Air Lines, 5959 South Cicero Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

A. Albert R. Russell, 1918 North Parkway, Memphis, Tenn.
 B. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 9905, Memphis, Tenn.
 D. (6) \$2,892.51 E. (9) \$484.10.

A. M. O. Ryan, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. American Hotel Association, 221 West 57th Street, New York, N.Y.
 D. (6) \$500. E. (9) \$438.92.

A. William H. Ryan, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. District Lodge No. 44, International Association of Machinists, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$2,999.88. E. (9) \$60.

A. Robert A. Saltzstein, 508 Wyatt Building, Washington, D.C.
 B. The Associated Business Publications, 205 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.
 D. (6) \$2,500. E. (9) \$97.53.

A. Kimball Sanborn, 810 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
 B. Boston & Maine Railroad, Boston, Mass., and New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, New Haven, Conn.
 D. (6) \$434. E. (9) \$195.

A. L. R. Sanford, 21 West Street, New York, N.Y.
 B. Shipbuilders Council of America, 21 West Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Satterlee, Warfield & Stephens, 460 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.
 B. American Nurses' Association, 10 Columbus Circle, New York, N.Y.
 D. (6) \$400. E. (9) \$82.04.

A. O. H. Saunders, 1616 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. Retired Officers Association, 1616 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$1,950.

A. Fred J. Scanlan, 1303 New Hampshire Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. Fleet Reserve Association, 1303 New Hampshire Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$345.

A. Henry F. Schmidt, 77 Lincoln Street, Jersey City, N.J.
 B. Brotherhood of Railway Clerks, 1015 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
 D. (6) \$225. E. (9) \$176.97.

A. Schoene & Kramer, 1625 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. Railway Labor Executives' Association, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 E. (9) \$19.14.

A. Hilliard Schulberg, 211 Southern Building, Washington, D.C.
 B. Washington (D.C.) Retail Liquor Dealers Association, Inc., 211 Southern Building, Washington, D.C.

A. J. A. Schwab, 1223 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
 B. Pennsylvania Railroad Co., 6 Penn Center Plaza, Philadelphia, Pa.

A. Science Materials Center, Inc., 59 Fourth Avenue, New York, N.Y.
 E. (9) \$3,239.95.

A. Arthur E. Scribner, 210 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. National Limestone Institute, Inc., 210 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Seafarers' Section, MTD, 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$26,875. E. (9) \$18,270.28.

A. Durward Seals, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. United Fresh Fruit & Vegetable Association, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Harry See, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen.
 E. (9) \$25.25.

A. Clayton A. Seeber, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 B. Division of Legislation & Federal Relations of the National Education Association of the United States, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
 D. (6) \$213.75. E. (9) \$13.08.

A. Fred G. Seig, 944 Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Association of American Railroads, Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$69.75. E. (9) \$118.

A. Leo Seybold, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Air Transport Association of America, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$720. E. (9) \$55.20.

A. Alvin Shapiro, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Merchant Marine Institute, Inc., 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C., and 11 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$562.50. E. (9) \$63.65.

A. A. Manning Shaw, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Brown & Lund, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$471.50.

A. Leander I. Shelley, 608 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

B. American Association of Port Authorities, Inc., Washington, D.C., and Airport Operators Council, Inc., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$749.98. E. (9) \$453.93.

A. Bruce E. Shepherd, 488 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

B. Life Insurance Association of America, 488 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$150.

A. Laurence P. Sherfy, 1102 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$600.

A. Robert H. Shields, 920 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

B. United States Beet Sugar Association, 920 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$250.

A. Richard L. Shook, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. Magnavox Co., Fort Wayne, Ind.

E. (9) \$43.40.

A. Robert L. Shortle, 801 International Building, New Orleans, La.

B. Mississippi Valley Association, 1978 Railway Exchange Building, St. Louis, Mo.

A. Charles B. Shuman, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$625.

A. Silver Users Association, 1612 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$774.35.

A. Six Agency Committee, 909 South Broadway, Los Angeles, Calif.

D. (6) \$2,400. E. (9) \$4,942.28.

A. Harold S. Skinner, Post Office Box 2197, Houston, Tex.

B. Continental Oil Co., Post Office Box 2197, Houston, Tex.

A. Carstens Slack, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Phillips Petroleum Co., Bartlesville, Okla.

D. (6) \$300. E. (9) \$325.

A. Harold Slater, 1523 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$875. E. (9) \$51.06.

A. T. W. Smiley, 135 East 11th Place, Chicago, Ill.

B. Illinois Railroad Association, 135 East 11th Place, Chicago, Ill.

E. (9) \$213.87.

A. Carleton D. Smith, 1725 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Radio Corp. of America, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N.Y.

A. Dudley Smith, 732 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Association of Sugar Producers of Puerto Rico, 732 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Fred Smith & Co., Inc., 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

B. Edward Mallinckrodt, 16 Westmoreland Place, St. Louis, Mo.

D. (6) \$6,000.

A. Harold Arden Smith, 605 West Olympic Boulevard, Los Angeles, Calif.

B. Standard Oil Co. of California, 225 Bush Street, San Francisco, Calif.

D. (6) \$200. E. (9) \$240.

A. James R. Smith, 1060 Omaha National Bank Building, Omaha, Nebr.

B. Mississippi Valley Association, 1978 Railway Exchange Building, St. Louis, Mo.

A. Lloyd W. Smith, 416 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Co., 547 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill., and Great Northern Railway Co., 175 East Fourth Street, St. Paul, Minn.

D. (6) \$4,257.

A. M. Frederik Smith, 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

B. Council of Conservationists, Inc., 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Wallace M. Smith, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Mutual Insurance Alliance.

A. Wayne H. Smithey, 1200 Wyatt Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Ford Motor Co., Dearborn, Mich.

D. (6) \$1,922.50. E. (9) \$687.46.

A. Lyle O. Snader, 944 Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Association of American Railroads, Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$472.50. E. (9) \$224.27.

A. Edward F. Snyder, 245 Second Street NE., Washington, D.C.

B. Friends Committee on National Legislation, 245 Second Street NE., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,280.76.

A. Society for Animal Protective Legislation, 745 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$173. E. (9) \$1,724.12.

A. Charles B. Sonneborn, 210 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Limestone Institute, Inc., 210 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Marvin J. Sonosky, 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. J. Taylor Soop, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, 330 South Wells, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$585.

A. Southern States Industrial Council, 1103 Stahlman Building, Nashville, Tenn.

D. (6) \$18,767.06. E. (9) \$8,506.26.

A. William W. Spear, 214 National Bank Building, Fremont, Nebr.

B. Standard Oil Co., 910 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$900. E. (9) \$626.05.

A. John F. Speer, Jr., 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

B. International Association of Ice Cream Manufacturers.

A. Richard A. Squires, 1102 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$200.

A. Thomas G. Stack, 1104 West 104th Place, Chicago, Ill.

B. National R. R. Pension Forum, Inc., 1104 West 104th Place, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$1,800. E. (9) \$2,499.40.

A. Howard M. Starling, 837 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Association of Casualty and Surety Cos., 60 John Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$150. E. (9) \$7.50.

A. Mrs. C. A. L. Stephens, Post Office Box 6234 Northwest Station, Washington, D.C.

A. Russell M. Stephens, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Technical Engineers, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$240. E. (9) \$20.

A. Sterling F. Stoudenmire, Jr., 61 St. Joseph Street, Mobile, Ala.

B. Waterman Steamship Corp., 61 St. Joseph Street, Mobile, Ala.

D. (6) \$1,406.25.

A. O. R. Strackbein, 815 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,153.85.

A. O. R. Strackbein, 815 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$625.

A. O. R. Strackbein.

B. Nation-Wide Committee of Industry, Agriculture & Labor on Import-Export Policy, 815 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$6,250.

A. O. R. Strackbein, 815 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Texas Sugar Beet Growers Association, Hereford, Tex.

D. (6) \$1,045. E. (9) \$42.43.

A. William A. Stringfellow, 827 Investment Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Mutual Insurance Agents, 827 Investment Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Norman Strunk, 221 North La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. United States Savings & Loan League, 221 North La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$625.

A. Arthur Sturgis, Jr., 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Retail Federation, 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$280.

A. J. E. Sturrock, 607 Littlefield Building, Austin, Tex.

B. Texas Water Conservation Association, 607 Littlefield Building, Austin, Tex.

D. (6) \$2,100. E. (9) \$509.57.

A. J. Monroe Sullivan, 1625 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Pacific American Steamship Association, 16 California Street, San Francisco, Calif.
D. (6) \$893.75. E. (9) \$1,223.55.

A. Frank L. Sundstrom, 350 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.
B. Schenley Industries, Inc., 350 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Surrey, Karasik, Gould & Efron, 1116 Woodward Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Fluorspar Importers and Producers Institute, care of Warren J. Sinsheimer, 41 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Surrey, Karasik, Gould & Efron, 1116 Woodward Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Ronson Corp., 1 Ronson Road, Woodbridge, N.J.

A. Surrey, Karasik, Gould & Efron, 1116 Woodward Building, Washington, D.C.
B. South Puerto Rico Sugar Co., 99 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Noble J. Swearingen, 224 East Capitol Street, Washington, D.C.
B. National Tuberculosis Association, 1790 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$280. E. (9) \$83.20.

A. Charles P. Taft, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Legislative Committee of the Committee for a National Trade Policy, Inc., 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$75. E. (9) \$8.50.

A. Glenn J. Talbott.
B. The Farmers' Educational and Co-Operative Union of America, 1575 Sherman Street, Denver, Colo., and 1404 New York Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$273.55. E. (9) \$301.91.

A. Dwight D. Taylor, Jr., 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Airlines, Inc., 918 16th Street, NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Edward D. Taylor, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Office Equipment Manufacturers Institute, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. John T. Taylor, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 2300 Merchandise Mart, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) \$933.33. E. (9) \$9.73.

A. Texas Water Conservation Association, 607 Littlefield Building, Austin, Tex.
D. (6) \$10,985. E. (9) \$5,499.18.

A. Christy Thomas & Barry Sullivan, 536 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.
B. The National Association of River and Harbor Contractors, 15 Park Row, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$750. E. (9) \$133.91.

A. Christy Thomas & Barry Sullivan, 536 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Puget Sound Bridge & Dry Dock Co., 2929 16th Avenue SW., Seattle, Wash.

A. Oliver A. Thomas, 125 North Center Street, Reno, Nev.
B. Nevada Railroad Association, 125 North Center Street, Reno, Nev.

A. William B. Thompson, Jr., 944 Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Association of American Railroads, Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$332.83. E. (9) \$135.25.

A. Eugene M. Thore, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Life Insurance Association of America, 488 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$300. E. (9) \$3.52.

A. G. D. Tilghman, 1612 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$3,750.

A. William H. Tinney, 1223 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
B. The Pennsylvania Railroad Co., 6 Penn Center Plaza, Philadelphia, Pa.

A. M. S. Tisdale, 2355 Alameda Street, Vallejo, Calif.
B. Armed Services Committee, Chamber of Commerce of Vallejo, Calif.
D. (6) \$295. E. (9) \$164.18.

A. H. Willis Tobler, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Milk Producers Federation, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$300. E. (9) \$129.50.

A. John H. Todd, 1085 Shrine Building, Memphis, Tenn.
B. National Cotton Compress and Cotton Warehouse Association, 1085 Shrine Building, Memphis, Tenn.

A. F. Gerald Toye, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. General Electric Co., 570 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Trade Relations Council of the United States, Inc., 122 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Transportation Association of America, 1710 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Richard S. Tribbe, 1508 Merchants Bank Building, Indianapolis, Ind.
B. Associated Railways of Indiana, 1508 Merchants Bank Building, Indianapolis, Ind.

A. Matt Triggs, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 2300 Merchandise Mart, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) \$1,662.50. E. (9) \$59.88.

A. J. T. Trullinger, National Bank of Commerce Building, Olympia, Wash.
B. Mobil Oil Co., 612 South Flower Street, Los Angeles, Calif., et al.

A. Ernest Allen Tupper, 1420 New York Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Can Co., 100 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Harold J. Turner, Henry Building, Portland, Ore.
B. Spokane, Portland & Seattle Railway Co., Henry Building, Portland, Ore., et al.

A. John W. Turner, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, B. of L. E. Building, Cleveland, Ohio.

A. William S. Tyson, 821 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Local No. 30, Canal Zone Pilots Association, Post Office Box 601, Balboa, C.Z.
E. (9) \$97.06.

A. William S. Tyson, 821 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Western Range Association, 2438 Tulare Street, Fresno, Calif.
E. (9) \$71.

A. Lewis H. Ulman, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Telephone & Telegraph Co., 195 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$50.

A. Union Producing Co., 1525 Fairfield Avenue, Shreveport, La., and United Gas Pipe Line Co., 1525 Fairfield Avenue, Shreveport, La.
E. (9) \$830.37.

A. United American Veterans Commentator, 1129 Vermont Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. United Cerebral Palsy Associations, 321 West 44th Street, New York City.
E. (9) \$1,386.90.

A. United States Savings & Loan League, 221 North La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.
E. (9) \$8,957.21.

A. United States Trust Co. of New York, 45 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.
E. (9) \$59.15.

A. United World Federalists, Inc., 820 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$375. E. (9) \$697.22.

A. Thomas M. Venables, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Richard E. Vernor, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Life Convention, 230 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) \$80.

A. L. T. Vice, 1700 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Standard Oil Co. of California, 1700 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$60. E. (9) \$35.

A. R. K. Vinson, 1346 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Machinery Dealers National Association, 1346 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Carl M. Walker, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Milk Producers Federation, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$50. E. (9) \$180.

A. Leland M. Walker, 1729 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Federation of Federal Employees, 1729 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$2,884.65. E. (9) \$111.82.

A. Paul H. Walker, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Life Insurance Association of America, 488 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) \$67.50. E. (9) \$2.59.

A. Stephen M. Walter, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Association of Electric Companies, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$597.50. E. (9) \$40.42.

A. Washington Board of Trade, 1616 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Washington Home Rule Committee, Inc., 924 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) \$126.44. E. (9) \$1,072.48.

A. Jeremiah C. Waterman, 205 Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Southern Pacific Co., 205 Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.

A. J. R. Watson, I.C.R.R. Passenger Station, Jackson, Miss.
B. Mississippi Railroad Association, I.C. R.R. Passenger Station, Jackson, Miss.

A. Watters & Donovan, 161 William Street, New York City.

B. New York and New Jersey Dry Dock Association, 161 William Street, New York City.
D. (6) \$1,875.

A. Weaver & Glassie, 1225 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The Atlantic Refining Co., 260 South Broad Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
D. (6) \$500.

A. Weaver & Glassie, 1225 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Eastern Meat Packers Association, Inc., 740 11th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) \$1.22.

A. Weaver & Glassie, 1225 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The National Independent Meat Packers Association, 740 11th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$250. E. (9) \$44.42.

A. William H. Webb, La Salle Building, Washington, D.C.

B. The National Rivers and Harbors Congress, 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,490. E. (9) \$221.47.

A. E. E. Webster, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employees, 12050 Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

D. (6) \$2,301.92.

A. West Coast Inland Navigation District, Court House, Bradenton, Fla.

E. (9) \$401.08.

A. Wherry Housing Association, 1737 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$401.08.

A. Don White, Box 279, Fairfax, Va.

B. National Audio-Visual Association, Inc., Box 279, Fairfax, Va.

D. (6) \$3,750. E. (9) \$3,830.53.

A. John C. White, 838 Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$900. E. (9) \$55.25.

A. Marc A. White, 1707 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

A. Richard P. White, 835 Southern Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Association of Nurserymen, Inc., 835 Southern Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$37.50. E. (9) \$109.64.

A. H. Leigh Whitelaw, 734 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Gas Appliance Manufacturers Association, Inc., 60 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Scott C. Whitney, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Airlines, Inc., 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,000. E. (9) \$700.

A. Louis E. Whyte, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Independent Natural Gas Association of America, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Franz O. Willenbucher, 1616 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Retired Officers Association, 1616 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,000.

A. Harding deC. Williams, 1300 Connecticut Avenue, NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Real Estate Boards, 36 South Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill., and 1300 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,417. E. (9) \$2.

A. John C. Williamson, 1300 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Real Estate Boards, 36 South Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill., and 1300 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,700. E. (9) \$369.10.

A. Clark L. Wilson, 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Emergency Lead-Zinc Committee.

D. (6) \$1,000. E. (9) \$1,694.89.

A. E. Raymond Wilson, 245 Second Street NE., Washington, D.C.

B. Friends Committee on National Legislation, 245 Second Street NE., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,369.23.

A. Everett B. Wilson, Jr., 732 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Association of Sugar Producers of Puerto Rico, 732 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

A. W. E. Wilson, 1525 Fairfield Avenue, Shreveport, La.

B. Union Producing Company, 1525 Fairfield Avenue, Shreveport, La., and United Gas Pipe Line Co., 1525 Fairfield Avenue, Shreveport, La.

D. (6) \$600. E. (9) \$230.37.

A. W. F. Wimberly, Post Office Box 4147, Atlanta, Ga.

B. The Pure Oil Co., 35 East Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.

A. Everett T. Winter, 1978 Railway Exchange Building, St. Louis, Mo.

B. Mississippi Valley Association, 1978 Railway Exchange Building, St. Louis, Mo.

A. Theodore Wiprud, 1718 M Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Medical Society of the District of Columbia, 1718 M Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Wood, King, Dawson & Logan, 48 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.

B. Committee for Broadening Commercial Bank Participation in Public Financing, 50 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

A. Edward W. Wootton, 1100 National Press Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Wine Institute, 717 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.

A. Donald A. Young, 1615 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Chamber of Commerce of the U.S.A.

A. J. Banks Young, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 9905, Memphis, Tenn.

D. (6) \$1,050. E. (9) \$154.24.

A. Gordon K. Zimmerman, Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Soil Conservation Districts, League City, Tex.

A. Zimring, Gromfine & Sternstein, 1001 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C., and 11 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

REGISTRATIONS

The following registrations were submitted for the third calendar quarter 1960:

(NOTE.—The form used for registration is reproduced below. In the interest of economy in the RECORD, questions are not repeated, only the essential answers are printed, and are indicated by their respective letter and number.)

FILE TWO COPIES WITH THE SECRETARY OF THE SENATE AND FILE THREE COPIES WITH THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:

This page (page 1) is designed to supply identifying data; and page 2 (on the back of this page) deals with financial data.

PLACE AN "X" BELOW THE APPROPRIATE LETTER OR FIGURE IN THE BOX AT THE RIGHT OF THE "REPORT" HEADING BELOW:

"PRELIMINARY" REPORT ("Registration"): To "register," place an "X" below the letter "P" and fill out page 1 only.

"QUARTERLY" REPORT: To indicate which one of the four calendar quarters is covered by this Report, place an "X" below the appropriate figure. Fill out both page 1 and page 2 and as many additional pages as may be required. The first additional page should be numbered as page "3," and the rest of such pages should be "4," "5," "6," etc. Preparation and filing in accordance with instructions will accomplish compliance with all quarterly reporting requirements of the Act.

Year: 19-----

REPORT

PURSUANT TO FEDERAL REGULATION OF LOBBYING ACT

P	QUARTER			
	1st	2d	3d	4th

(Mark one square only)

NOTE ON ITEM "A".—(a) IN GENERAL. This "Report" form may be used by either an organization or an individual, as follows:

- (i) "Employee".—To file as an "employee," state (in Item "B") the name, address, and nature of business of the "employer". (If the "employee" is a firm [such as a law firm or public relations firm], partners and salaried staff members of such firm may join in filing a Report as an "employee".)
- (ii) "Employer".—To file as an "employer," write "None" in answer to Item "B".
- (b) SEPARATE REPORTS. An agent or employee should not attempt to combine his Report with the employer's Report:
 - (i) Employers subject to the Act must file separate Reports and are not relieved of this requirement merely because Reports are filed by their agents or employees.
 - (ii) Employees subject to the Act must file separate Reports and are not relieved of this requirement merely because Reports are filed by their employers.

A. ORGANIZATION OR INDIVIDUAL FILING:

1. State name, address, and nature of business.

2. If this Report is for an Employer, list names or agents or employees who will file Reports for this Quarter.

NOTE ON ITEM "B".—Reports by Agents or Employees. An employee is to file, each quarter, as many Reports as he has employers, except that: (a) If a particular undertaking is jointly financed by a group of employers, the group is to be considered as one employer, but all members of the group are to be named, and the contribution of each member is to be specified; (b) if the work is done in the interest of one person but payment therefor is made by another, a single Report—naming both persons as "employers"—is to be filed each quarter.

B. EMPLOYER.—State name, address, and nature of business. If there is no employer, write "None."

NOTE ON ITEM "C".—(a) The expression "in connection with legislative interests," as used in this Report, means "in connection with attempting, directly or indirectly, to influence the passage or defeat of legislation." "The term 'legislation' means bills, resolutions, amendments, nominations, and other matters pending or proposed in either House of Congress, and includes any other matter which may be the subject of action by either House"—§ 302(e).

(b) Before undertaking any activities in connection with legislative interests, organizations and individuals subject to the Lobbying Act are required to file a "Preliminary" Report (Registration).

(c) After beginning such activities, they must file a "Quarterly" Report at the end of each calendar quarter in which they have either received or expended anything of value in connection with legislative interests.

C. LEGISLATIVE INTERESTS, AND PUBLICATIONS in connection therewith:

1. State approximately how long legislative interests are to continue. If receipts and expenditures in connection with legislative interests have terminated,

☐ place an "X" in the box at the left, so that this Office will no longer expect to receive Reports.

2. State the general legislative interests of the person filing and set forth the *specific* legislative interests by reciting: (a) Short titles of statutes and bills; (b) House and Senate numbers of bills, where known; (c) citations of statutes, where known; (d) whether for or against such statutes and bills.

3. In the case of those publications which the person filing has caused to be issued or distributed in connection with legislative interests, set forth: (a) Description, (b) quantity distributed; (c) date of distribution, (d) name of printer or publisher (if publications were paid for by person filing) or name of donor (if publications were received as a gift).

(Answer items 1, 2, and 3 in the space below. Attach additional pages if more space is needed)

4. If this is a "Preliminary" Report (Registration) rather than a "Quarterly" Report, state below what the nature and amount of anticipated expenses will be; and if for an agent or employee, state also what the daily, monthly, or annual rate of compensation is to be. If this is a "Quarterly" Report, disregard this item "C4" and fill out item "D" and "E" on the back of this page. Do not attempt to combine a "Preliminary" Report (Registration) with a "Quarterly" Report.◀

AFFIDAVIT

[Omitted in printing]

PAGE 1◀

A. W. B. Ardery, Washington, D.C.
B. General Motors Corp., 3044 West Grand Boulevard, Detroit, Mich.

A. A. V. Atkinson, 1925 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Communications Workers of America.

A. Charles N. Brady, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Automobile Association, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Florence I. Broadwell, 1729 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Federation of Federal Employees, 1729 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Brookhart, Becker & Dorsey, 1700 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Philadelphia Freight Brokers, Forwarders & Custom Brokers Association, Inc., Post Office Box 807, Philadelphia, Pa.

A. Leonard J. Calhoun, Washington Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Avon Products, Inc., 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N.Y.

A. Hal M. Christensen, 222 East Superior Street, Chicago, Ill.
B. American Dental Association, 222 East Superior Street, Chicago, Ill.

A. Committee for Effective Use of the International Court by Repealing the Self-Judging Reservation, 36 West 44th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Committee to Support U.S. Congress, 18 Laurel Avenue, Old Bridge, N.J.

A. Charles L. Cusumano, 42 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
B. Casimiro Giurici, 90 East 141st Street, Bronx, N.Y.

A. R. E. Davenport, Jr., Farmville, N.C.

A. Michael B. Deane, 1700 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Comision de Defensa del Azucar y Fomento de la Cana, 1825 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Michael B. Deane, 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Independent Airlines Association, 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Philip M. DeVany, 639 Woodward Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Fine Hardwoods Association, 666 Lake Shore Drive, Chicago, Ill.

A. Myron G. Ehrlich, 401 Third Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Marjory Hendricks, 2700 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. George R. Frankovich, Sheraton-Biltmore Hotel, Providence, R.I.
B. Manufacturing Jewelers & Silversmiths of America, Inc., Sheraton-Biltmore Hotel, Providence, R.I.

A. Cornelius R. Gray, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Automobile Association, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Hollabaugh & Jacobs, 725 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Government Patent Policy Study Committee, Munsey Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Manufacturing Jewelers & Silversmiths of America, Inc., Sheraton-Biltmore Hotel, Providence, R.I.

A. Mehler, Goldsborough & Ives, 2000 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Ferro Corp., Glostex Chemicals, Inc., O. Hommel Co., and Pemco Corp.

A. Pehle, Lesser, Mann, Riemer & Luxford, 1210 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. El Salvador Fishermen's Association, San Salvador, El Salvador.

A. Louis H. Renfrow, Solar Building, Washington, D.C.
B. National Coal Policy Conference, Inc., Solar Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Warren S. Richardson, 1319 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Lumber Manufacturers Association, 1319 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Barbara Roads, 470 Palos Verdes Boulevard, Redondo Beach, Calif.
B. Air Line Stewards & Stewardesses Association, 316 West Randolph Street, Chicago, Ill.

A. Richard L. Shook, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.
B. Magnavox Co., Fort Wayne, Ind.

A. Carleton D. Smith, 1725 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Radio Corp. of America, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N.Y.

A. Spring-Air Co., 666 North Lake Shore Drive, Chicago, Ill.

A. John S. Stump, Post Office Box 1101, Alexandria, Va.
B. R. E. Davenport, Jr., Farmville, N.C.

A. Surrey, Karask, Gould & Efron, 1116 Woodward Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Scott C. Whitney, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Airlines, Inc., 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

EXTENSIONS OF REMARKS

The Role of Local Government in Relation to the Needs of State and Federal Governments

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

OF

HON. JAMES E. VAN ZANDT

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, January 6, 1961

Mr. VAN ZANDT. Mr. Speaker, on October 6, 1960, the State College (Pa.) Chamber of Commerce through its legislative affairs committee sponsored a symposium at which time the role of local government in relation to the needs of State and Federal Governments was discussed.

It was my privilege to deliver the following address in connection with the program:

THE ROLE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT IN RELATION TO THE NEEDS OF STATE AND FEDERAL GOVERNMENTS

(Address by Representative JAMES E. VAN ZANDT, Member of Congress of the 20th District of Pennsylvania)

The general principle of local government is basic to our freedom.

The varying forms of local government stem from the beginning of American history—and from the traditions of Anglo-

Saxon-Viking and other northern European peoples.

Such devices as the town meeting bear a strong resemblance to the public meetings by which much public business was conducted in the government of the ancient Greek city-states.

Though the government of such states was usually truly national government—because it was independent of any higher governmental authority—yet it was truly local government in its form, and also in the narrow extent of territory and restricted number of people to which it applied.

Boards of aldermen, selectmen, county supervisors, and the like constitute a form of government whose origin is lost in the mists of antiquity.

Such governments differ from the government of separated powers—as we know it in our State and National Governments—in that they often combine in one board or council the legislative and executive powers.

Here, in the more intimate departments of government, where each legislator-official is, or should be, well known to the neighbors whose affairs he is empowered to regulate, the traditional reliance has been not on formal and structural safeguards but on direct contact consultation and the frequently recurring opportunity to vote out the incumbents and vote in new men.

Actually, no theoretical structural safeguard built out of philosophical concepts of government could equal the simple down-to-earth safeguards, which we can easily have in local matters, of knowing the territory, knowing the officials, and keeping a watchful eye upon their operations.

Local government deals with the tangible and visible surroundings of our homes and businesses.

As Thomas Jefferson said commenting in his autobiography on this tendency toward impracticality in big government:

"Were we directed from Washington when to sow and when to reap we should soon want bread."

Abraham Lincoln wrote in his famous "Fragment on Government" on July 1, 1854:

"The legitimate object of government is to do for a community of people whatever they need to have done, but cannot do at all or cannot so well do for themselves in their separate and individual capacities.

"In all that the people can individually do as well for themselves, government ought not to interfere."

This, as well as Jefferson's remarks, represents sound American traditions in political thinking.

I believe it is consistent with Lincoln's thought that we keep governmental action to the necessary minimum and that this includes submitting every public problem to the smallest simplest, most local sort of government that seems able to handle it with efficiency and economy.

This basic thought common to both Lincoln and Jefferson is further amplified in Jefferson's autobiography:

"It is not by the consolidation or concentration of powers but by their distribution that good government is effected.

"Were not this great country already divided into States that division must be made, that each might do for itself what concerns